The Los Angeles Times

In Two Parts: 18 Pages.

XXTH YEAR. | PER WEEK....20 CENTS PER MONTH....75 CENTS | $9 A YEAR. | FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 29. 1901. | ON ALL NEWS STANDS TRAINS AND STREETS | 5 CENTS

THEATERS—
With Dates of Events.

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER—OLIVER MOROSCO, Lessee and Manager.
Packed to the Roof—Breathing-room Only!
1000 People Turned Away Last Night
RUSSELL AND DREW'S GREAT PRODUCTION
"Roanoke"
A BEAUTIFUL STORY OF OLD VIRGINIA.
TONIGHT, TOMORROW AFTERNOON AND NIGHT—LAST PERFORMANCES
IF YOU HAVE NOT SEEN THE SHOW GET YOUR SEATS QUICK OR YOU WILL SURELY GET LEFT. Usual Prices 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.
Next Week—"THE QUEEN OF HAYTI"

ORPHEUM—Crowds! Crowds! Crowds! Join 'em and be Fashionable!
The Girl With the Auburn Hair!
FRAZER TROUPE of Dancers. FRED NIBLO, Cleverest of Entertainers. JOS. ADELMAN, King of Xylophone Players. THE ONLLAW TRIO. BURTON'S LEAPING DOGS. THE LOCKOS, Expert Bag Punchers. Biograph, New Pictures.
PRICES—Evening, best seats, 25c and 50c; gallery, 10c; box seats, 75c. MATINEES—Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, any seat, 25c; Children, 10c. Phone Main 1447.
Next Week—LILLIAN BURKHART AND COMPANY

LOS ANGELES THEATER—H. C. WYATT, Lessee and Manager.
Tonight, Saturday Matinee and Evening.
The Great New York Laughing Success. Mirth-Rousing Whizbang
"The Girl From Maxim's"
The Smallest Girl That Ever Wished Across the Footlights. Seats now on Sale.
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50. Matinee Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Tel. Main 70.

AMUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—
With Dates of Events.

CHUTES PARK—WASHINGTON GARDENS. Main and Washington Streets. Take Main-Street Cars . . . .
NEW A MAGNIFICENT 1000-POUND SEAL.
SEE NOVEL AND ENTERTAINING FEATURES.
THE CABARET DE LA MORT.
SATURDAY NIGHT—"COONTOWN 400."
Sunday Afternoon—Band Concert—Catalina Band.
SPLENDID MUSIC. 2000 ELECTRIC LIGHTS. 100 NOVELTIES. FAIRYLAND, INDEED.
Admission to Grounds, 10 Cents. Children, 5 Cents. Tel. Private Exchange 301.

BLANCHARD HALL—SATURDAY MATINEE ONLY Nov. 30 at 3 p.m.
By Special Arrangement a Lecture Recital Will Be Given by
Edward Baxter Perry THE PHENOMENAL BLIND PIANIST.
Programme embraces Beethoven, Liszt and Chopin and analysis. Mr. Perry's lecture recitals are the most popular events during the Eastern musical season, and should be patronized here by every student and music lover.
Popular Matinee Prices—25c and 50c. Direction Blanchard & Venter.

OSTRICH FARM—South Pasadena—
THE ORIGINAL AMERICAN OSTRICH FARM.
One Hundred Gigantic Birds of All Ages.
The best and largest stock of ostrich feather goods for sale at producer's prices. We deliver free to all parts of the United States. Edwin Cawston, Prop.
Beautiful catalogue mailed for 2-cent stamp.

FIESTA PARK—Football! Football!
Reserved seats at reserve for the game, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, at Fiesta Park, between Perris Indians and Stanford, are on sale this morning at Stoppel's Music Store and the Tally-Ho Auto Co.

"B" CURIO STORE, Cor. 4th and Main Sts. Mabery's Free Museum, opposite Van Nuys and Westminster Hotels. Visitors should not neglect the privilege.

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—A Grand Resort!
3¼ Hours From Los Angeles. Wonderful
SUBMARINE FOREST.
Present schedule allows 3½ hours on Island on Saturdays and Sundays, and 7 hours every other day.
Attractions not possible at other resorts. The most famous fishing grounds in the world. The best golf links. Aquarium containing hundreds of living wonders of the deep. Bathing and fishing over nature's most WONDERFUL MARINE GARDENS. Glass bottom steamer. Dancing pavilion. Tobogganing. Mineral waters. Wonderful glass-bottom boats. HOTEL METROPOLE always open. Fare, Round Trip from Los Angeles, Excursion, $2.50; Regular, $3.75.
The Company reserves the right to change steamers and time of sailing without notice. Phone Main 34 on day before sailing for any change in steamer.
BANNING COMPANY, 222 South Spring St.

Steamer Connection at San Pedro Wharves.
TRAINS LEAVE LOS ANGELES
Southern Pacific Co. — Arcade Depot
Salt Lake Route — First Street Depot
DAILY.
9:05 a.m. — 2:50 p.m.
Boat arrives Avalon between 12 and 1 p.m. Leaves Avalon 3 p.m. on Saturday and Sundays and 1:15 p.m. on other days.

SAN FRANCISCO—by the "Fast Line"—24 Hours
$10.50, first-class; $7.50, second-class, including berth and meals; by Pacific Coast Steamship Co.'s Fast and Elegant Express Steamships SANTA ROSA and STATE OF CALIFORNIA, 2500 tons. Leave REDONDO Wednesdays and Saturdays, 7 a.m.; PORT LOS ANGELES Wednesdays and Saturdays, 11 a.m. For SAN DIEGO—Leave PORT LOS ANGELES Mondays and Thursdays, 4 p.m.; leave REDONDO Mondays and Thursdays, 9 p.m. For SAN FRANCISCO and way ports, Steamship CORONA—Leave SAN PEDRO Mondays, 6:30 p.m.
Ticket Office: 228 SOUTH SPRING ST. Tel. Main 41. W. PARRIS, Agent.

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY—"SPRECKELS LINE."
AUSTRALIA, Nov. 9th, for TAHITI direct. SIERRA, Dec. 9th, for HONOLULU, SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA. ALAMEDA sails Dec. 16th for HONOLULU ONLY. For literature and particulars apply to 643 Market St., San Francisco, or to HUGH B. RICE, Agent, 750 S. Spring St., Los Angeles. Tel. M. 324.

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—

SANATORIUM—
Is from sanare, to heal, while sanitarium is from sanitas, health. Sanitarium is usually employed to designate a place considered simply as especially healthy, a favorite resort for convalescent patients. Sanatorium is now generally given the preference for establishments where people go to be cured. For particulars in regard to the
IDYLLWILD SANATORIUM
Call or write California Health Resort Co., 1434 South Hope St., Los Angeles.

HOTEL HEMET—The Ideal Winter Resort—
Highest point on Southern California Railway. A mountain-sheltered valley. Elevation 1600 feet. Every comfort and convenience. Electric lights. Long-distance Telephone. Good service. Beautiful grounds. Scenic drives. Golf course and many other amusements. Trips to Lake Hemet and the Dam. Efficacious hot springs near by. Take Hemet Stage Line to Idyllwild Sanatorium. Shortest route; best equipment; quickest time. Fine livery—saddle horses and family equipages. Thirty-day round-trip tickets from principal points, on sale Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Los Angeles rate $6.00. For information address HOTEL HEMET, HEMET, CALIFORNIA. Los Angeles office, 607 West Third Street.

BEAUTIFUL LOMA LINDA—WHERE HEALTH AND PLEASURE ARE TWINS.
On the main Sante Fe R. R. near Redlands. An elegant health hotel for the pleasure seeker, overworked business man, the nervous person and the invalid. Evening amusements, charming drives, glorious mountains, verdant plains, clear air and tempered breezes. HERE ARE ALL THE CONDITIONS FOR REST AND RECOVERY.
For information address the Loma Linda Association, Loma Linda, Cal., or 1319 S. Grand ave., Los Angeles. Tel. West 76 or "Loma Linda."

NATICK HOUSE—Corner First and Main.
HART BROS., Props.
"The Popular Hotel," remodeled, 75 additional rooms, all newly furnished. Everything strictly first-class. Elevator. American plan, $1.25 to $3.00; latter includes suites with private baths. European plan, 50 cents up.

CARBONS—"Every Picture a work of Art."
17—MEDALS—17
Visitors should not miss the opportunity to have Photographs taken under the most favorable conditions of atmosphere in the world.
STUDIO 130½ S. SPRING ST., Opp. Hollenbeck.

DECORATING AND GARDENING—
Get prices of Diamond Hill Nursery, 651 S. Boyle ave., M. E. E. Kettel, Mgr. Tel. Boyle 19.

BUSY ON CANAL MATTERS.

Merry in Daily Conference With Nicaraguan Minister of Foreign Affairs in Regard to Great Undertaking.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

MANAGUA (Nicaragua) Nov. 28.—[By Panama Cable.] William L. Merry, United States Minister to Nicaragua, Salvador and Costa Rica, is in daily conference here with Dr. Fernando Sanchez, the Nicaraguan Minister of Foreign Affairs, concerning the matter of the construction of the Nicaragua Canal, and the terms under which the understanding shall be carried out. A new commercial treaty between the United States and Nicaragua is also under discussion.

Merry expects to leave here December 3 for Costa Rica.

FIFTEEN PRISONERS DROWNED.

VICTORIA (B. C.) Nov. 28.—News of the foundering of a launch at Noumea, causing the drowning of fifteen prisoners, was received by the steamer Miowera. The steamer St. Pierre had arrived from the Isle of Pines with thirty-four prisoners, including three women, and the launch went out to tender the steamer. It was too small, and, being overcrowded, capsized, and all on board were thrown into the water.

WASHINGTON.

DIGGING UNDER IT.

Railroads are Foes of the Canal.

Secret Hostility is not Yet Wiped Out.

Panama Influence also Taken into Consideration.

President Congratulates the Sultan on His Birthday—Thanksgiving Dinner.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Ask any Senator or Representative what the coming Congress will do, and he will probably begin his reply: "Oh, I suppose we will pass the Nicaragua Canal Bill."

Representative Hepburn of Iowa, chairman of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, will introduce the bill passed by the House last session, providing for a canal over the Nicaragua route. This bill got no further than the Senate's calendar before the Fifty-sixth Congress died. It will be revised slightly, but still will provide for a canal 35 feet deep and 150 feet wide.

The President will strongly recommend the building of a canal. A new Hay-Pauncefote treaty has been negotiated and signed, and is ready for presentation to the Senate. That treaty abrogates the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and leaves this country free to construct a canal as it may choose. To a casual observer, all impediments seem to have been swept aside. Still, there is nothing to show that the transcontinental railroads have ceased their opposition. These forces, through their secret agencies, have been able heretofore to hold up any canal bill. The statement, generally made, that they have ceased their opposition has no foundation in fact, from what can be observed here.

In addition, the Panama Canal Company's influence is to be considered. M. Hutin some time ago abandoned hope of getting anything from the commission. It would not be surprising if the railroads should combine with the Panama people to block ratification of the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty, to hinder the passing of a canal bill and to induce Nicaragua and Costa Rica to demand unreasonable concessions and place heavy restrictions on the work. If the railroads really have drawn out, the fight by the Panama people will not have much weight.

The work of constructing the canal can be begun at any time. The surveys are complete. All that is needed is the authority of Congress and the negotiating of the necessary treaties with Nicaragua and Costa Rica. The bill, it is expected, will make a continuing appropriation, and will empower the President to appoint a permanent commission to conduct the work.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

PRESIDENT TAKES A WALK.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Thanksgiving Day passed very quietly at the White House. There were no official callers. The President came early to the office, before the employés were there, and finding nothing to engage his attention, he started off for a walk.

Although there was a snappy northwest wind blowing, and this was the first day of real winter, with a slight fall of snow on the ground, the President wore no overcoat, but, clad in a closely-buttoned box coat and wholly unattended, he walked across Lafayette Square and up Connecticut avenue to the home of Secretary Root. Interrupting the latter at his morning work, the President carried him off, and the two went out into the suburbs for a constitutional.

WHITE HOUSE DINNER.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt had a large party of friends at their Thanksgiving dinner at the White House tonight. The guests included Senator and Mrs. Lodge, Commander and Mrs. Cowles and half a dozen others, the party spending the evening at the White House.

CONGRATULATES THE SULTAN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Having received official notice from the Turkish Minister at Washington that yesterday was the anniversary of the birthday of the Sultan, the President sent that monarch a personal telegram of congratulation. This was in return for a similar compliment paid him by the Sultan on the occasion of his birthday last month.

The custom of exchanging congratulatory messages of this kind was begun a great many years ago, and is faithfully observed by most of the rulers of European governments. The late Queen Victoria always kept informed with respect to the birthdays of American Presidents, and never failed to send a personal telegram of congratulation, and the compliment was always reciprocated on the anniversaries of her birth.

CAPE NOME SUFFERERS.

GOVERNMENT INTERESTED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The report that about one hundred and fifteen miners from Cape Nome are in serious straits at Unalaska, Alaska, as the result of the stranding of the schooner Ralph J. Long, is being investigated by the Treasury Department with a view to their relief, if the necessity exists.

Capt. Shoemaker, chief of the revenue-cutter service, today telegraphed instructions to an official at San Francisco to investigate the story, and if the miners are in distress, a revenue cutter, probably the McCulloch, will be ordered to Unalaska. The cutter will bring back the stranded miners or escort the schooner to port in case the latter is able to sail.

HONORED BY CHINESE.

TRIBUTE TO LATE PRESIDENT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The State Department has received a report from the Consul-General at Shanghai, stating that the guilds of silk, tea and cotton piece-goods dealers have contributed of their own initiative to a fund to erect a monument in Shanghai to the late President McKinley, and announce that they are doing this to show their appreciation of the man, and of his attitude toward China. It is said that never before has such action been taken by the Chinese people on behalf of any but a Chinese person.

Revising Presbyterian Creed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—A section of the Committee of Twenty appointed to revise the creed of the Presbyterian church met here today, and began the preliminary work in the preparation of a new statement of the doctrine of the church, but there was no conclusion nor action reached on any phase of the question. The section will meet again tomorrow.

News Under to The Times This Morning

Part I.

1. Colombian Rebels to Surrender. Details of Wabash Wreck. Opposition to Canal.
2. Great Britain's Demands Weakening Transport Wright Wrecked.
3. Sheriff Sent After Dix.
4. Secretary Root's Report.
5. Young Corbett defeats McGovern.
6. Weather Report. Liners: Classified Advertising.
7. Exciting Baseball Games.
8. Editorial Page: Paragraphs.
9. Calvé Adopts Little Songbird.
10. Thanksgiving Services at Churches.
12. City in Brief: Paragraphettes. Home News and Local Business.

Part II.

1. Football and Horse Racing.
2. Hungry Thousand Eat Turkey.
3. Financial and Commercial.
4. Our Neighboring Counties.
5. Los Angeles County: Its Towns.
6. Farm, Orchard, Fireside and Rancho

CLASSIFIED NEWS SYNOPSIS.

THE CITY. Jimgray boycotting gang collides with police and brutal sign-carrier is nabbed—No San Francisco nonsense goes here....Greatest Thanksgiving outpouring in city's history in the churches....Thousand hungry poor enjoy free turkey dinner. Calvé adopts Edna Darch and leaves. Stanford footballists defeat All-Southern California, 12 to 0....Society and good races at Driving Club's matinée.....Despondent unfortunate from Iowa commits suicide....Looloos and Dutch get one each of most exciting ball games ever played here—Police called to protect umpire....Fire laddies nicely banqueted....Winter golf season opened with big tournament....County Sunday-school Association convenes....Actor feud breaks out again and victim is in hospital. Ching Wing's "Clismas" feast....Y.M.C.A. reception....Boyle Heights Methodist Church dedication soon....Fools get rope to lynch a motorman....Unlucky Foster of Downey comes to see the Sheriff.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. Pasadena painter's injuries prove fatal. Old Glory hoisted over new Avalon schoolhouse....Thanksgiving wedding at Santa Ana....Fullerton Republicans lining up for Senator Flint....Patriotic Thanksgiving sermon at Covina. Quiet Thanksgiving at Riverside. Santa Barbara the Masons' Mecca. Another elopement from Santa Maria. San Diego Harbor fortified.

COAST. Sheriff sent for Dix....Four Chinamen shot in San Francisco. Long-lost vein of Cedar Mountain coal mine located....Rainfall in State. Domestic trouble causes suicide. Jamestown lumber yard burned....Spokane postoffice robbed....Investigating a stabbing affray.

WASHINGTON. Secretary Root's report....The President's Thanksgiving. No credence given to reports from Salonika.

EASTERN. Engineer Strong to blame for Wabash wreck....Bodies burned to ashes....Great activity in iron and steel continues....Costly blaze in New York....Financial distress of Costa Rica increasing....Juror in Ballist case asphyxiated.

THE PHILIPPINES. Transport Wright wrecked....Lieut.-Col. Guiterres hanged....Gov. Taft to return home.

FOREIGN. Fate of captives remains in doubt....Hutton appointed military commander in Australia....Where Britain falls behind America....Australians indignant at treatment of their troops....Great Britain's demands weakening....Rumors of possible intervention....Court of arbitration's reply to Boers....Mrs. Bebhardt marries Henry Clews.

SPORTS. McGovern defeated in two rounds by Young Corbett.....Sharkey wants to fight Jeffries....Fitz not anxious for another go with champion. Bennings summary....Football games in many cities....Marksmen make record scores....Walcott defeats Young Peter Jackson....Jeffries leaves Fresno for this city....Ferns get the decision.

COLOMBIA.

ROUT NOT DECISIVE.

Alban Rallies His Men Rapidly.

Liberals Lose a Battle at Buena Vista.

Conference at Colon May Lead to Their Surrender.

Government Forces Checked on First Approach—Many Unreliable Reports.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

COLON (Colombia) Nov. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] In a fight at Buena Vista today, the Liberals lost the position.

Capt. Perry of the American battleship Iowa and Gen. Alban, leader of the government troops, have arrived here in an armored train. They, with the captains of the American, English and French warships, and the Liberal chiefs held a conference at the railroad office. Subsequently the conferees adjourned to the gunboat Marietta, where it was agreed that the Liberal forces between Colon and Bohia should surrender with their arms, their life and liberty being guaranteed by the government.

A railroad train was stopped on the line last evening, in order that the killed and wounded might be removed from the track. American marines assisted in carrying the bodies.

The Colombian gunboat Gen. Pinzon returned to Colon today towing a prize schooner, the Maria Christina. It is reported that Porto Bello was much damaged by the bombardment.

The American gunboats here, the Machias and Marietta, will land a large force here when the town is in danger. The British cruiser Tribune will land 100 men at the same time to prevent pillaging.

RETREAT TOWARD FRIJOLES.

REGULARS HAD LUCK.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

COLON, Nov. 28.—[By Central American Cable.] The government forces, 300 strong, under Gen. Alban, on appearing at Buena Vista, Wednesday afternoon, opened fire on the Liberal forces under Col. Barrera. The latter were not entrenched, but having the choice of ground, occupied the top of a small hill at Buena Vista. The fighting, which was of the most savage nature, lasted until 5:30 o'clock p.m., without stopping, when the government forces, owing to the great loss they had sustained, were compelled to give way, and retreated toward Frijoles.

Over a hundred men were killed or wounded, the bodies lying all along the railroad. A train, on reaching Buena Vista, was unable to pass, owing to a pile of corpses blocking its passage. About twenty wounded men were taken to Panama on the evening train. The Liberal loss was insignificant. It is said to be less than a dozen men.

The Liberals at Colon are jubilant owing to the fact that Gen. Alban's forward march has been stopped, coupled with reasonable hopes that Gen. Domingo Diaz, with the reinforcements of Liberals from Chorrera, will soon arrive on the scene of action and attack Gen. Alban in the rear. This has changed the aspect of affairs at Panama. Reinforcements of government troops in small batches have been joining Gen. Alban continually. This is the anniversary of the independence of the Isthmus and has always been a holiday at both ends of the railroad line, but now all is deep sorrow, and gloomy forebodings occupy every mind, for many a crimson spot between Colon and Panama mark the place where a brave man has fallen.

The leading merchants of Colon called on the United States and British consuls Tuesday to ascertain what steps were to be taken to protect the town from possible violence should the state of affairs become more critical. They were assured that marines from the warships would, in case of necessity, be landed to protect life and property.

EXCITEMENT IN COLON.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

COLON, Nov. 28.—Today's train from Panama had not arrived at the time of the filing of this dispatch. The railroad telegraph line, which was cut yesterday evening, has been restored. It is rumored that the government troops are driving the Liberals toward Colon. The marines of the United States gunboat Machias are out in front of the railroad station. Great excitement prevails here. The Colombian gunboat Gen. Pinzon has anchored on the other side of Colon Harbor. She is reported to be landing troops at Kenney's Bluff.

ARRIVAL OF ALBANS.

CONFERENCE AT COLON.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

COLON, Nov. 28, 1:20 p.m.—[By Central American Cable.] Gens. Alban and Jeffries have arrived here, and were received at the railroad station by the guards of the United States gunboat Machias and the British second-class cruiser Tribune. The government commanders have doubtless come here to arrange terms for discontinuing the struggle.

CONFERENCE WAS SECRET.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

COLON, Nov. 28.—The conference between the Liberal and Conservative representatives and the officers commanding the foreign warships here was held on board the United States gunboat Marietta in the harbor.

The commanding officers of the Marietta, of the British cruiser Tribune and of the French cruiser Suchet and Lieutenant-Commander McCrea of the Machias and Capt. Perry of the Iowa were present, as were Gens. Alban and Jeffries, representing the government of Colombia, and Señor De la Rosa, secretary to Gen. Domingo Diaz, who represented the Liberal party of Colombia.

No information of the result of this conference has been made public, and none of the details of the understanding has leaked out. It can be said upon the best authority, however, that the Liberals will surrender Colon tomorrow to the government authorities.

United States marines guard Colon tonight. Many unreliable statements concerning the terms of surrender are current on shore, but the only men informed in this regard refuse to answer questions. Colon is quiet, but much anxiety prevails.

WASHINGTON ADVICES.

FIGHTING STOPS FOR TRAINS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Secretary Long today received the following cablegram from Capt. Perry, commanding the United States forces on the isthmus:

PANAMA, Nov. 28.—Secretary Navy, Washington: Parties fought near Buena Vista. Stopped firing while passenger trains passed. Decisive engagement expected today, about same place.

[Signed] PERRY.

A cablegram just received at the State Department from Consul-General Gudger, dated Panama today, reads: "Colombians fighting along the railroad."

VENEZUELAN TROUBLES.

GERMANS GET NO INTEREST.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Berliner Tageblatt, discussing the effects of the Venezuelan troubles upon German interests, says that while the railroad between Caracas and Valencia in Venezuela, in which German capital is heavily interested, is still in operation, the Venezuelan government has entirely suspended the payments of interest to the German holders of the road's securities, and that by this suspension of payment the indebtedness of the government of Venezuela to the German security holders now amounts to £9,500,000. The Tageblatt further says that all efforts to interest the imperial government in behalf of these German creditors have proved unavailing.

AN UNDERSTANDING FIRST.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—"Germany will take no steps against Venezuela," cables the Berlin correspondent of the Daily News, "regarding the financial claims of German subjects against Venezuela without a previous understanding with the United States."

CAPT. PERRY CORRECT.

NO CONCESSION TO TROOPS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Naval officers here are disconcerted at the ill feeling exhibited toward Capt. Perry at Panama because he will not allow the railway to be used for the transportation of armed troops. After a careful examination of the precedents and the treaty under which the United States is now made absolutely responsible for the safety of traffic across the isthmus, they declare that Capt. Perry had no alternative.

Had he allowed the Colombian government forces to use the road on the Panama end, as they desired, he must of necessity have yielded the same right to the Liberals, who hold the Colon end of the line. The result would inevitably have been conflicts, and the provisional line would prevent the free transit that Capt. Perry is there to maintain. Therefore his attitude is held by the Navy Department to be entirely correct.

INDUSTRIAL HORIZON FREE FROM CLOUDS.

GREAT ACTIVITY CONTINUES IN IRON AND STEEL TRADES.

Full Capacity of the Blast Furnaces and Steel Works Needed to Meet the Requirements of the Country for Next Six Months.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Discussing the present condition of iron and steel, the Iron Age says that nothing has occurred to indicate any danger of an early subsidence of the great activity which characterizes the iron and steel trades. The full capacity of the blast furnaces and steel works completed and in process of erection seems to be especially needed to meet the requirements of the country for the greater part of the first six months of 1902. This is as far as ordinary human foresight can carry prognostications as to business.

It is seldom that indications for an approaching year point so strongly to heavy trade as at the present time. Many branches of business report an unusual number of inquiries now coming up relative to material for projected improvements. It might be assumed, in view of the occurrences of the past two years that the expansion in the American iron trade had reached its culmination, but so far no evidence can be seen pointing to such a conclusion.

While manufacturing establishments are trying to break records in endeavoring to meet the demands of the trade, they are harassed by exasperating occurrences which interfere with satisfactory operations. The coke situation has not yet improved as it should have done, by this time, and blast furnaces are still being crippled by inability to secure fuel.

The scrap situation is attracting a great deal of interest. The rolling mills on one side and the dealers on the other appear to be arranging their forces for a contest, in which parties are endeavoring to control the trade in their special interests.

ENGINEER AT FAULT.

Misread Orders and Dashed to Wreck.

Many Bodies Reduced to Blackened Powder.

Only Roasted Fragments of Others Remain.

Heat of the Fire So Intense That it Equaled a Crematory.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

DETROIT (Mich.) Nov. 28.—When night fell over the scene of last night's calamity on the Wabash Railroad near Seneca, those who had been investigating the disaster had found nothing to alter the estimate of about eighty lives lost as a result of the collision.

Superintendent George M. Burns, of the division on which the wreck occurred, insists that the estimates are too high. "I do not consider," he said, "that the total death list will exceed twenty."

However, in support of the larger estimate, it is pointed out that there are now fourteen passengers known to be dead. The bodies of eight of these have been recovered, and it is considered that the fragments of other bodies now in the morgue at Adrian will account for many more than the twelve dead necessary to make up Superintendent Burns's estimate of twenty.

Superintendent Burns said to the Associated Press tonight that he was unable to tell the exact number of Italian immigrants aboard train No. 13, but thought that there were not more [illegible]. Passengers on the train, [illegible] of the [illegible] the scene disputed this, but the number was nearer eighty. Coroner Blakeslee of Adrian this afternoon impaneled a jury, and will begin an inquest into the disaster tomorrow.

No step has been taken as yet toward the arrest of Engineer Strong, who, Superintendent Burns says, is responsible for the collision.

OFFICIAL LIST DONATED.

The official list of the dead given to the local papers shows the names of but ten dead and forty-eight injured, but Detroit newspaper men who were at the scene of the wreck, and talked with survivors of both trains, say that the official list does not bear out the statements of the passengers nor evidence of the horrible loss of life which they witnessed at the spot where the accident occurred. The Free Press tomorrow will say that the loss of life was in round numbers 100, and that the statements made by the Italian immigrants on train No. 13 bear out this claim.

These immigrants said that there were about 125 of their nationality on the train, and that only about twenty-five of them escaped.

While only ten of them are known to be dead, it is asserted that the other ninety were completely incinerated, and that with the removal of the wreckage the bodies crumbled to dust, which was scattered by the wind. If the names of these dead are ever known it will be when friends make inquiry for them, and in many instances this seems highly improbable.

HORRID SCENE OF WRECK.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

DETROIT (Mich.) Nov. 28.—Since daylight dawned upon the horrid scene of wreckage on the Wabash Railroad near Seneca, no developments have tended to minimize or detract from last night's awful calamity. Most of the wreckage has been cleared from the track. It continues to appear that the number of dead victims will reach from 80 to 100, and that more than the latter number are suffering from injuries. Some of the railroad officials assert that the number of dead will not exceed fifty, but the number of corpses and parts of human forms being collected seems to indicate enlargement rather than diminution of last night's reports.

If it develops that the orders issued to both trains were to the same end, it is considered that the responsibility for the disaster rests wholly with the engineer and conductor of the eastbound Continental Limited. Many of the burned bodies cannot be identified. Only six bodies have actually been recovered. A small pile of crisp, blackened fragments that covered two stretchers was all that could be found of the others.

The scene of the holocaust presented a bleak and desolate appearance this morning. Strewn along both sides of the track for 800 feet were car wheels, brake beams and such other parts of the wrecked coaches as would not burn. Engines Nos. 33 and 609 were lying in the ditch on the right bank of the road, veritable scrap heaps. Broken car seats, many of them daubed with blood of their last occupants, were scattered about, and being used as cushions by those huddled around the open fires.

ONLY FRAGMENTS OF BODIES.

When the first relief train arrived last night from Adrian six of the cars in train No. 13 were burning so fiercely that the relief party could not get within several hundred feet of them. There was nothing to do but to wait until the fire burned itself out. It was past midnight before a search of the

ruins of the burned cars could be begun. As soon as the heat had subsided sufficiently, scores of men began delving in the mass. It was slowly turned over, and small, crisp pieces of those who had perished in the flames were occasionally found. The largest portion of any body found was a terribly burned trunk. The heat had been so intense that the cars and their human freight had been reduced to a blackened powder that was blown about by the breeze.

The body of Fireman Calvin Baldor was discovered, jammed into the wrecked cab of his engine, No. 151. He had been in the act of feeding the furnace when the two trains came together.

Although Engineer Strong of the east-bound limited saw the light of the approaching train while yet five miles away and down a straight track, he did not check his speed, because, as he said, he supposed No. 13 was waiting on a siding at Sand Creek.

ENGINEER'S EXPLANATION.

After reaching Detroit today Strong said:

"I read my orders that I was to stop at Sand Creek, and evidently the other crew read theirs to stop at Seneca. I know that there were four of us that read my orders the same; the fireman, the conductor, brakeman and myself. I lost my orders in the confusion of the wreck, but the records will show what they were, and what the other crew's orders were.

"When I first saw the headlight of the other train, it was far enough away, so I presume I could have stopped, but you know how it is with these electric headlights; you cannot tell anything about how far they are. It was on a straightway track, and I thought they were waiting for me at Sand Creek. They doubtless thought we were stopped at Seneca and so both of us came on at full speed.

"We must have been running fifty miles an hour. When we saw they were on top of us, I saw I must jump. There was a bridge right ahead, and I did not want to fall in that, so I waited until we were past and fell. There was only a slight embankment, and the crash came right after I let go."

FIXES BLAME ON STRONG.

Superintendent Burns today said that Engineer Strong of No. 4 was responsible.

"His orders," said he, "clearly directed him to pass No. 13 at Seneca. He evidently forgot them, for he did not stop there, and the collision resulted."

Burns estimated the financial loss at $48,000.

The three engines piled themselves in an indiscriminate heap with the leading engine of No. 13 above the other two. The first three coaches of the train were so telescoped that they were nothing but a mass of debris. One emigrant car was compressed into a compass about eight feet in length on the track. The flames started below the emigrant cars, and here the heaviest loss occurred, it being estimated that about fifty persons, men, women and children, were mowed down by the holocaust. The loss in the rest of the train was not heavy, the shock being borne by the forward cars.

In No. 4, the engine was followed by an accommodation car. This was stout and bore the shock bravely. The leading day coach of the train, however, telescoped and burned. In this were about fifty passengers. The brunt of the early rescue work was done here, and half of these passengers were rescued or escaped.

Train No. 13 carried seventy-five immigrants from Italy, bound for the coal mines at Trinidad, Colo. Not more than half of these escaped.

HEARTRENDING SCENES.

STORIES OF SURVIVORS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

DETROIT (Mich.) Nov. 28.—The scene which followed the wreck was heartrending in the extreme. The spot where it occurred was in the open country, with but one farmhouse near by, and facilities for aiding the injured were extremely inadequate.

As soon as the news of the disaster reached Superintendent Burns here, a relief train was dispatched to the scene with a score or more of surgeons on hand. Farmers from near by, and those who escaped from the wreck alive, made heroic efforts to rescue the less fortunate.

The condition of the wreck was such that in the darkness it was impossible to render immediate aid.

Immediately after the collision six of the cars of the west-bound train, crowded with immigrants, burst into flames. The unfortunates fought madly in their attempt to crawl out of doors and windows, thus hindering each other so that the bulk of them were unable to escape.

The immigrant train was made up of nine cars behind two engines. Six of these cars were jammed together. Very soon the wreckage began burning fiercely, and those in the cars were slowly roasted to death. There was absolutely no means at hand to fight the fire, and the agonized shrieks of the poor unfortunates was appalling.

NO HELP FOR VICTIMS.

"It was a veritable hell of fire," said Victor C. Greenbaum of New York City, who escaped with slight injuries.

"People who came hurrying to the scene from farmhouses in that locality stood about the wreckage helplessly, and had their hands to their ears, to shut out the frightful screams, and turned their eyes away, because it was more than they could bear."

The scene immediately surrounding the wreck was terrible. In the semi-darkness, illuminated only by the glare from the fire of the wreckage, men stumbled over corpses, which fell from the ruins, and which, after the flames had died out, were hauled from the débris. There they lay along the track, some covered by blankets, which had been brought by farmers who had flocked to the scene from the surrounding country. People came hurrying from the near-by villages, and these with the help of those who escaped on No. 4, did what they could.

The immigrants who were lucky enough to get out alive from the last one or two immigrant cars, were unable to speak English, and could give no idea, apparently, of the number of people that were in each car. The conductor of this train could not be found; for this reason the estimate of the number of dead must be considered purely as approximate.

SEEKING LOVED ONES.

At the union station in this city during the night there were many sad episodes. Relatives and friends of passengers who were known to have been on the wrecked train besieged the railroad officials with entreaties and inquiries. One little girl waited until 1:30 a.m. for her sister, Vida Degas, of Pepperville, Ont., and was then informed that the sister was among the dead.

"Dead! Dead! Dead!" she shrieked, fastening her arms about the neck of the operator who had announced the names, while tears welled to the eyes of the spectators. The grief of the child exhausted her so that she had to be carried away.

Job Witchell of the firm of Witchell, Sons & Co. of Detroit, was expected home on No. 4. His son was at the depot to meet him. At midnight a dispatch came numbering Job Witchell among the dead. The son was in the waiting-room when the news was broken. The terrible reality was too much, and he swooned, falling against a radiator. He was assisted to his seat, and remained in that attitude, stunned by the calamity. His father had been absent in Dallas, Tex., for some time, and had just telegraphed his intention to return on the ill-fated train.

The relief of those whose friends and relatives were gradually announced to be still living was in strong contrast to the sadness of the mourners. A large crowd stood about anxiously awaiting tidings until long after sunrise. Outside ambulances from all the city hospitals waited for any of the injured who might be brought to the city.

RELIEF TRAIN ARRIVES.

A special relief train arrived from Adrian at 5 a.m., bringing five dead bodies, four men and one woman, and a stretcher full of burned and blackened pieces of dead humanity. One of the men was a drover from Kansas City, who had $1100 in money and a gold watch on his person. His name is not known.

Wabash train No. 6 arrived at the union station, Detroit, from the west several hours late. It carried no dead or injured, but brought Engineer Strong and three uninjured passengers of No. 4. Strong reiterated his statements previously made to the effect that his telegraphic order read to pass at Sand Creek, and he supposed No. 13's order was to meet No. 4 at Seneca. All the cars on No. 13 but two were smashed or burned. Of the eight coaches on No. 4 only one car was destroyed. The latter was a New York Central day coach. Fifteen to twenty of that coach's passengers are dead. Two died after being taken out. None of the occupants of the other coaches of the east-bound train were killed.

Every occupant of both trains was badly shaken, shocked and bruised. The few passengers who reached Detroit were still in a nervous and excited state.

ANOTHER DISASTER.

ON THE LACKAWANNA ROAD.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SYRACUSE (N. Y.) Nov. 28.—A special train north bound on the Lackawanna Railroad, carrying 300 Syracuse Knights of Columbus, ran into a freight train on a siding at Tully, at 2:15 o'clock this morning, wrecking both trains. A wrecking train has been sent to Tully. Railroad officials say the accident is not serious.

A special from Tully says several were injured, but it cannot be learned how seriously.

RAILROAD RECORD.

ENORMOUS INCOME OF SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

PROSPERITY OF CALIFORNIA IS INDICATED BY ITS REPORT.

Gross Earnings of Company in Three Months Almost Twenty-one Million Dollars and Net Earnings not Far from Eight Millions.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—The Southern Pacific company has issued a financial statement that makes an astonishing showing of operating results for the first three months of the present fiscal year. Gross earnings for the month of September were $7,027,319, as compared with $6,567,271 for September of last year. For the period from July 1 to September 30 of this year the gross earnings of the company were $20,902,770, as against $18,092,287 for the corresponding period of 1900.

The net earnings of the company for September of this year were $2,559,317 as against $2,496,666 for the corresponding month of last year, and the net earnings for the months of July, August and September were $7,809,051, as against $6,420,272 for the corresponding months of the previous year.

At this rate of increase, the gross earnings of the company for the present fiscal year will exceed those of last year by $4,000,000, and will approximate $84,000,000.

The gross earnings of the San Francisco and North Pacific for the month of October were $119,413, as against $98,-914 for October of last year.

ONLY MORAL SUPPORT.

GOV. HUNT CAN'T ASSIST.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

BOISE (Idaho.) Nov. 28.—It is understood this evening that Gov. Hunt will notify Gov. Van Sant of Minnesota that Idaho is not in a position to give active aid in the proposed move in the Northwestern railroad consolidation. He finds there is no law under which he can take action, and that he would not be justified in calling the Legislature together for the purpose of enacting the needed legislation. He will, however, assure the Minnesota executive that the movement will have the moral support of the State.

SWITCHMEN'S STRIKE BROKEN.

PITTSBURGH (Pa.) Nov. 28.—The switchmen's strike gives evidence today of rapid disintegration, and the officials of the different roads declare that traffic will be resumed as usual by tomorrow. This result is attributed largely to the action of the Brotherhood of Trainmen in deciding against extending assistance and sympathy to the strikers.

COSTA RICA'S TROUBLES.

SAN JOSE (Costa Rica) Nov. 28.—The financial distress of Costa Rica is increasing. The country is unable to meet the interest on its foreign indebtedness, and is experiencing difficulty in paying its public employés. The revenues have lately decreased greatly.

WANT AN ARBITRATOR.

LIMA (Peru) Nov. 28.—The Pan-American Congress will be asked to arbitrate the existing questions between Peru and Bolivia. If the congress declines so to act, then Mexico or the Argentine Republic will be requested to arbitrate these matters.

MRS. GEBHARDT WEDS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Announcement was made today of the marriage in this city of Mrs. Fred Gebhardt of Baltimore, and Henry Clews, Jr., son of the well-known banker.

SOUTH AFRICA.

LOOKS LIKE CRAWFISH.

Unconditional Surrender not Demanded.

Ready to Meet Boers on Some Other Ground.

London Disturbed by Rumors of Possible Foreign Intervention.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] There is a disposition in some quarters to give a sensational importance to an utterance of the Right Hon. C. T. Ritchie, Home Secretary, in a speech at Croydon in reference to a settlement of the South African war.

Ritchie said that Lord Salisbury's declaration that no shred of independence would be left to the South African republics had been distorted. What Lord Salisbury and the government meant was that the republics would have no separate existence as republics. There had never been any intention not to give those countries eventually representative government.

Referring to the allegation that the Ministers required unconditional surrender Ritchie said it was true in one sense, and untrue in another. It was clear that Great Britain could not again offer terms which had been rejected, but if any general representing the Boers under arms should make a proposition to Gen. Kitchener on the line that in course of time they, with the other inhabitants of the republics, should have representative government he was satisfied the proposition would be referred to the home office by Gen. Kitchener, and he believed that it would form a basis for the conclusion of peace.

RUMORS OF INTERVENTION.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

LONDON, Nov. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Daily News this morning says: "There have been very persistent rumors in London for the last two days of foreign interference in the Boer war. The form the rumors take points to German action, with Russia and France assenting. This would imply a serious reversal of the early policy of the powers, and therefore we are inclined to disregard the rumors."

REPLY TO BOER APPEAL.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

THE HAGUE, Nov. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Count De Struve, the Russian Minister to Holland, has replied as follows to the Boer appeal for intervention by the Court of Arbitration:

"I am of the opinion that the executive council of the Court of Arbitration is not competent to give effect to the request addressed to it by representatives of the South African republics, but I believe I can declare that my government finds it very regrettable that differences between Great Britain and the South African republics cannot be submitted to a court of arbitration."

The French charge d'affaires declared he adopted the same words as the Russian Minister. He offered the services of the republic of France to the belligerents.

SHAKEN BY THE WAR.

NO CHANCE FOR HOME RULE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

LONDON, Nov. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Sir Edward Gray, M.P., speaking at Glasgow last night, declared that the country had been greatly shaken by what had happened during the South African war, and that it was only honest to tell the Irish members of Parliament that he believed it was impossible to repeat the home-rule experiment of 1892. Sir Edward expressed his conviction that no Liberal government dependent on the Irish vote could do what the Irish people demanded.

FIRE EATS UP EXTENSIVE PLANTS.

EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS THE ESTIMATED LOSS.

Started in a Box Manufactory and Spread to Gas Works and Lumber Yards—Thousands of Gallons of Oil Drained into River.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Eight hundred thousand dollars is the estimate of the loss by a fire this evening in the vicinity of Ninth street at the East River. Several firemen were hurt, but none seriously.

The blaze started in the plant of W. E. Updegrove & Bros., manufacturers of boxes, veneers and fine woodwork, and this firm was the principal sufferer.

From the Standard Oil Company's depot on Eleventh street thousands of gallons of oil were drained into the river to prevent a great explosion and resulting conflagration.

What started the fire is not known. It swiftly spread to all the Updegrove buildings. By the hardest of work the firemen kept the flames from reaching three big lumber yards adjoining.

After the fire was thought to be under control, it broke out again, and spread to the works of the Mutual Gas Company. This outbreak was caused by a fireman dropping a burning window sash into the street. The street was flooded with water on which was a thick coating of oil. This ignited, and the flames leaped into the gas company's property.

The fire then turned back across the street, and the immense store of lumber owned by Hegemeyer & Sons, was ignited. It comprised some 18,000,000 feet of valuable woods. The lumber yards of J. M. Saulspaugh were also reached by the flames and great damage was done.

Fire Chief Croker estimated at a late hour tonight that the total damage would be over $800,000. He estimated that the loss to J. M. Saulspaugh will be $125,000; William E. Updegrove & Bros., $350,000; the Mutual Gas Company, $100,000; G. H. Hegemeyer, $150,000, and the Standard Oil Company $75,000.

OBITUARY.

George M. Pullman.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—George M. Pullman, son of the late millionaire car-builder, died at his country home in San Mateo this morning. He had been ill several weeks with pneumonia, but until Tuesday his condition was not considered serious. That day he suffered a severe relapse, and thenceforth grew steadily weaker. This morning about 8 o'clock he was attacked by a hemorrhage, and within a few minutes passed away. Arrangements are being made to take Pullman's body to Chicago for interment.

The deceased was married for the second time a few weeks ago at Reno, Nev., to Mrs. J. Brasell. He was 36 years of age.

Juan Boronda.

SALINAS, Nov. 28.—Juan de la Mata Boronda died at Monterey late Tuesday night after a long illness. He was a member of one of California's oldest Spanish families, and was born in Monterey eighty-four years ago. The deceased at one time owned the immense Laurelles ranch, now the property of the Pacific Improvement Company.

Judge Philips.

DES MOINES (Iowa) Nov. 28.—Judge Philips, the oldest member of the Polk county bar and one of its wealthiest pioneers, died at Phoenix, Ariz., last night. He had gone there for his health.

WHERE BRITAIN FALLS BEHIND AMERICA.

COMMERCIAL AGENT BELL TELLS HER UNPALATABLE TRUTHS.

Domestic Manufactures More Durable and Cheaper—British Backwardness in Using Automatic and Labor-saving Machinery—New York Scotch Whisky.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Sixteen reporters and six British business men gathered this afternoon in response to the London Chamber of Commerce's general invitation to hear Seymour Bell, the commercial agent of Great Britain in the United States, expound his theories on American trade competition.

He said that all America wanted from abroad was daily getting smaller, but that Great Britain was being cut out of even this small portion of the market by France and Germany. Mr. Bell attributed this to Great Britain's backwardness in using labor-saving and automatic machinery. He declared the working classes of Great Britain must be educated up to them and be convinced that their use was essential before Great Britain could compete with America.

Bell also said there was no doubt that reciprocity in the United States would result in the removal or reduction of many of the duties now enforced, but it would be in articles in which the United States was quite safe from foreign competition. He said there was a growing need for tea in the United States. The fact was disclosed that the Ceylon tea merchants had entered into a pooling arrangement for the purpose of promoting the sale of their brands in the United States.

The commercial agent denied the statement that American cement was inferior to Portland cement.

One of the few merchants present declared that American trade was completely ousting British trade from Central and South America.

Discussing what became of old men in America, Bell said that a man over 45 years of age had hard work to get any position there, and that this was one of the most serious factors in the future of American business life.

Scotch whisky, it was asserted, is now being made in New York and exported in large quantities to South America.

Bell reassured his hearers that there was no prejudice against British goods, although they could not expect them to be bought when, as in the case with agricultural machinery, the domestic article was lighter, more durable and cheaper. Nor could the colonies be blamed for patronizing America in preference to Great Britain in this branch of machinery. He praised the specialization adopted by American manufacturers, and concluded with declaring that while nothing which could not be remedied existed to prevent Great Britain from holding her own, her manufacturers must get more modern machinery and must compel their employés to use it.

MUST HAVE PRESERVATIVES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Departmental Committee of the local government board appointed in 1899 to investigate food preservatives and coloring materials, reports that it is common knowledge that the food-producing capabilitiesof this country do not suffice for the needs of the population. A total prohibition of preserving methods is likely to be attended with serious results to the public health, as large quantities of food possessing highly nutritive elements might be held from the poorer classes, or be liable to condemnation in a condition of incipient putrefaction.

The committee finds that of the preservative agents in common use, on one alone rests any well-founded suspicion that it is likely to inflict injury, and the committee further says that no direct evidence of injury from the use of preservatives has been brought before it. The only proposition recommended in regard to the coloring pigments is the use of copper sulphate in coloring tinned peas or similar articles.

The committee recommends that the use of a certain preservative agent previously referred to in foods or drinks be absolutely prohibited, and recommends the prohibition of any preservative or coloring whatever in milk.

Mixtures of boric acid and borax, not exceeding .5 per cent., are permitted in butter and a certain class of imitation butter.

NEW SHIPS OF WAR.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The Naval Board of Construction has completed the recommendations called for by Congress relative to two new battleships and two armored cruisers, and also covering many technical questions which have arisen as to naval architecture, armor, batteries, turrets, etc.

The recommendations as to battleships call for two ships of 16,000 tons each, and two armored cruisers of 14,500 tons each. The battleships are to be heavily armored, and to carry heavy batteries.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE the coming Sunday will contain a description of some notable collections of rare birds in Southern California, with liberal pictorial illustrations.

FRANK G. CARPENTER'S letter in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday will give an exceedingly interesting account of some strange people in Holland's Asiatic possessions.

JULIA WARD HOWE has written for The Times Magazine the coming Sunday an interesting review of the conditions that have surrounded girlhood during the past seventy years.

THE PHILIPPINES.

TRANSPORT WRECKED.

Given to Government by Women of Boston.

Filipino Officer Hanged for Ordering Murder.

On Account of Health Gov. Taft Must Soon Leave for Home.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

MANILA, Nov. 28.—[By Manila Cable.] The United States transport Wright has been wrecked. She will probably turn out to be a total loss.

The Wright struck on an uncharted rock at the entrance of San Jacinto, and sank in fifteen feet of water. To raise her will require wrecking machinery, which is not available here.

GIFT OF WOMEN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The United States transport Wright, formerly the Aid, was originally a fruiter, and was presented to the government by some patriotic women of Boston when the Spanish War broke out, to be used as a hospital ship. Later she was fitted out as a dispatch boat, and was sent to Cuba to be used by Gen. Wood. More recently she was sent to the Philippines as a dispatch boat and store ship. She had a refrigerating plant, and refrigerated storeroom, which made her of great value in the islands.

The Wright was first called the Bay State. This was before she was transformed into a hospital ship.

GUITERREZ HANGED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—Lieut.-Col. Juan Guiterres of the Philippine insurgents forces, was hanged at San Fernando de la Union, Luzon, P. I., on November 8, for ordering the killing, in cold blood, of Private James Huskuth, Co. H, Twenty-ninth Infantry, United States Volunteers, and George B. Sullivan, a mining man of San Francisco. Sullivan and Huskuth were bayoneted to death last March, at the rancheria of Sabed, by a company of insurgent troops, and Lieut.-Col. Guiterrez was apprehended by the United States troops.

TAFT TO RETURN HOME.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

CINCINNATI, Nov. 28.—Information has been received here by the friends of Judge William H. Taft, civil Governor of the Philippines, to the effect that Judge Taft is about to return to the United States for an indefinite stay, leaving Vice-Gov. Wright as acting Governor. Judge Taft was operated on several weeks ago, and has failed to rally from the effects of it.

EFFECTIVE ENTENTE PROBABLE.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 28.—The Czar granted an audience to Marquis Ito, the Japanese statesman, this afternoon. An effective entente between Russia and Japan is regarded as the probable outcome of the audience.

QUEEN OF BELGIANS SICK.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Marie Henriette, Queen of the Belgians, is ill.

GEN. EMILIO NUNEZ, civil Governor of Havana, has written an article on Cuba's coming election for The Times Magazine of the coming Sunday.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE the coming Sunday will contain a description of some notable collections of rare birds in Southern California, with liberal pictorial illustrations.

FRANK G. CARPENTER'S letter in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday will give an exceedingly interesting account of some strange people in Holland's Asiatic possessions.

GEN. EMILIO NUNEZ, civil Governor of Havana, has written an article on Cuba's coming election for The Times Magazine of the coming Sunday.

WINTER RESORTS.

HOTEL SIERRA MADRE
In the foothills above frost, heavy mists and fogs. Five acres all trains at Santa Anita, on the Santa Fe Route. Telephone Main 41.
JOHN COLLINS, Proprietor, Sierra Madre.

SONOMA COUNTY, CAL.
Beautiful climate; Full Crops; No Irrigation. For full particulars, address
SONOMA COUNTY BOARD OF TRADE, Santa Rosa, California.

Lake View Hotel Cor. Sixth and Sherman.
Westlake Park, Los Angeles, a new and elegant family hotel, entirely first-class, furnishing entirely new and up-to-date—steam heat, hot and cold water, electric lights in every room; the location overlooking the park and lake is unsurpassed; rates reasonable. A. F. ROBBINS, Prop. Tel. Main 1363.

CALIFORNIA HOTEL
Cor. Second and Hill Sts.
The Popular Family and Tourist Hotel.
Everything strictly first-class. American plan $2.00 and up. Special rates by the month.
F. P. KILBOURNE.
F. J. NICHOLSON.

Bellevue Terrace Hotel
Cor. Sixth and Figueroa Tel. Main 402
Most appointed family and tourist hotel. Spacious grounds and verandas.
C. A. TARBLE & CO., Props.

HOTEL PALMS.
Sixth and Broadway.
The Leading Family and Commercial Hotel. 120 large, sunny rooms, 25 suites with private baths. Largest parlors, reading rooms and office in the city. Beautiful grounds. Convenient to church and places of amusement. American and European plan.
C. B. and H. C. HERVEY, Props.

HOTEL WATAUGA
128 North Broadway.
Rooms only; location central (nearly opposite Times Bldg.) Quiet, modern, 30-room house. Sunny rooms, single or suites. Baths free. Best references. MRS. ALEX. DANNENBAUM, Mgr.

THE WESTLAKE HOTEL
J. B. DUKE, Prop.
720 Westlake Avenue.
A select family hotel, delightful residence portion, one block from Westlake Park. Newly furnished. Telephone M 366. Rates $8 and up. Special rates to families by the month.

Hotel Rosslyn Main Street, opp. postoffice; every modern convenience; American or European plan; rates according to rooms selected; electric cars to railroad depots and all places of interest. E. C. WARD, Prop.

LINES OF TRAVEL

CALIFORNIA LIMITED
No Royal train can offer better equipment, more perfect service or higher speed. It goes to Chicago every day over the
SANTA FE

Keep Your Eye On San Joaquin.
Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars of Los Angeles capital was invested there last week. Similar deals are pending. If you are looking for a place to locate, the Stockton Chamber of Commerce will help you. Call at its branch office, 66 Bryson Block, Los Angeles.

CAPITAL WANTED—For a Splendid Hotel Proposition in Stockton, California. Stockton is a prosperous town, of 30,000, is growing rapidly, and is the logical center of a rich agricultural section, the point of departure for the Calaveras Big Trees and the Yosemite Valley. Railroads and waterways to the Coast, 90 miles distant. We offer an investment upon which we are prepared to guarantee an income of 5 per cent. Correspondence solicited. Address Stockton Hotel and Development Company, W. W. Worthey, San. Man. C, Stockton, Cal.

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

KITE-SHAPED TRACK
LOS ANGELES
THE SIGHT TO SEE
SANTA BARBARA
Santa Fe Route

A DAY'S ... DELIGHT
THERE IS NO TRIP OF THE SAME length where the scenery is so varied and beautiful.
To see Southern California, you must go around the
Kite-Shaped
Leave Los Angeles at 8:30 a.m., return at 5:35 p.m. This gives ample time for drives and sight-seeing at both Redlands and Riverside.
Ticket Office---Second and Spring Streets.

WINTER RESORTS.

Health AND Happiness ARE FOUND AT
Hotel del Coronado
BUY A COUPON BOOK AT
$22.00
UNTIL DECEMBER
Good for Railroad Fare both ways and week at the grand
Hotel del Coronado
THIS TICKET CAN BE EXTENDED
The cheapest as well as the best way can take Ocean-front rooms. For information call on or address
H. F. NORCROSS, Agent, 230 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.
E. S. BABCOCK, Mgr., Coronado, Cal.

TOURIST FREE INFORMATION BUREAU OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
Tourists in search of reliable information concerning
RAILWAYS, RESORTS, HOTELS and all points of interest in City and Country invited to call at our office, where information will be cheerfully given (without charge).
Los Angeles Agency For
San Francisco ..... PALACE HOTEL
San Jose ..... HOTEL VENDOME
Monterey ..... " DEL MONTE
Pacific Grove ..... " RICHELIEU
" ..... " GRESHAM
" ..... " BEVERLY
" ..... THE PALMS
" ..... " MADISON
Ocean Park ..... " ROSCOMARE
Long Beach ..... HOTEL JOHNSON
Santa Monica ..... " SHERMAN
Riverside ..... CASA BLANCA HOTEL
Redlands ..... CASA LOMA HOTEL
San Diego ..... HOTEL U. S. GRANT
Los Angeles ..... THE ARCADIA
" ..... BELLEVUE TERRACE
" ..... HOTEL BROADWAY
" ..... EL NIDO
" ..... HOTEL PICO
" ..... GARFIELD VILLA
" ..... THE GRAND VIEW
" ..... HOTEL LINCOLN
" ..... LIVONIA
" ..... PALMS
" ..... ROSSLYN
Resorts
OSTRICH FARM ..... South Pasadena
OAK GLEN COTTAGES ..... Loma Linda
IDYLLWILD ..... Strawberry Valley
HEALTH RESORT ..... Loma Linda
WILSON PEAK PARK ..... Mt. Wilson
LAKE VIEW HOTEL ..... Elsinore
Schools
THE BROWNSBERGER ..... Los Angeles
GIRLS' COLLEGIATE ..... "
THE HARVARD (Military) ..... "
See Our Folder Racks in all the Principal Hotels.
C. A. HUBERT, Manager
237 WEST THIRD ST. - Los Angeles
San Diego Office—1229 D St.

Hotel Casa Loma
REDLANDS, CAL.
NOW OPEN
Enlarged and Refurnished
Hotel Windsor
Tourist and Commercial Hotel
Open All Year
CASA LOMA HOTEL CO.
J. H. ROBSON, Manager.
RATES TO SUIT EVERYBODY

ELSINORE
Hot Springs This Famous and Most Effective in cure of rheumatism, stomach, liver and all malarious conditions; open with a fine, dry climate, beautiful scenery, of lake, mountain and desert; hunting, boating, driving, riding, mountain climbing; four hours from Los Angeles; Santa Fe Route; stage ride; good hotels and comfortable camping grounds.

... HOTEL ...
La Pintoresca
PASADENA.
Open November 20
Strictly first-class. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Superb location, 1000 feet above sea level, commanding a glorious view.
An Ideal Nine-Hole Golf Course 5 minutes from the hotel. For terms apply to
A. F. MESERVE, Manager.

Hotel Julian
LONG BEACH, CAL.
Large, pleasant, heated rooms; sunny rooms; home comforts; sea bathing and fine ocean beach. G. T. BUTTERFIELD.

San Ysidro Ranch and Cottages
A homelike resort, on the ocean, near Santa Barbara. Southern exposure. Fine ocean view. Surrounded by orange groves. For pictured matter, address
PERCY JOHNSTON, Santa Barbara, Cal.

EMBER 29, 1901.
WINTER RESORTS
ealth and Happiness ARE FOUND AT
Hotel del Coronado
UY A COUPON BOOK AT
...$22.00...
UNTIL DECEMBER
otel del Coronado
TOURIST INFORMATION BURE
ELSINORE
Springs
...HOTEL...
Pintoresca
PASADENA.
n November 30.
Hotel
asa Loma
HEIGHTS, CAL.
OW OPEN
Hotel Windsor
tel Julian,
LONG BEACH, CAL.
A LOMA HOTEL CO.,
TO SUIT EVERYBODY.

COAST RECORD.

THEY YEARN FOR DIX.

Money Offer Scorned by Quondam Friends.

Sheriff Off for London to Bring Him Back.

Highbinders Use Guns—Giant Powder Explosion—Rainfall Record.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

TACOMA, Nov. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Depositors in the Scandinavian-American Bank of Whatcom, wrecked last summer by its president, St. John Dix, have declined the proposition cabled by Dix and his friends from London to pay $25,000 if prosecution would be dropped. The receiver of the bank also received a telegram from the crown prosecutor in London asking the amount necessary to settle all claims, and release Dix from arrest.

At a meeting of the depositors the conclusion was reached that this was a scheme to defeat extradition, by making it appear, in the event of a favorable reply that Dix is wanted only for debt, and is not criminally liable. The depositors replied that settlement could not be effected.

The London police have intercepted cablegrams from local friends of Dix telling him that prosecution could be stopped for $25,000.

Sheriff Brisbin of Whatcom county sails from New York this week with extradition papers to bring Dix back.

FOUR CHINAMEN SHOT.

HIGHBINDERS AT WORK.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—The Chinese quarter of the city was the scene of two shooting affrays tonight, in which two Chinese were killed and two mortally wounded.

About 6 p.m. Louie Fook, a Chinese gambler, and his bodyguard, Jue Do, were shot at by two highbinders just as they were entering Fook's gambling house at No. 122 Waverly Place. Four shots entered Fook's body, mortally wounding him. Do Fook's attendant was shot in the neck and mortally injured. Shortly after the shooting the police arrested Lee You, one of the shooters.

About fifteen minutes after the shooting, Quang Louey, a cigar dealer, and Suey Kuck were shot and killed in their rooms on Clay street.

It is supposed that the unknown assassins concealed themselves in the house and waited for a chance to kill their victims. After they had fallen asleep, the murderers quietly entered the room, the door of which had been left unlocked, and shot them, sending three bullets into the cigar-maker's body, and two, one in the head, and the other in the back of his companion. The short time which intervened between the two shootings leads the police to believe that the double murder was committed out of revenge for the shooting of Little Louie and his bodyguard.

In his ante-mortem statement to Deputy District Attorney Louis Ward, the wounded gambler declared that he had been shot by Jung Fook and Jung Ming, both of whom are well-known highbinders.

The police are at a loss to account for the bloody outbreak of the rival tongs.

After the shooting, a large squad of police was sent into Chinatown, and in a short time the officers arrested half a dozen highbinders, who were heavily armed, and bent on avenging the murder of Louie.

LOOKS LIKE A MURDER.

FATAL RESULT OF A SPREE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—John Fitzgerald, a laborer, who was found Saturday night last on a heap of scrap iron in a vacant lot on Second street, died this morning from the effects of a wound in the abdomen, which may have been inflicted by a knife.

According to the story told by Fitzgerald, when he was taken to the Central Emergency Hospital, he had been drinking heavily all day Saturday. He was positive that no one had struck him, and the fact that he had $22.75 on his person dispelled the surmise that he had been a victim of footpads. He said that he remembered starting out in company with John Kenny, a fellow-laborer, who worked for Tobin Bros., contractors, of Oakland.

In order to find out if Kenny could throw any light on the affair the detectives this morning went to Oakland, and learned that the man left his employment Monday morning last, saying that he was going to get out of town.

The dead man was 56 years of age, a native of Ireland, and unmarried. He lived in Oakland.

GIANT POWDER EXPLOSION.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

GRASS VALLEY, Nov. 28.—Three hundred pounds of giant powder, and a large quantity of giant caps blew up at La Puerte mine, three miles from Nevada City, last night, completely wrecking the modern hoisting plant. Superintendent Kirkham had a miraculous escape from death, and the night shift crew narrowly escaped being entombed.

Sparks from the smokestack caused the disaster. The burning embers set the hoisting works roof on fire. Seeing the building was doomed, Superintendent Kirkham tried to prevent the powder and caps, stored alongside the burning works, from exploding. Sparks falling about the powder kegs threatened instant explosion, and the superintendent ran from the burning building. Hardly had he gone fifty feet when the whole mass of explosives caught and went off with a roar, heard miles away.

Kirkham was knocked down, but he escaped injury, though heavy pieces of iron and wreckage were flying in all directions. The roof of the hoisting works was thrown hundreds of feet in the air. The miners down in the works heard and felt the explosion. They escaped by means of the drain tunnel. The damage is estimated at $30,000.

INJURIES TO STOWAWAYS.

SHIP OWNERS NOT LIABLE.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

TACOMA, Nov. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A decision of interest to shipping men was handed down by Judge Hanford in the United States court yesterday, defining the attitude and responsibility of a ship in relation to stowaways.

The case decided was that of Drs. J. William Scammell and G. W. Overmeyer of Aberdeen, Wash., who libeled the San Francisco schooner Laura Madsen to enforce payment for their services as physicians in treating a stowaway who was injured aboard the schooner.

Judge Hanford finds for the schooner, and dismissed the suit at the cost of the libelants. The court states that the schooner was employed in the lumber trade between Grays Harbor and San Diego, when one day at sea on the return voyage from San Diego, a stowaway was discovered aboard. The captain required the stowaway to sign ship's articles to serve as a member of the crew to the end of the voyage, and he was marked on the articles as a stowaway. He was not required to do seaman's work, but was willing to lend a helping hand whenever he found an opportunity, and while he was voluntarily hauling on brakes he fell on the deck and was severely injured.

On arrival at Aberdeen Drs. Scammell and Overmeyer removed him to a hospital, and treated him. Judge Hanford holds that the vessel did not become liable for such services as the stowaway came aboard wholly at his own risk.

Custard
The H-O Co's
TAPIOCA

The H-O Company is the maker of H-O (Hornby's Steam Cooked Oatmeal) easily first of all oat products or modern breakfast foods. The H-O Co.'s Tapioca is the root of a tropical plant carefully selected and prepared.

R. L. CRAIG & CO., Agents.

MILLIONS OF TONS OF GOOD COAL.

LONG-LOST CEDAR MOUNTAIN VEIN IS LOCATED.

Said to Be the Largest and Best Body of Clean Coal on the Coast—There are Four Million Tons in Sight, Thousands Spent in Search of Mine.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SEATTLE, Nov. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The rediscovery of the mammoth coal vein on Cedar Mountain, sixteen miles from Seattle, is the latest development in the mineral resources of Western Washington.

Years ago the Cedar Mountain coal was the best known on the Coast. J. M. Colman, a Seattle pioneer, was the owner. Suddenly the vein was lost. Colman spent thousands to relocate it, but without success. The last purchasers were E. L. Grondahl, vice-president of the Scandinavian-American Bank, and J. A. Moore of the Moore Investment Company. They employed T. B. Corey, a coal expert, to make the rediscovery. His calculations and labors have been rewarded, for he has relocated and uncovered the long-lost vein.

It is said to be the largest and best body of clean coal so far found on the Coast. It is twelve feet wide, and covers an entire 150 acres in a solid field. Another vein on the same property recently uncovered contains 2,000,000 tons, making a total of 4,000,000 tons in sight.

RAINFALL.

WILLOWS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WILLOWS, Nov. 28.—Rain commenced falling this morning. A liberal downpour continued all day, and is still falling. It is welcome to farmers. The precipitation is nearly two inches.

MODESTO.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

MODESTO, Nov. 28.—A heavy rain commenced to fall at noon today, and this evening the fall was .56 inches, with indications of continuing. The rain is welcome to farmers, who will be enabled with the present amount to put in crops.

PACIFIC GROVE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PACIFIC GROVE, Nov. 28.—The heaviest downpour of the present season began here about 6 a.m. today, and has continued steadily ever since. Nearly an inch and a half of rain has fallen during the past twelve hours. General satisfaction is manifested, for this rain will be of great benefit to the young feed that is just starting. The downpour is general.

JAMESTOWN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

JAMESTOWN, Nov. 28.—Rain commenced falling here at 3 p.m., and up to 5 p.m. one-half inch had fallen. The Tuolumne Water Company turned the power on for the mines today, and the present storm assures plenty of water from now on.

SAN JOSE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN JOSE, Nov. 28.—Rain has been falling here most of the time since 5 o'clock this morning, and there is every prospect of indefinite continuance. The measurement at 10 o'clock tonight is .60; total for season, 2.44; same date last year, 6.72. The storm is welcome.

STOCKTON.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

STOCKTON, Nov. 28.—A steady rain has been falling the greater part of the day and evening. The wind is from the south, and the indications are for a heavy storm. Up to 11 o'clock one inch had been received, and it was still raining. The damage will be slight, while the benefits to green feed and early-sown grain will be great. The precipitation is general.

SACRAMENTO.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 28.—Rain began at 5 o'clock this morning, and continued almost all day, the precipitation in twelve hours being .58. It is just the kind of rain preferred by the farmers. It is general throughout this part of the Sacramento Valley.

FRESNO.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

FRESNO, Nov. 28.—Heavy showers of rain, which will probably continue for several hours, began falling at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. Plowing and seeding are in progress, except on very dry lands. The crops are growing rapidly, and the rain will be of benefit to all classes of agriculture. An increased acreage of wheat will be sown this season.

HART'S BIG COMPANY.

MILLIONS BACK OF IT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN JOSE, Nov. 28.—Former Atty.-Gen. Hart is authority for the statement that extensive iron and steel works will soon be erected at some point near San Francisco by an eastern corporation, Alviso and Dumbarton points being among the sites most favored.

During a conversation with County Assessor Spitzer, and other gentlemen in the former's office a few days ago, Hart gave the foregoing information, and added that he and his associates had located an extensive and very valuable body of iron ore, and that New York capitalists, after full investigation, had subscribed $11,000,000 to the capital stock of a corporation which would mine the ore and manufacture iron and steel. Their purpose is also to build a railroad from the mines to the proposed works, a distance of 250 miles.

Among the stockholders Hart named Hetty Green as subscribing $4,000,000; the Vanderbilts, $2,000,000 and the Goulds $1,000,000. This and $4,000,000 additional, says Hart, was all subscribed in New York in one day. Hart assured his hearers that he was speaking seriously, and that the project would soon assume definite shape.

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

Offer Land for Camp.

SANTA CRUZ, Nov. 28.—Word was received here that the government intends to select a site in this State for a permanent camp, and Santa Cruz was decided upon, providing it will denote 1000 acres. The Board of Trade held a meeting and voted that Lavaga Heights, except that portion held by the State for encampment purposes be offered. A committee was appointed to confer with government officials.

Domestic Trouble Causes Suicide.

GRASS VALLEY, Nov. 28.—George Townsend committed suicide yesterday at the home of his father-in-law, George Moulton, some miles south of here. He procured a bottle of carbolic acid, and drank a large portion of it before the bottle was knocked from his hand. Domestic trouble is thought to be the cause of suicide.

Lumber Yard Burned.

JAMESTOWN, Nov. 28.—Fire broke out last night in the lumber yard of the West Side Lumber Company at Jamestown, destroying lumber and buildings valued at $7000; no insurance. The fire was undoubtedly of incendiary origin.

Spokane Postoffice Robbed.

SPOKANE (Wash.) Nov. 28.—The postoffice at East Spokane was broken open by burglars last night, who carried off about $75 worth of stamps and a small amount of cash.

WILL COMMAND IN AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Gen. E. T. C. Hutton, who commanded the First Brigade of mounted infantry in South Africa, has been appointed commander-in-chief of the forces of the Australian commonwealth.

Sale of Private Letters.

It seems scarcely fair to living celebrities that their private letters should be treated as marketable commodities and exposed to public view for the gratification of autograph hunters. In the catalogue of a forthcoming literary sale there is to be found a letter written by Field Marshal Lord Wolseley on July 14, 1855, to Sir George Duckett, in which occurs this passage: "I am highly gratified at finding that you approve of the endeavors I have recently made to wake up the people to the insufficiency of their army and navy. I wait anxiously to see what is to be the practical outcome, I know Lord Salisbury is anxious to deal in a businesslike manner with the subject, but he has some poor weak vassals in his cabinet who command neither the respect of the two great services nor the confidence of the people." The publication of such an opinion, even at this distance of time, may conceivably give rise to unpleasant reflections, for with the exceptions of Edward Stanhope and W. H. Smith all who were members of the cabinet in 1885 are still with us. Which of them belong to the category of "poor weak vassals?"

One sad feature of the long-continued London fog is that most of it is sure to become mixed with the Kipling and Austin poetry.—[Baltimore American.

RELIABLE MEN'S WEAR.

The name of Mullen & Bluett on any article of wearing apparel means that it will wear.

Just Right Suits.

Just right in price—
Just right in style—
Just right in quality—
Just right in workmanship

and you have the right to get your money back if everything is not just right. See the new Oxfords and Cheviot Sack Suits, made by the very best wholesale tailors in this country, at

$10, $12, $13.50, $15, $18, $20, $22.50, $25, Up.

Hats and Furnishings.

THE PAN-AMERICAN HAT AT

$3.

In pearl, gray and black. All the go, with the swell dressers in town.

Men's Underwear.

Derby rib, fleece lined cotton.....50c
Natural wool, non-shrinkable, per garment....75c
Camel hair color, non-shrinkable, per garment..75c
Extra fine quality wool, per garment.....$1 00

Mullen & Bluett CLOTHING CO. THE ONE-PRICE HOUSE. COR. FIRST & SPRING STS.

RUSSIA.

RUSSIA WANTS NO FOREIGN GOODS.

GOVERNMENT BOARDS COMMANDED TO USE HOME PRODUCTS.

Bitter Complaints are Made in Those Quarters Where American Goods are Still Sold in Spite of the Recent Advance in the Tariff.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 14.—[A. P. Correspondence, wired from Chicago, Nov. 14.]—Another step in the policy of reinforcing customs duties by absolute prohibitions of foreign-made goods has been taken. The ministers of Finance and the Interior have commanded all local governbent boards to use Russian-made machinery and other articles to the exclusion of foreign. The avowed purpose is the support of industry in Russia, and of the gold circulation.

The newspapers of Siberia, where American goods have hitherto been sold in spite of the high duties, are particularly loud in their complaints.

Similar orders have already been given to the naval, military and railway workshops.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

The German plate syndicate has reduced its price on boiler plates from 150 to 140 marks, and on other plates from 160 to 146 marks.

The list of victims of the Penberthy Injector Works boiler explosion at Detroit will probably remain at thirty, two more bodies having been recovered.

The corner-stone of the Home for Protestant Children and the Aged and Infirm of the Loyal Range Institution was laid yesterday at Hatboro, a suburb of Philadelphia.

A brilliant Thanksgiving Day reception was held at the American embassy in London, last night. American business and private houses were decorated with the Stars and Stripes during the day.

The works of the National Enameling and Stamping Company in Brooklyn were entirely destroyed by fire yesterday, and George Koch, a watchman, was burned to death. The loss will be more than $500,000.

An electric car loaded with twenty-five glass workers collided yesterday with a coal car while returning to Anderson, Ind., from the factory. All of the workmen were more or less injured, and three will probably die.

Fishermen from Manitou Island report that the bodies of several of the crew of the wrecked steamer Hudson are buried in the sands along the shore of Keweenaw Point, Manitou Island. The bodies are badly decomposed and cannot be identified.

The Governor of Texas has respited until December 20 the death sentence of Henry Randall. The respite is granted in order to permit the Governor to examine carefully the papers requesting a commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment.

A report from McKeesport, Pa., says that at a meeting of the switchmen a general strike order was issued for that city. This will call out ten crews on the Baltimore and Ohio and twenty crews employed by the Tube works and the Monongahela furnaces.

The steamship Centennial, Capt. Conradi, arrived at Seattle yesterday from Iliiamna, where she conveyed the supplies of the Trans-Alaskan Exploration and Railway Company. The cargo for the road, which is to be built from Cook Inlet to the interior, was successfully landed.

Corsicana, Tex., oil producers have been notified of a reduction of 10 cents per barrel in light crude oil. This brings the price to 90 cents per barrel, the lowest point reached since the advances made after the expiration of the 50 cents per barrel contract under which the pipe line was established.

The most dangerous fire since the discovery of the oil field occurred Wednesday in Beaumont. Plumbers working on pipes built a small fire for the purpose of making connections. It got beyond control, and was threatening the great forest of derricks in the Hogg-Swayne syndicate. The entire population turned out to fight the flames, and succeeded in staying them within twenty feet of the nearest derrick. The plumbers were arrested.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday, by a vote of 335 to 213, adopted the Chinese loan, after rejecting two paragraphs of the final article, which the commission had inserted against the wish of the government and which would have excluded religious congregations from the benefits of the loan, and which also provided that indemnities be distributed to private claimants only as China paid the installments. Both paragraphs were thrown out by big majorities. The adoption of the Chinese loan bill was followed by an exciting epilogue.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE the coming Sunday will contain a description of some notable collections of rare birds in Southern California, with liberal pictorial illustrations.

Send Wines East.

Eastern friends will appreciate a case or two of California wines.

Premier Wines

the highest grade wines that the State produces. Equal to the best that France can send.

Twenty-five wines and brandies from $4.00 per 12 quarts up. Our facilities for distribution afford you a freight saving.

Charles Stern & Sons,

341 South Spring St. Tel. Main 1251. Los Angeles, Cal.

Branches: New York, Boston, Chicago.

GOVERNMENT WORK ON NORTH ISLAND.

ENTRANCE TO HARBOR OF SAN DIEGO FORTIFIED.

Lighthouse Tender Will Change Buoys—French Cruiser Bedecked With American Flags in Honor of Thanksgiving Day—Brevities.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 28.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] On Saturday the government work which has been going on on North Island for the past few months will be completed. There has been built the emplacement for two small rapid-firing guns, which will command the entrance of the harbor. It is a miniature fort, being 15 feet high, 100 feet in length, by 40 in width. The walls are of good stiff concrete. Within there are four chambers, including the magazines and places for other storage. The guns for either this or the emplacement on Point Loma have not yet arrived, but are expected soon. The government intends to build another emplacement on North Island for two 5-inch guns next year. Those to be installed in the two emplacements now ready are 15-pounder, 3-inch guns.

SHIPPING NEWS.

The lighthouse tender Madrona, Capt. Derves, arrived this morning from up the coast, and tied up to the Santa Fé wharf to allow the crew to enjoy the holiday. Tomorrow they will go to work to change the buoys at the entrance of the harbor. Those now in station will be replaced by freshly-cleaned and painted ones, waiting on the wharf. They will be cleaned and painted to take their turn again six months hence.

The British bark Sierra Blanca, Capt. Corkhill, has been ordered to San Francisco, there to await orders. She will leave either tomorrow or next day. The captain returned from Los Angeles last night.

The British barque Formosa, Capt. Fretwurst, may be delayed here two or three days beyond the time that he expected to sail, as there is a great scarcity of longshoremen.

Commodore Baraud of the French cruiser Protet has issued orders that the ship remain here until Sunday noon. The captain had not figured on the American holiday when he issued the previous orders. She will take coal tomorrow. The rigging was gaily decorated today with the international code signal flags in courtesy of the American customs. At the top of the first mast floated the American colors, while at the stern below was the French tricolor.

The St. Denis sailed last evening for Ensenada.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

The majority of the churches united in a union Thanksgiving service at the First Presbyterian Church today. Rev. W. E. Crabtree of the Central Christian Church delivered the address of the day on "God's Unspeakable Gift." There were also services at St. Paul's Episcopal and St. Joseph Catholic churches.

The City Council will be asked to offer the United States government 500 acres in the 1400-acre city park, for the purpose of establishing here a site for a permanent military camp. The Council will meet next Monday evening, and doubtless will pass a measure to this end.

The famous Hartrupee-Butler mining case was completed yesterday afternoon in Department Two of the Superior Court, and has been taken under advisement by Judge Conklin.

S. Nordlinger,
Gold and Silversmith.
109 S. Spring Street.
Under Nadeau Hotel.

Hale's
Cor. First and Spring
107-109 North Spring Street.

Men's Good Goods, too.

Wives and Mothers will read this closely.

Our Men's Department is conducted on the principle that men folks are a bit cranky as to what they wear. They want underwear that won't scratch, they want shirts that fit just right, they want hosiery that don't poison the feet, and so on through all the list of men's wearables.

So we're cranky ourselves when we send buyers to the Eastern mills and we get just suited or we don't buy.

A wife or mother is always safe when she selects men's goods at Hale's, and we've known some men to lay down the rule that if their furnishings didn't come from Hale's they would be promptly sent back.

Fleece Lined Underwear 50c
You may have them in brown, ecru and blue. They come in an extra heavy ribbed, nicely fleeced on the inside. It's the kind of underwear that keeps its shape and resists the hardest wear.

Black and White Shirts 50c
Perhaps half a hundred different stores offer you black and white shirts at 50c, but not one of them approaches the Hale shirt in value. You'll note how they're made of heavy twilled material, absolutely fast color, and extra durable. They're made with collar band, yoke and pocket, and come in full generous sizes.

Canton Flan'l Nightshirts 50c
It is not the price that is remarkable, it's the nightshirts themselves. The quality of the material is heavy, strong, and extra soft on the inside. They are made with a pocket, and come large and roomy. If the price was 65c it would be dearer than they are really worth.

Finest Wool Underwear $1.50
This is made of selected lamb's wool in the natural gray color. You've never seen underwear so soft and beautiful. A man couldn't catch cold with such a protection as this. Just perfect in fit and making. Finished with pearl buttons and a fine quality of satteen. Price per garment, $1.50.

Underwear for Particular Women.

If you want the fullest value for the amount paid, we don't hesitate to promise such offerings as no contemporary will meet.

$1.00 Wool Vests 85c
Women's all wool vests with high neck, long sleeves, silk taped neck and silk finished. Your choice of white or grey.

$1.00 Wool Pants 73c
Some of them worth a dollar, some of them reduced from $1.25. Your choice of all wool or part wool pants in white or gray. Splendid weave and nice soft finish.

Combination Suits $1.00
Women's fancy cotton flannel combination suits with high neck, long sleeves, buttoned down the front, both white and ecru.

Wool Vests $1.25
Women's finest quality of all wool ribbed vests with high neck, long sleeves, daintily silk finished. Both gray and white.

Smoke——
CUESTA, REY & CO.
CLEAR HAVANA CIGARS
Best on the Market.
MASON & BATON, Agents,
234 West First Street.

QUIET THANKSGIVING AT RIVERSIDE.

UNION SERVICES HELD IN THE METHODIST CHURCH.

Hays Beats Phelps in Rubidoux Golf Finals—High School Beats Business College at Football—Bad Day in Riverside Jail.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

RIVERSIDE, Nov. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Business was practically suspended here today. A union thanksgiving service of the churches was held at the Methodist Church this morning, the sermon being preached by Rev. D. L. MacQuarrie of the Arlington Presbyterian Church.

SPORTING EVENTS.

Hays beat Phelps in the finals in the Rubidoux Club golf tournament, 36 holes, four up, two to play.

The Riverside High School football team beat the Business College team this morning at Athletic Park by a score of 11 to 0. In the afternoon the Riverside baseball team defeated a nine from Ontario by a score of 23 to 5. Only eight innings were played.

There was an interesting programme of races at the Polo Club Park in the afternoon.

BAD DAY IN JAIL.

The fellow named Day, who last week spent a day at Colton for the alleged intention of annihilating Chemist Duryee of the cement works, was brought from the desert region this morning. Day cut high jinks with a restaurant man in the vicinity of Indio, but was arrested on a vagrancy charge, pending the filing of more serious complaints against him.

FRANK G. CARPENTER'S letter in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday will give an exceedingly interesting account of some strange people in Holland's Asiatic possessions.

Mason & Hamlin PIANOS

Quality of finish as well as quality of tone distinguish the Mason & Hamlin pianos from others, the finest ivory is used in the keys, the sharps are polished ebony. There's a vast difference in the value of ivory and celluloid. No expense is spared in the construction of the Mason & Hamlin. We sell this famous make of instruments at precisely the same price you would pay for them if you were there in person. Be sure to hear and see this great piano before you decide.

Accommodating terms.

Sole Representatives for Southern California.

Geo. J. Birkel Co.
345-347
South Spring Street
—AND—
San Diego.

THE ABOVE IS AN INTERIOR VIEW of our elegant new store, which is one of the finest on the Pacific Coast, and to the opening of which we cordially invite you, Saturday, November 30th. With music, flowers and a beautiful display of our immense holiday stock we hope to make your visit a pleasant one.

Donavan & Co.,
Jewelers and Silversmiths, 245 S. Spring St.

MILITARY POWER OF UNITED STATES.

Interesting Report of the Secretary of War—Comprehensive Statement Regarding the Philippines.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Secretary of War Root, in his annual report to the President, says that on the 30th of November, 1900, the date of the last annual report, the army of the United States, according to the latest reports received from the field, consisted of 2535 officers and 62,221 enlisted men of the regular establishment, and 1548 officers (of whom 233 were regular army officers holding volunteer commissions,) and 31,679 enlisted men of the volunteer force, making a total force of 103,156, consisting of 3850 officers and 99,300 enlisted men. Of these 4300 were enlisted men of the Hospital Corps.

The volunteer force then existing was raised under the provisions of the act of March 3, 1899, and by the terms of that act was to continue in service not later than July 1, 1901. It was accordingly brought back from the Philippines, where it was substantially all stationed, between the 1st of January and the 30th of June, 1901, to San Francisco, where it was mustered out.

The act of February 2, 1901, entitled "An act to increase the efficiency of the permanent military establishment of the United States," provided for an increase of line organizations from 25 regiments of infantry to 30, from 10 regiments of cavalry to 15, from 7 regiments of artillery, including 16 field batteries, to a corps of artillery, practically equivalent to 13 regiments under the old organization, and including 30 field batteries, and from 1 battalion of engineers to 3. Minimum and maximum number of enlisted men for the different organizations were established by the same statute, so that the total number of enlisted men might be varied by the President, according to the exigencies of the time, from a minimum of 59,121, to a maximum of 100,000, without any change of commissioned officers, or in the number of organizations.

The improvement of conditions in the Philippines during the spring and summer of this year made it unnecessary to provide the maximum number allowed by the law, and on the 8th of May an order was made fixing the enlisted strength of the several organizations in such a manner as to establish the aggregate enlisted strength of the army, including staff departments, but exclusive of hospital corps men, at 77,-287, composed as follows: Cavalry, 15,840; artillery, coast, 13,734; field, 4800; non-commissioned staff and band, 223; total, 18,862; infantry, 33,630; engineer battalions and band, 1252; enlisted men staff departments, etc., 2793; total army, 77,287.

The new organizations authorized were recruited upon the basis thus prescribed, leaving the organizations in the Philippines and Cuba, which had been temporarily increased to greater numbers, to be reduced to that basis by the ordinary expiration of enlistments and casualties. The new organizations have been completed. The regular establishment now consists, according to the latest reports which have been received, of 3253 officers and 74,064 enlisted men. There are also 4236 men of the Hospital Corps, 172 volunteer surgeons, in the Philippines, appointed under section 18 of the act of February 2, 1901; 4973 native scouts under the command of 98 officers in the Philippines, and 25 officers and 515 men of the Porto Rico Provisional Regiment.

The recruitment of the new organizations and the maintenance of the old have been accomplished without difficulty, and the material obtained appears by the reports to be of the best quality. About three-fourths of the total number of applicants were rejected and about one-fourth accepted. Of those accepted about 90 per cent. were native born and about 10 per cent. naturalized citizens. The requirements that the applicant should be in perfect health, of good character, and able to read and write have been rigidly enforced. The reorganization provided for by the act required the selection and appointment of 298 officers of staff corps and departments, and of 837 first and second lieutenants of the line. The staff positions have been filled, in most cases, by the appointment of deserving officers who had held staff positions in the volunteer force, and as to the remaining positions, by the appointment of officers who had rendered specially meritorious service in the field. The surgeons and chaplains constitute an exception to this statement, having been selected partly from civil life.

The last increment of enlisted men was completed on September 23, and the last vacancies of first and second lieutenants in the artillery were not open for appointment until that date. The postponement in the promotion of officers of the artillery, required by this provision of the statute, has resulted in giving the greater part of the officers of artillery commissions bearing later dates than those of the officers of cavalry and infantry, who were promoted to the extent provided for by the law immediately upon the passage of the act. Accordingly, the officers promoted from the cavalry and infantry all bear commissions dated February 2, 1901, while the officers promoted in the artillery bear commissions dated, respectively, February 2, 1901; May 8, 1901; July 1, 1901; August 1, 1901; August 22, 1901, and September 23, 1901. Secretary Root recommends action by Congress to remedy this inequality by making all the commissions bear the same date.

BOARD OF LOCATION.

A board consisting of all the general officers of the line of the army now in the United States and the Chief of Artillery has been convened at Washington, and is now in session, to formulate and submit a project for the location, examinations, and surveys to be made for the permanent grounds provided for by section 35 of the act of February 2, 1901. This board is also charged with the duty of considering and reporting upon the location and distribution of military posts required for the proper accommodation, instruction and training of the army as organized under the act of February 2, not including coast fortifications, and is directed to make "recommendations in detail as to which of the existing posts should be retained or abandoned, and of those retained which, if any, should be enlarged and to what extent, and the location, size and character of such new posts as may be necessary, having due regard in all its recommendations to the proper distribution of the different arms of the service, based upon strategic, sanitary and economical considerations."

SEACOAST DEFENSE.

The detailed project for the defense of the entrance to Chesapeake Bay at Cape Henry, Va., has been approved. A detailed project for the defense of San Juan, Porto Rico, at a total estimated cost of $1,806,000, has been prepared, and preliminary projects for the defense of Pearl Harbor and Honolulu, in the Territory of Hawaii, are also available. Substantial progress has been made in the revision of earlier projects of fortification, made before the use of rapid-fire guns played so great a part in coast defense. There have been added to the completed seacoast armament during the year fifteen 12-inch guns, seven 10-inch guns, eleven 8-inch guns, thirty-five rapid-fire guns and twenty-three mortars. Satisfactory progress has been made in construction at numerous points according to plans previously approved. The magazines in many of the seacoast fortifications have proved too damp for the long-continued storage of powder. It is believed that the difficulty has been obviated in recent construction, and steps are being taken to remedy it in the old magazines.

On the 5th of June, the Board of Ordnance and Fortification advised me as follows: "It is the unanimous opinion of the board that the pneumatic dynamite gun batteries have become obsolete by more recent developments in the means of defense, and the board does not consider these batteries at the present time of sufficient utility to warrant further expenditures in their construction, or the extensive repair of those already installed." Discontinuance of work on the dynamite batteries then in progress was accordingly directed.

ORDNANCE.

The Ordnance Department reports an abundant supply of smokeless powder on hand of the best quality now extant, and material improvement in its manufacture.

The Ordnance Department has during the year continued a series of experiments upon high explosives and detonating fuses, with satisfactory results. An extensive series of tests of field guns and carriages, is in progress under a programme prepared by the Board of Ordnance and Fortification. The caliber determined upon was 3-inch, and all competitors were advised that it was desirable that the guns and carriages submitted for test should use fixed ammunition, and be provided with cylinders and trail spades to reduce the recoil of firing to a minimum. Nine different types have been submitted; two constructed by United States officers, three by American manufacturers, and four by foreign builders.

A plant for the manufacture of small arms has been installed at the Rock Island arsenal, and the plant at Springfield Armory has been enlarged. With these increased facilities for manufacture, and the surplus stock now on hand, the department is ready, if Congress shall authorize it, to supply the national guards of the States with the present service rifle with which the regular army, navy and Marine Corps are now armed alike. The Secretary strongly urges that this authority be given.

GENERAL MILITARY EDUCATION.

Secretary Root says that existing conditions make this subject one of primary importance at the present time. The imperative demand for the service of all officers since the spring of 1898 has caused a practical cessation of all systematic education of commissioned officers for nearly four years. In the mean time, the ordinary additions to the number of second lieutenants have been, roughly speaking, about one-third from West Point and about two-thirds from the ranks and civil life. In the reorganization of the enlarged army, about 1600 new officers have been added from the volunteer force, so that more than one-third of all the officers of the army have been without any opportunity whatever for systematic study of the science of war. On the other hand, the rapid advance of military science; changes of tactics required by the changes in weapons; our own experience in the difficulty of working out problems of transportation, supply and hygiene; the wide range of responsibilities which we have seen devolving upon officers charged with the civil government of occupied territory; the delicate relations which constantly arise between military and civil authority; the manifest necessity that the soldier, above all others, should be familiar with the history and imbued with the spirit of our institutions—all indicate the great importance of thorough and broad education for military officers.

After careful consideration and study of the subject a general scheme of instruction has been matured and embodied in an order, the general provisions of which are as follows:

There shall be, besides the Military Academy at West Point, the following schools for the instruction of officers in the army:

(1.) At each military post an officers' school for elementary instruction in theory and practice.

(2.) Special-service schools: The Artillery School at Fort Monroe, Va.; the Engineer School of Application, Washington Barracks, D. C.; the School of Submarine Defense, Fort Totten, N. Y.; the School of Application for Cavalry and Field Artillery, at Fort Riley, Kan.; the Army Medical School, Washington, D. C.

(3.) A General-Service and Staff College, at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

(4.) A War College, for the most advanced instruction, at Washington Barracks, D. C.

The War College shall be under the immediate direction of a board of five officers detailed from the army at large and the following ex-officio members: The Chief of Engineers, the Chief of Artillery, the superintendent of the Military Academy, the commanding officer of the General Service and Staff College.

The War College board shall exercise general supervision and inspection of all the different schools above enumerated, and shall be charged with the duty of maintaining through them a complete system of military education, in which each separate school shall perform its proper part. Such officers as shall be requisite to assist the board in performing its duties will be detailed from time to time for that purpose. It should be kept constantly in mind that the object and ultimate aim of all this preparatory work is to train officers to command men in war. Theory must not, therefore, be allowed to displace practical application.

The officers' schools at military posts and the General Service and Staff College will be open for instruction to officers of the National Guard of the several States, to former officers of volunteers, and to graduates of military schools and colleges which have had officers of the army as instructors.

The special-service schools will be open to officers of the National Guard and former officers of volunteers who shall furnish evidence to the War Department of such preliminary education as to enable them to benefit by the courses of instruction.

The college staff at the General Service and Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, will make report to the Secretary of War of qualifications of officers of the National Guard, ex-volunteers, and graduates of military schools and colleges, who shall have attended the college or shall apply for examination, and shall further certify whether or not they are qualified for service as officers of volunteers, specifying character of the service, whether line or staff, for which they are specially qualified.

A special register of the names of persons so reported as qualified will be kept in the War Department. A register shall also be kept in the War Department in which shall be entered the name of officers of the regular army below the grade of colonel, as follows: First, officers who have heretofore exhibited superior capacity, application, and devotion to duty, the names to be selected by a board of officers convened for that purpose; second, officers who shall be reported as doing especially meritorious work in the above-mentioned schools, other than the officers' schools at posts; third, officers who at any time specially distinguish themselves by exceptionally meritorious service. It will be the aim of the department to make this register the basis of selection for details as staff officers, military attachés, and for special service requiring a high degree of professional capacity.

SIGNAL CORPS.

The Signal Corps has done a great amount of work during the year with its accustomed energy and efficiency. The telegraph system of Porto Rico was transferred to the civil authorities on the 1st of February, 1901. The corps has operated during the year a telegraph system in Cuba of 3418 miles, most of which it had built or rebuilt. It has been busily engaged in training Cubans in the telegraph offices, so that they may be prepared to operate the system upon our retirement. It has continued the construction of the Alaskan telegraph system. Great advance has been made toward perfecting the system of communication in the Philippines, extending through more than a thousand miles from north to south, the lines amounting on the 1st of July, 1901, to 4851 miles, an increase during the fiscal year of 2054 miles. The military cable system of the Philippines now covers 749 miles, connecting Manila over our own lines with the islands of Mindoro, Marinduque, Masbate, Samar, Leyte, Cebu, Negros, Mindanao, Jolo, Siasi and Panay.

ARMY IN THE PHILIPPINES.

The Secretary says:

"At the date of my last report, November 30, 1901, formal and open resistance to American authority in the Philippines had practically terminated, and the Filipino insurgent forces had adopted a system of guerrilla warfare closely approaching brigandage. To successfully contend against this condition and to suppress it, to afford protection to the peaceful and unarmed inhabitants, and to reëstablish local civil governments had necessitated the distribution of our forces to more than four hundred stations. This process continued until a maximum of 502 stations were occupied, holding every important town and strategic point in the archipelago. The scattered guerrilla insurgent bands obtained funds and supplies from the towns and the country in the vinicity of their operations. The people thus contributing to the support of these guerrillas had been rarely interfered with. Prisoners taken in battle had been disarmed and immediately released.

"This policy had been adhered to in the hope that it might make friendly neighbors of the natives, but, on the contrary, they seemed suspicious of this beneficence, and looked upon it as an evidence of weakness. It was therefore decided to apply more rigidly to the residents of the archipelago the laws of war touching the government of occupied places. Notice of this intention was given by a proclamation issued by the Military Governor, December 20, 1900, fully explaining the law, supplemented by letters of instruction, and followed by more vigorous field operations. It was followed immediately by the deportation to the island of Guam of about fifty prominent Filipino insurgent army officers, civil officials, insurgent agents, sympathizers and agitators. The details of the proclamation, letters of instruction and orders governing the deportation are embodied in the report of Maj.-Gen. MacArthur.

"The field work of the army was continued with renewed vigor from each of the 500 stations and was conducted simultaneously throughout the entire archipelago, with such telling results that, with the exception of Lukban in Samar and Malvar in Southern Luzon, all prominent insurgent leaders with their commands were captured or surrendered.

"These field operations were prosecuted notwithstanding the withdrawal from the Philippines and return to the United States of the volunteer army, comprising one regiment of cavalry and twenty-five regiments of infantry, a total of nearly 1400 officers and 29,000 enlisted men, whose transfer across 8000 miles of sea to San Francisco, where they were mustered out of service as required by law, was accomplished without loss.

CAPTURE OF AGUINALDO.

"The most important single military event of the year in the Philippines was the capture of Aguinaldo, successfully accomplished by Brig.-Gen. Frederick Funston, U.S.A., under the supervision and guidance of his department and division commanders, Maj.-Gens. Wheaton and MacArthur. Soon after his capture Aguinaldo voluntarily subscribed to the oath of allegiance, and issued a proclamation to the Filipino people, urging the termination of hostilities, that 'lasting peace might come to them under the glorious banner of the United States.' His capture was soon followed by the surrender of such prominent Filipino leaders as Tinio, Aglipay, Trias and Cailles, with their entire following.

"The operations of the field forces were so vigorous and unrelenting that more than 1000 contacts occurred between our troops and the insurgents from May 1900, to June 30, 1901, in which the insurgent casualties were: Killed, 2354; wounded, 1193; captured, 6572; surrendered, 23,095; with a total of 15,693 rifles and nearly 300,000 rounds of small arms ammunition captured and surrendered. Our casualties during the same period were: Killed, 245; wounded, 490; captured, 113; missing, 20.

"I cannot speak too highly of the work of the army in the Philippines. The officers and men have been equal to the best requirements, not only of military service, but of the civil administration with which they were charged in all its details from the date of our occupancy in August, 1898, until the inauguration of a civil Governor on the 4th of July, 1901.

"The recent disturbances in Samar and Southern Luzon are of minor consequence, and are being stamped out by the vigorous operations of the troops. Small disturbances of this character are, unfortunately, to be expected, but will be controlled and guarded against by every means possible."

Secretary Root continues: "The army in the Philippines has been reduced since my last report from 2367 officers and 71,727 enlisted men to 1111 officers and 42,128 enlisted men. When the organizations now remaining in the Philippines shall, by the force of ordinary casualties and expiration of enlistments, be reduced to the numbers established by the order of May 8, 1901, the total enlisted strength of those organizations, exclusive of hospital corps, will be 22,079. The reduction already made was effected partly by bringing home the volunteers and partly by bringing home the regular organizations which had been longest in the Philippines. So far as the regular troops are concerned, the movement is still in progress, four regiments of the present Philippine force which have been longest in the islands being now under orders to return to the United States. They will be replaced in part by two regiments and part of a third now under orders to sail from the United States. It is the design of the department not to subject any of our forces to the effect of a tropical climate for a longer period than three years without an intervening tour of service in a colder climate. With the reorganized army we are getting into a position where this can be accomplished systematically as a matter of routine.

"The policy indicated in my report of last year, of creating a native Philippine force which shall in time release a large part of the American army from the necessity of remaining in the Philippines, has not been neglected. The authority then asked was granted by section 36 of the act of February 2, 1901, Congress in that provision wisely empowering the President to proceed in his discretion by successive steps, beginning with a simple organization of scouts, and following, when the proper time should arrive, by the more complicated and fully-officered organization of the regular army. Pursuing this policy, the small bodies of scouts mentioned in my last report have during the year been enlarged and multiplied until there are now 4973 in the service. As command in these bodies requires special qualifications for dealing with the native soldiers, all the appointments of officers (ninety-eight in number,) have been made upon the recommendations of the commanding officer in the Philippines. The mustering out of these organizations as employés of the insular government, and their reënlistment and reorganization as companies of scouts, under the act of February 2, 1901, is now in progress and is far advanced.

"The War Department has realized the importance and the duty of following the improved conditions by a reduction of expenditures and the enforcement of economy. War always and inevitably lends toward extravagance. The conditions of active military operations frequently require that things shall be done without regard to cost. The uncertainties of the future make very liberal and often excessive estimates and requisitions the part of prudence. The difficulties of rapid transportation and extemporized storage of supplies make it impossible to enforce the ordinary standards of official accountability. The large sums expended and the greater interests involved, discourage small economies. Habits are acquired which cannot be thrown off without a positive and vigorous effort. We are making such an effort and, I think, with success."

DEPARTMENT INSPECTORS.

During the past summer the Adjutant-General, the Inspector-General, the Quartermaster-General, the Commissary-General and the Surgeon-General of the army have all been sent to the Philippines with instructions to ascertain, each in his own department, what measures of retrenchment can be taken without impairing efficiency, and many such measures have been recommended and undertaken.

The military administration in the Philippines has been simplified and made less expensive by the reduction of the number of military departments in the Division of the Philippines from four to two. The quartermaster's stores and the military hospitals have been concentrated. The quantity of bulky fodder shipped from the United States to the Philippines for the cavalry, artillery and transportation animals, which now number about twenty thousand, has been reduced by one-half, and native fodder substituted. The list of sales stores kept by the Commissary Department had been unduly extended in number and variety, and after consideration and investigation it has been materially reduced. The great and constantly-increasing number of civil employés in the various insular governments, who were supplied from army stores during the unsettled conditions of military occupation, had much increased this branch of the work of the Subsistence Department. The amounts received from all sales of subsistence stores during the fiscal year have aggregated $1,280,-234.52. These sales to officers and enlisted men are under the statute required to be at cost, and to civilians at cost with 10 per cent. added.

CUBA.

A large part of Secretary Root's report is devoted to a review of conditions in Cuba and he concludes:

"Our present duty to Cuba can be performed by the making of such a reciprocal tariff arrangement with her as President McKinley urged in his last words to his countrymen at Buffalo on the 5th of September. A reasonable reduction in our duties upon Cuban sugar and tobacco, in exchange for fairly compensatory reductions of Cuban duties upon American products, will answer the purpose, and I strongly urge that such an arrangement be promptly made. It would involve no sacrifice, but would be as advantageous to us as it would be to Cuba. The market for American products in a country with such a population, such wealth and purchasing power, as Cuba, with prosperity would speedily acquire, made certain by the advantage of preferential duties, would contribute far more to our prosperity than the retention of our present duties would be required to concede.

"A large part of the $37,000,000 of merchandise which Cuba now buys from countries other than the United States, and of the much greater amount which she would buy with prosperous, should come, and under proper reciprocal arrangements probably would come, from the United States. An examination of the Appendix B, shows that last year Cuba bought over $6,000,000 worth of cotton goods, of which we supplied but $500,000; nearly $700,000 worth of woolen goods, of which we supplied less than $22,000; over $2,000,000 worth of vegetables and vegetable fibers, of which we supplied but $171,000; over $1,000,000 worth of wine, of which we supplied but $328,000; over $536,000 worth of paper goods, of which we supplied but $1,000; nearly $1,500,000 worth of coal, of which we supplied but $712,000; $1,000,000 worth of chemicals, drugs, dyes, etc., of which we supplied but $422,000; $1,000,000 worth of animals and animal products, of which we supplied but $400,000; $1,628,000 worth of manufactures of leather, of which we supplied but $600,000; $3,125,000 worth of rice, of which we supplied but $2000. Of the whole of these articles, which we now furnish so small a proportion from the fields and factories of the United States.

"Aside from the moral obligation which we committed ourselves when we drove Spain out of Cuba, and aside from the ordinary considerations of commercial advantage involved in a reciprocity treaty, there are weightiest reasons of American policy pointing in the same direction for the peace of Cuba is necessary to the peace of the United States, the health of Cuba is necessary to the health of the United States, the independence of Cuba is necessary to the safety of the United States. These considerations which led to the intervention in the war with Spain now require that

(CONTINUED ON ELEVENTH PAGE.)

Gift Novelties.

Only a few suggestions. Best way is to come to the store and see our fine showing of Silver Novelties. The holiday goods are here—a fine selection.

HAT PINS—French gray and rose gold finish; 15c to $1.50.

BROOCHES—French gray and rose gold finish; 50c to $1.50.

GARTERS—Silk elastic, ribbon bows, French gray buckles; $1 and $4.

PIPES—Highly ornamented with silver mountings.

J. ABRAMSON,
Jeweler and Silversmith.
113 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

WHY PAY MORE

Mail Order Patrons Have Benefit of Cut Prices

Jacoby Bros.
331-333-335 South Broadway.

See the Big Window Display of Special Attractions

FREE

Valuable Souvenirs

Every man in Los Angeles is taking the keenest interest in this extraordinary Souvenir Sale. As the manager of our clothing department has testified by affidavit, not an article has been raised above its former low price, but we present a handsome and valuable souvenir absolutely free.

Remember also that we are showing the largest stock and swellest styles west of the Rockies.

We shall present FREE With every $10.00 or $12.50 Suit or Overcoat — A handsome $1.50 Hat or $1.50 Umbrella

We shall present FREE With every $15.00 or $17.50 Suit or Overcoat — A swell new $2.00 Hat or high grade $2 Umbrella

We shall present FREE With every $20.00 to $25.00 Suit or Overcoat — A nobby $2.50 Hat or a beautiful $2.50 Umbrella

Free with all $2.50 pants, a 25c pr. suspenders. Free with all $3.50 pants or over, 50c suspenders.

$17.50 Black or Blue Suits at $12.50

Come in the finest black clay worsted made into frock cutaways or elegant sack suits, also the dressiest blue serges in round cut or double breasted sack suits. Hand-made button holes, military shoulders, elegant lining.

Stunning Suits less than cost of making.

Our New York buyer purchased from a noted maker of women's suits his entire surplus stock, consisting of 150 beautiful styles. They have come just in time for a Friday and Saturday sale, and we propose to mark them so immensely low that not a suit will remain at closing time Saturday night. Every woman in Los Angeles who would add an elegant costume to her wardrobe may do so at a price that even the slimmest purse would not miss. Every one of them is strictly up to the highest notch in styles and designs. They are both picturesque and beautiful, and there is a suit here adapted to every style of figure.

Suits at $7.50.

Regular Value $12.50, $15.00 and $18.00.

These suits come in homespun cheviots, and venetians. Jackets are made in blouse or Eton style with fly front and are silk lined. Skirts are lined with near silk, some trimmed in silk and some trimmed in velvet. Colors include blue, gray, brown and black. Every suit made in tasteful, becoming, and swellest new styles. Not a suit that isn't daintily and handsomely cut; and perfect fit is guaranteed.

Suits at $16.50.

Regular Value $20, $22.50, $25 and $30.

These are made in homespuns, basket cloths, Venetian and broadcloths. Jackets are silk lined, with silk faced collar and revers, and daintily silk trimmed on cuffs and bell. Skirts lined with spun glass and finished in silk and near-silk. Made with a stylish graduated flounce, trimmed with bands of stitched silk. All sizes from 32 to 40. Colors include, brown, blue, castor, gray and black.

35c Women's Underwear 19c

Special bargains in women's fleece lined vests and pants, made of splendid ribbed cotton in cream or gray. Splendidly knitted, well shaped. Sold every where at 35c.

75c Women's Underwear 45c

This comes in pink, blue, cream, and ecrue, in a comfortable weight of ribbed cotton nicely fleece lined. Made with silk taped neck and silk finished.

25c Drawers 17c

Special bargains in women's fine tucked drawers made of fine muslin. You'll be surprised at the splendid needle work and good quality. Sold everywhere at 25c.

Boys' Complete Outfitters from Head to Foot.

$3 and $3.50 Boys' Suits $2.05
Handsomest double breasted and three piece vestee suits in attractive mixed colors in brown and gray effects. Ages three to sixteen. We can say positively that no such suits are sold in Los Angeles for less than $3.00 and $3.50. You can have them at Jacoby's for $2.05.

65c Pants 39c
Five hundred pairs of boys' cassimere school pants. They come in a good heavy weight, well sewed, nicely taped seams and elastic waist bands.

65c Boys' Underwear 42c
Boys' wool merino underwear in natural gray and camel's hair. Ages from six years to sixteen.

38c Underwear 23c
Boys' merino underwear in a good heavy winter weight. Comes in natural gray, ages four to sixteen.

Four Sharp Prices in Fine New Shoes.

Best $3.00 Shoes for Men
Men's genuine Goodyear Welt Shoes, all the new up-to-date ideas, tans and blacks, in Russia calf, wax calf, velour calf, box calf and vici kid; single or double soles; cloth or calf lined; $3.00.

Best $3.00 Shoes for Women
Ladies' genuine Goodyear welt and hand turned shoes; in plain dongola, mat kid, cloth or kangaroo tops; patent leather and kid tips; medium, high or Cuban heels; button and lace; $3.00.

$2.00 Boys' Shoes $1.46
Just such shoes as mother will appreciate, so durable and strong. Wax calf, box lace shoes, London toe with tips; good heavy soles. Sizes 2½ to 5½, $1.46. D, E and EE.

Misses' $2.00 Shoes $1.47
Dainty, attractive Dongola shoes made of heavy or light weight, single soles, button or lace; medium and broad toes. Sizes 11 to 2, D, E and EE. You could purchase them in no other splendid quality less than $1.50.

Friday and Saturday Specials in Men's Furnishings.

25c Fancy Half Hose 12½c
Men's latest patterns in fancy half hose in fancy stripes and figures, made with double sole, double heel and toe and extra elastic top. Size 9½ to 11.

$1 and $1.25 Fancy Shirts 62c
Elegant fancy shirts with fancy stiff madras bosoms, in the newest stripes, made with separate cuffs, open or closed fronts. All sizes.

$1.00 and $1.25 Underwear 89c
One big lot of men's fine underwear bought directly from the maker, consisting of all wool Paris cashmere, fancy silk bands on front and cuffs. Steam shrunk, soft finish on the inside.

28c Wool Hose 16c
One lot of elegant all wool cashmere hose, natural gray, indigo blue, or camel's hair, from the celebrated Franklin factory. Perfectly seamless and extra wide instep.

CUTLERY THAT CUTS...

TUFTS-LYON ARMS CO., 137-134

SPORTING RECORD.

TERRY LOST HIS CABEZA.

Knocked Out in Less Than Two Rounds.

"Young Corbett" Defeats McGovern Easily.

Cornell Finally Beats Pennsy at Football—Other Gridiron Conquests.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

HARTFORD (Ct.) Nov. 28.—Knocked out in the second round, of which one minute and forty-four seconds had elapsed, was the result of the fistic battle between "Young Corbett" of Denver and Terry McGovern, who has held the featherweight championship unflinchingly since he won it from George Dixon eighteen months ago. Outwitted and outpointed, McGovern had to lower his colors this afternoon at the Nutmeg Athletic Club, within six minutes from the start of the fight. "Corbett," who, outside of ring parlance, is Billy Rothwell, got the better of the champion so perfectly that there was no doubt about it.

The shock to the New York enthusiasts who crowded the boxing pavilion when the little champion was knocked out in the second round was a repetition of the disappointment exhibited by the adherents of John L. Sullivan when James J. Corbett defeated him in New Orleans.

Terry was as fit as the proverbial fiddle, but he was not fast enough for his man. From the word "go" the men went at each other like game cocks, and it looked as if either would go out in the first round. McGovern got the worst of the opening round, and in his endeavor to get in left himself open several times. "Corbett" stood off McGovern on every lead and trick, but the little Brooklyn boy went on as if there were nothing to it but the winner's end of the purse. When McGovern was knocked down in the opening round there were cries of dismay from his backers, but his wonderful recuperative powers were equal to the occasion, and he was on his feet within seven seconds.

This downfall seemed to take the stamina out of Terry, but he fought the round in clever style, and tried hard to stem the tide of defeat which seemed to have set against him. He tried all his rushing work, which had proved so profitable on former occasions, but "Corbett" met his every curve and countered hard on neck, jaw and head.

When Terry came back to his corner at the end of the first round, he said: "That's the toughest 'guy' I ever met, but I'll lick him just as soon as I see an opening."

The opening did not come for the New York boy, as the little Denver pugilist had then taken his measure.

Down went Terry again in the second round, and when he got up quickly he rushed, a wild man. He showed a lack of self-restraint, and in a burst of bad temper hit out left and right, irrespective of all rules and usages. These tactics were apparently just what "Corbett" was looking for. Terry was mixing things up at whirlwind velocity, and throwing science to the winds. It was any one's fight at this stage, but Terry fell into a trap, as "Corbett" feinted and suddenly sent his right out when McGovern was sidestepping. This blow just grazed McGovern's head, but a moment later "Corbett" feinted again, and after a rattling exchange sent his right over to the jaw, and Terry went down and out.

While the fallen champion was frantically trying to regain his feet, the crowd yelled madly. The referee declared that "Young Corbett" had won. He won on his merits, as he took no chances.

Terry was crestfallen after he returned to his dressing-room. He said: "Well, you can't tell how things can be accounted for. I hope to make another match with 'Corbett,' and I am more than confident that he will not be able to put it over me again."

"Young Corbett" was very demure when he emerged from his dressing-room. At first he was reluctant to talk, but finally said: "I was sure I could beat McGovern, and my opinion was based on what I had seen and heard of him. I felt that I had him from the first punch, but I was cool-headed all through. When I began to sling him, he lost his head, and when he lost his head, it was all over. I had him right there, and with a right swinging uppercut I landed the blow which won the battle."

"Young Corbett" will remain here for several days. Dave Sullivan was one of the first to send a challenge to the winner as soon as Charley White, the referee, announced his decision. A full description of the fight by rounds is as follows:

First round—McGovern tried for an opening with his left, and sent the right to "Corbett's" jaw. They clinched. In the mix-up both landed lefts. They exchanged lefts on the face, and McGovern, rushing again, sent his left to the body and right to the head. "Corbett" was short on his leads, and Terry bored him to the ropes with a hard right over the heart. McGovern ducked a left swing, and landed a right hard on the eye, forcing "Corbett" to the ropes. "Corbett" came back pluckily with a left on the body, which was countered with a right on the head from his opponent. McGovern led again with his left, landing on his opponent's shoulder, and "Corbett" came back with a right over the heart, sending McGovern back. The Brooklyn boy returned with right and left, only to be met with a swing on the jaw, which sent him on his back. He jumped to his feet immediately, and went at his opponent hammer and tongs on the chest and face, forcing him to his knees. "Corbett" got up, and the round ended in one of the hottest mixes on record, with honors about even.

Second round—McGovern rushed in with a left to the body, and the men clinched. A rapid exchange of rights and lefts followed. "Corbett" was on the defensive, and met Terry's rushes with straight left jabs. Suddenly he brought up his left, uppercutting McGovern and sending him to the floor. McGovern took five seconds of the count, and came back like a wild man, with left and right swings. Science was thrown to the winds, and the boys began slugging. McGovern was very wild, and they made a half-circle of the ring, fighting in this manner. At this stage it looked like anybody's fight should one of the vicious swings land. While "Corbett" kept his head and seemed to bore in between his body blows were apparently no stiffer than those of McGovern. However, he kept on forcing McGovern across the ring, and finally Terry forgot his defense. He simply saw a hurricane of blows coming toward him, and there was no guarding on his part. Suddenly a right swinging uppercut landed squarely on the point of his jaw, and McGovern went down and out.

Terry was not rendered unconscious, but it was evident to all present that he knew the championship had taken wings, and he made wild efforts to regain his feet. Referee White called off ten seconds, while McGovern valiantly struggled. "Corbett" stepped back in obedience to the referee's gesture, although he evidently was in doubt as to his opponent's condition. McGovern had given him such a gruelling argument that he was for the moment dubious as to whether the Brooklyn boy might not be able to come up again and renew the battle. But it was all over, and in a few minutes the new champion was in his dressing-room receiving the congratulations, while McGovern was wondering how it all happened.

OTHER CONTESTS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

HARTFORD, Nov. 28.—After the fight, a purse of $10,000 was offered by the Twentieth Century Athletic Club of San Francisco for another fight between McGovern and "Corbett," and McGovern accepted the offer. Dave Sullivan challenged the winner of today's fight.

Before the fight, Sharkey entered the ring and said he was ready to fight Jeffries. Fitzsimmons made a statement to the effect that he had defeated both Sharkey and Ruhlin, and had challenged Jeffries to go another bout, but Jeffries, he claimed, had flunked. "and" said Fitzsimmons, "when the champion flunked, I decided to die with the Horton law, and have made up my mind to devote the remainder of my life to teaching young Americans how to defend themselves."

There was little or no betting, Joe Vendig offering as good as 3 to 1 on McGovern with no takers. A few bets were made, at odds of 3 to 1, that the contest would not last ten rounds. Several bets were made at even money that the contest would not last six rounds.

The fighting was begun with a bout between "Young" Starr of Philadelphia and Jim Burke of New York at catch weights, for fifteen rounds. It was announced that Charley White would act as referee for both bouts, and that Joe Dunn of New York would act as timekeeper.

In the first round of the preliminary Starr punished his opponent so badly that the referee stopped the contest after two minutes and twenty-one seconds, and announced that Starr was the winner.

Shortly after the preliminary bout was decided, Mayor Alexander Harbison entered the clubhouse, and was escorted by Chief of Police Bill to the ringside. When the Mayor was recognized, the spectators cheered him thrice over in recognition of the fact that the contest would be permitted in this city.

NO MATCH FOR WALCOTT.

JACKSON BADLY PUNISHED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

BALTIMORE (Md.) Nov. 28.—Joe Walcott got the decision over Young Peter Jackson before the Eureka Athletic Club here tonight, after twenty rounds of perhaps the fiercest fighting ever seen in this city, most of which was done by Walcott, Jackson being on the defensive from start to finish.

When the men stripped Jackson stood fully three inches above Walcott, but lacked the sturdy build of the Boston negro. Walcott sailed in from the first and rained blow after blow upon the Californian.

One round was merely a repetition of the other, until the sixth. In this round Walcott sent three hard jabs to the wind, and got a stiff one on the mouth in return.

In the eighth Jackson managed to get in a good jab on the face, but Walcott pounded him so hard over the heart and kidneys that he soon had him groggy. The gong saved Jackson.

From this time on to the finish Walcott did all the leading and hitting, while Jackson, with the exception of a few feeble returns, did nothing but defend himself and try to keep on his feet.

CHAMPION PROBABLY HERE.

LEFT FRESNO LAST NIGHT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

FRESNO, Nov. 28.—James J. Jeffries, the champion heavyweight fighter, who has been duck-hunting in the vicinity of Fresno, will leave for Los Angeles tonight.

FERNS GOT THE DECISION.

SPECTATORS HISSED REFEREE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

DETROIT (Mich.) Nov. 28.—Rube Ferns of Buffalo was given the decision over Charlie Thurston of San Francisco, after fifteen rounds of fast fighting tonight. Referee Hogan, however, appeared to be alone in his belief, from the hissing of the spectators. Thurston was much the quicker on his feet, and ducked and blocked beautifully.

Ferns' blows, however, were more effective and this undoubtedly gave him the decision.

CHALLENGES TO CORBETT.

THREE FROM CHICAGO.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—Three challenges went to Young Corbett tonight from Chicago featherweights; Harry Harris, Tommy White and Benny Yanger. Yanger put up a deposit of $1000, and offers to meet Corbett for any number of rounds, and at any weight. Corbett was knocked out by Yanger in eight rounds last winter. A few months later they met for the second time, and foughtt ten rounds to a draw.

RECORD MARKS MADE.

GUN CLUB TOURNAMENT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PHOENIX (Aris.) Nov. 28.—This was the biggest day of the Arizona Gun Club tournament. In medal events at blue rocks, the winners made higher scores than ever before.

In the four-man team shoot for the $400, diamond medal, fifty targets per man, three of the four competing teams made record scores for Arizona. The Bisbee team, Adamson, Jones, Ives and Downs, won, scoring 183, or 91.5 per cent.; Jerome, 182; Phoenix, 169; Tucson, 158.

J. H. Holmes of Kingman, and D. D. McDonald of Prescott shoot for $250 a side; fifty birds and a hundred targets tomorrow.

.PIANOS.

Twelve Carloads New Pianos just arrived. Piano buyers need not look any further. Come in and hear the

WEBER.

SOUTHWESTERN AGENTS

The Bartlett Music Co., 233-235 S. Broadway.

Sale of Fine Parlor Lamps.

Our buyer purchased the entire sample line of decorated parlor lamps of the Schloss Crockery Co, San Francisco. These goods are known all over the United States for their artistic beauty and originality of design. There are no two lamps alike in the lot. These beautiful lamps go on sale at Half Price and less; here are a few of the prices; on sale Bargain Friday only.

$15 parlor lamps beautifully decorated $8.25
$15 parlor lamps beautifully decorated $7.50
$7.50 parlor lamps beautifully decorated $3.98
$4 parlor lamps beautifully decorated $2.10
$1.50 parlor lamps beautifully decorated 75c
$1 night lamps beautifully decorated 45c
50c night lamps beautifully decorated 29c

$7.50 Tailor Made Suits $3.98.

Women's tailor made suits of fair grade materials, neatly finished and substantially lined. In handsome shades of gray and brown mixtures; a good range of sizes. Only a limited quantity so you had best respond early if you want one. Splendid values up to $7.50. On sale Bargain Friday only, per suit, $3.98.

Figured Brilliantine Skirts 98c

Dress skirts of neat figured brilliantine; all lengths; nicely lined and well bound. Splendid value at $1.50. On sale Bargain Friday only, each, 98c.

Handsome Wool Waists $1.00.

An odd lot of women's waists; some of good wool materials, others of flannelette; not a full range of sizes of any particular color or style, but all sizes in the lot. Splendid values up to $1.69. On sale Bargain Friday only, each, $1.00.

Beautiful Silk Waists $3.98.

An odd lot of fine waists, in silks, satins and taffetas. A splendid range of colors, including cerise, cadet, light blue, lavender, and turquois. Some are slightly mussed from being displayed in the windows. All sizes in the lot. Originally priced at $5.00, $6.50 and $7.48. Quantity is limited so you had best hurry if you want them. On sale Bargain Friday only, each, $3.98.

Knit Fascinators 19c.

All colors, well covered centers, pretty borders, full size. Special Bargain Friday only, each, 19c.

Fancy Breasts 39c.

Large lot of fancy colored breasts, some peacock breasts in the lot. Priced regularly at 60c, 75c, 98c. Special Bargain Friday, only, each, 39c.

Hat Shapes 19c.

Buckram and wire shapes, correct styles and new shapes, worth nearly double. Bargain Friday only, each, 19c.

Ostrich Tips 59c.

Black tips, of good ostrich feathers, 11 in. long, full rich and glossy. Worth 85c. Special Bargain Friday only, each, 59c.

Remnants Silks and Velvets, Each, 5c.

Here's an accumulation of short lengths of silks, velvets and velveteens. The best sellers of the season that have been reduced to short ends. In the lot are China silks, pongee silks, fancy taffetas and foulards, colored silk velvets and velveteens. Lengths from ½ to ¾ yd. On sale Bargain Friday, each, 5c.

The Broadway Department Store

Bargain Friday No. 107

Bargain Friday sales have steadily gained in favor. It's true they have been imitated to a certain degree, but the counterfeit never possesses the virtues of the original. We make Friday a day of generous, general, far-reaching bargains. For today's business we are offering some of the greatest values ever chronicled for a Bargain Friday sale. Read every item.

Clothing Specials for Friday.

Men's pants of striped cotton worsted, strong winter weight, all sizes; good value at $1.00. Special Bargain Friday, per pair..... 69c

Men's suits, broken lines, good variety of patterns, all sizes in the lot, made of good fancy cheviots, well lined and trimmed; worth double. Special Bargain Friday only, per suit..... $3.89

Boys' overcoats of good gray wool, cloth finished, with black velvet collar; ages 4 to 14 years; the biggest bargain of the season; would be cheap at $5.00. Special Bargain Friday only, each..... $2.39

Boys' blouses of heavy percale or fancy duck; odd lines for boys ages 3 to 9 years; good values at 48c. Special Bargain Friday, each..... 25c

Boys' underwear, ribbed cotton with wool fleece inside; ages 6 to 14 years; shirts and drawers; made to sell at 65c. Special Bargain Friday only, per garment..... 39c

Men's soft hats, fedora and golf shapes; good range of colors, including black; made of good fur felt; values up to $1.50; all sizes. Special Bargain Friday, each..... 75c

Friday's Shoe Bargains.

Men's Shoes, of good quality satin calf, extension soles, lace or congress. Sizes from 9 to 11 only. Some heavy working shoes with extra tap soles in the lot. Good values up to $1.50. On sale Bargain Friday only, per pair..... 85c

Boys' shoes, satin calf, good quality, extension soles, coin toes and tips, sizes 2½ to 5½, solid leather throughout; worth $1.25. Special Bargain Friday only, per pair..... 75c

Misses' shoes, of Siden calf, heavy single soles, two-lift spring heels, made in lace with coin toe, sizes 11 to 2. Worth $1.50. On sale Bargain Friday, per pair..... 98c

Woman's house slippers, manufacturer's samples, made in one and two strap effects; some patent leather, others of kid. Hand-turned soles, large variety of styles; sizes up to 5's. Values up to $1.50. On sale Bargain Friday..... 95c

Bargain Friday Candy Specials.

Jelly beans, all flavors, including strawberry, vanilla, lemon and orange; fresh from the factory. Confectioners sell them at 20c and 25c per pound. Special, Bargain Friday, per pound..... 10c

Broken taffy, in lump, all the choicest fruit flavors; fresh and wholesome; worth 20c. Special, Bargain Friday, per pound..... 10c

Oriental fruit paste, the real Turkish with flower flavors; worth 35c. Bargain Friday only per pound..... 19c

Bargain Friday Sale Of Hair Goods.

Madam Petri of New York, a celebrated specialist on hair goods, is now at our store and joins us in a Bargain Friday sale of hair goods. Here are lower prices on hair goods than were ever quoted in Los Angeles before. These goods are all made of new convent cut hair; short stems and long hair. Here's a partial list of prices for Bargain Friday.

Switches of Real Hair..... 89c.
$4.50 Switches, Gray or Colors..... $1.97.
$2.50 Real Hair Switches..... 98c
Neck Curls, all Colors, Set..... 25c

Remnants Silks and Dress Goods.

The accumulation of the season's short ends. Silks from ½ yd. to 3½ yds. in length; wool dress goods from 1¼ yds. to 4. On sale for Bargain Friday for

Less than Half Price.

Good Floor Mattings 9c.

We're going to close out our entire stock of low grade China mattings; going to do it in one day. We have only about 25 rolls. They're in good patterns and grades that sell regularly at 15c and 17½c per yd. On sale Bargain Friday only, while they last, at, per yard, 9c.

White Curtain Swiss 8½c.

Full 36 inches wide; a complete line of patterns including some new stripe effects; grades that sell regularly at 12½c. On sale Bargain Friday only, per yard, 8½c.

Good Linings at 3c per yard.

Short lengths of cambrics and rustle linings in lengths varying from 1 to 3 yards; a splendid assortment of colors in the lot, as well as black. Grades sold regularly up to 10c per yard. On sale Bargain Friday only, per yard, 3c.

Linings Worth up to 25c at 6c per yd.

Short lengths of percaline, silesia, glass cloth, fancy waist and sleeve linings in lengths ranging up to 5 yards. Good assortment of colors as well as plain black. Linings that retail in the regular way up to 25c per yard. On sale Bargain Friday only, per yard, 6c.

Good White Shirts 23c.

Men's, unlaundered white shirts, good quality union linen front, long or short bosoms, strongly sewn, cut full sizes, sizes for everybody. Shirts that would be extremely cheap at 50c. On sale Bargain Friday only, each, 23c.

Men's 69c Underwear 29c.

Odd lines of Derby ribbed winter weight cotton and wool fleece lined shirts and drawers. Your size is likely to be found in the lot. Quantity is limited. Good values up to 69c. On sale Bargain Friday, while they last, per garment, 29c.

Men's 25c Neckwear 11c.

Band bows of good grade silk, new colors in very desirable patterns, also plain black; new shapes, well finished; regular 25c goods. On sale Bargain Friday only, each, 11c.

THANKSGIVING FOOTBALL.

PENNSY'S AGONY OVER.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—The University of Pennsylvania football team ended its disastrous season today with a crushing defeat at the hands of the Cornell eleven, the Ithaca boys scoring 24 points to the Quakers 6. It was the first time since the two universities have played football together that Cornell has been able to conquer Pennsylvania.

All through the contest, the red and blue players fought their opponents every inch of the way, but the doughty boys from New York State were superior to them in every department of the game except in punting.

A notable feature of Cornell's attack was the fine interference for the runner in open play. Two of her touchdowns were made solely through the good help given the man with the ball.

Attendance 20,000.

OTHER GAMES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—Following are the results of football games at other points:

At Salt Lake: University of Nevada, 6; University of Utah, 2.

At New York: Columbia, 40; Carlisle, 12.

At Chicago: Michigan, 50; Iowa, 0.

At Lincoln: Nebraska, 18; Haskell Indians, 10.

At Columbus: Ohio, 11; Kenyon, 6.

At Pittsburgh: Homestead, 11; Washington and Jefferson, 0.

At Chicago: Wisconsin, 35; Chicago, 0.

At Washington: Georgetown, 28; Lehigh, 0.

At St. Louis: Washington, 6; Indianapolis, 6.

At Kansas City: Kansas, 12; Missouri, 12.

At Des Moines: Grinnell, 5; Drake, 0.

At Milwaukee: Beloit College, 11; Milwaukee College, 0.

At St. Louis: St. Louis University, 25; McKendree College, 8.

FOOTBALL PLAYERS INJURED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

HOT SPRINGS (Ark.) Nov. 28.—As the result of injuries received in a football game this afternoon, C. O. Steele of Hot Springs is in bed with both legs and arms paralysed. Stone, another Hot Springs player, had two ribs fractured.

WADED THROUGH GAME.

OLYMPIC DEFEATED RELIANCE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—Olympic defeated Reliance today by a score of 2 to 0, on a field ankle deep in mud and water. Olympic scored in the first half on a safety. The second half was a series of line bucks, off-side plays, kicks and fumbles. A few attempts at place kicks failed.

The busiest man on the field was Prof. Al Lean who acted as chief mud scraper. He would uncake the faces of the men, pull chunks of mud out of their eyes, scrape their feet and souse them generally during the intermissions. His great stunt was to resuscitate the temporarily injured who were knocked out in a puddle of water. Several were saved from drowning by quick treatment, to the great amusement of the spectators.

Atkinson, Reliance's left half, who was ordered off the field for foul playing by Referee Horan, struck Horan over the eye inflicting a cut.

COAST GAMES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—The following are the results of Coast games:

At Tucson: University of Arizona, 6; Indian School, Phoenix, 0.

At Phoenix: Indian second team, 6; High School, 0.

At Woodland: Dixon, 6; Woodland, 0.

At Willows: Willows, 6; Bushnell, 0.

At Tulare: Tulare, 11; Stockton, 5.

At Santa Cruz: Santa Cruz, 0; Santa Clara, 5.

At Seattle: Washington, 10; Idaho, 0.

At Portland: Multnomah Athletic Club, 17; Oregon, 0.

Visalia Player Injured.

FRESNO, Nov. 28.—The Fresno High School football team defeated the Visalia High School by a score of 15 to 0. Beis of Visalia was hurt in the course of a scrimmage, and was unconscious for several minutes. His injuries are not serious.

JULIA WARD HOWE has written for The Times Magazine the coming Sunday an interesting review of the conditions that have surrounded girlhood during the past seventy years.

WAS SLOPPY GOING FROM POST TO WIRE.

OAKLAND EVENTS PULLED OFF IN A DOWNPOUR.

Thanksgiving Handicap the Feature of the Card—Easy Victory for Flying Torpedo—Rosewar Wins the Shasta Water Handicap—Fine Shot a Surprise.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—Although the weather was very unpleasant, a large crowd attended the races at Oakland today. The track was sloppy, as the result of heavy rain, and some of the events were run in a downpour.

The Thanksgiving handicap at a mile and an eighth, and valued at $2500, was the feature of the card. It resulted in an easy victory for Flying Torpedo, he beating Grayfeld two lengths. Janice took the small end of the purse. Rosewar won the Shasta Water handicap from Dean Swift and Homestead. Fine Shot proved a surprise in the first race, winning at odds of 15 to 1. Only two favorites scored. Results:

Six furlongs, selling: Fine Shot, 103 (Sec.) 15 to 1, won; Midnight Chimes, 103 (Winslette,) 9 to 2, second; Torsina, 105 (O'Neil,) 6 to 1, third; time 1:17. Letiger, Alfred C., Position and Sharp Bird also ran.

Mile, selling: Sunello, 109 (O'Connor,) 11 to 5, won; The Singer, 109 (Mounce,) 4 to 5, second; Parsifal, 100 Birkenruth,) 10 to 1, third; time 1:45½. Meadow Lark, Mrs. Brunell, Helen Smith and Rasp also ran.

One mile and a quarter, selling: Imperious, 109 (J. Mathews,) 3 to 1, won; Bangor, 112 (Bullman,) 9 to 10, second; Favorito, 109 (Vittitoe,) 12 to 1, third; time 2:14. Burdoc and Thayne also ran.

Shasta Water handicap, six and a half furlongs: Rosewar, 107 (O'Neil,) 5 to 1, won; Dean Swift, 105 (Bullman,) 7 to 2, second; Homestead, 110 (O'Connor,) 4 to 1, third; time 1:24. Porcus, St. Sever, The Giver and Huchuca also ran.

Thanksgiving handicap, mile and an eighth, purse $2500; Flying Torpedo, 97 (Birkenruth,) 2 to 1, won; Greyfeld, 106 (J. Woods,) 5 to 1, second; Janice, 115 (O'Connor,) 9 to 2, third; time 1:53. Bernota and Sea Lion also ran.

Six furlongs: Gusto, 112 (Mounce,) even, won; Ben Ledi, 107 (Winslette,) 3 to 1, second; Blohn, 108 (O'Connor,) 9 to 2, third; time 1:17. Orleans, Blanche Sheppard, Intrado and Modder also ran.

Racing at Bennings.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Hurdle, about one and three-quarters miles: McFonse won, Oracle second, Mr. Stoffel third; time 3:24 2-5.

Five furlongs: Meistersinger won, Long Love second, Adelaide Prince third; time 1:04 2-5.

Six furlongs: Verify won, Delmarch second, Gwinne third; time 1:17 1-5.

Steeplechase, about two and a half miles: George W. Jenkins won, Connover second, Cousin Jess third; time 5:18 3-5.

The Washington Cup, two and a quarter miles, purse: Warranted won, Charbuncle second, Surmise third; time 4:07 1-5.

Six furlongs: Bijou won, Rose of May second, Hans Wagner third; time 1:16 1-5.

Seven furlongs: Unmasked won, Red Patch second, Morokanta third; time 1:30 2-5.

Crescent City Results.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 28.—Crescent City results:

Mile handicap: Petit Maitre won; Johnny McCarthy second, Menace third; time 1:41½.

Five and a half furlongs: Balm of Gilead won, Dolce Far Niente second, Pronta third; time 1:08.

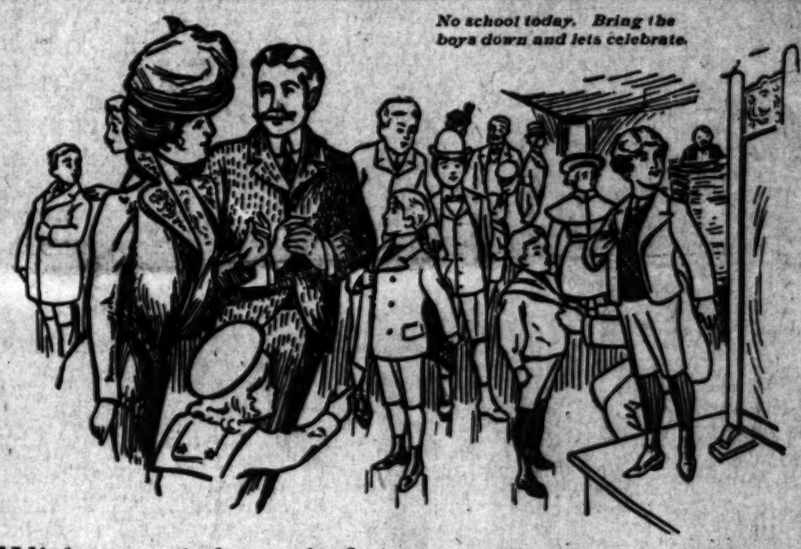
Steeplechase, handicap, short course: Bristol won, Danger Line second, Divertisement third; time 3:06½. Clissandro finished second, but was disqualified.

Inaugural handicap, sweepstakes, six furlongs: Sevoy won, Burnie Bunton second, Fleuron third; time 1:13¼.

Selling, mile and an eighth: Beana won, Free Pass second, El Ghor third; time 1:55¾.

Mile and seventy yards: Felix Bard won, R. G. Fox second, Reseda third; time 1:44¾.

GEN. EMILIO NUNEZ, civil Governor of Havana, has written an article for Cuba's coming election for The Times Magazine of the coming Sunday.



No school today. Bring the boys down and lets celebrate.

With usual thoughtfulness of your interest and convenience, the London has arranged "Boys' Day" when the little fellows will be out of school and you can bring them down to the store.

Today we offer Special Values in Three Lines of Boys' School Suits.

At $3.00

Boys' 2-piece school suits, double breasted coat and knee trousers, ages 8 to 16 years; of selected wool cassimeres and cheviots in neat checks, stripes and fancy mixtures.

For the little fellows we've included vestee and sailor suits at the "three-dollar" price. What more can we say?

At $4.00

Boys' 2-piece school suits, ages 8 to 16 years, of fine all-wool selected cheviots, tweeds and cassimeres; handsome darkish effects, also blue and black cheviots—from the best makers. The "four-dollar" price also includes a number of new Norfolk suits for boys from 4 to 10 years—very nobby.

At $5.00

Boys' 2 and 3-piece school suits of selected fine cheviots and cassimeres; the patterns show a strong tendency toward dark, dressy effects—for boys up to 16 years. Unusually strong values. Then at the "five-dollar" price we show new Russian Blouse suits for boys up to 10 years—dressy, serviceable, chic.

HARRIS & FRANK Proprietors. London Clothing Co. 119 to 125 N. Spring St.

PERSONAL.

Jerry Millay of Phoenix is a guest at the Westminster.

Mrs. W. L. Wood of Chicago, a tourist, is at the Van Nuys.

Mrs. M. B. Squire of Oakland arrived at the Westminster yesterday.

W. Abdill, a prominent hotel man of Oxnard, is a guest at the Hollenbeck.

C. A. Peak is a Kansas City merchant who arrived here yesterday. He is at the Nadeau.

Hon. A. Rodgers and Dr. L. O. Rodgers of San Francisco are guests at the Westminster.

G. D. Mathes, a prominent Quincy (Ill.) business man, yesterday registered at the Nadeau.

J. P. Linneman, a capitalist of Lima, O., accompanied by his wife, registered at the Van Nuys yesterday.

London, Eng., tourists who yesterday registered at the Hollenbeck are Mr. and Mrs. D. Ward and George Lever.

Among the guests at the Hollenbeck is J. W. Adams, a railroad man of San Francisco, who registered yesterday.

Among the tourists who yesterday arrived in Los Angeles are O. E. Finstad, Mrs. A. S. Finstad and Miss E. A. Burt of Dawson, and H. V. Tascher of Seattle. They are at the Nadeau.

Sheriff John Williams and daughter of Milbank, Grant county, S. D., arrived here yesterday, and will spend the winter in Southern California. Sheriff Williams is a brother of Police Sergeant George Williams, and is the guest of the latter's family.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Hornbeck and daughter, and Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Hornbeck, are guests at the Nadeau. They registered yesterday from San Diego, where E. A. Hornbeck is a prominent railroad man.

S. K. Hagins, an oil man of Newhall, is a guest at the Nadeau. Frank Phiscator, who a few years ago made a fortune in the Klondike country, is a guest at the Natick House. Accompanied by his wife, he registered yesterday from San Francisco.

Voices and Nationalities.

Is the Neapolitan musical? I think not; the repetition of two tunes without seeking a change proves something, and the rancorous character of the Neapolitan voice proves more. It is a subject for the scientist, this matter of type of voice. Is it food, climate, or mode of use that affects it? For example, Russia is the natural home of the basso profundo; Spain is the country of tenors, and has been from the time of imperial Rome, when the Gaditanian (Cadiz) singers brought high prices in the slave market; France produces mezzo sopranos in profusion; England, contraltos; America, sopranos; Naples, pure screamers—and no one as yet knows why.—[Musical Record and Review.

CLOTHING..

THAT'S ALL.

Just clothing and just the best clothing that skill and money can produce—for men, for young men and for the lads, too.

No tailor can do more than to fit you perfectly and give you the very latest style, and that's what you get in the Smith & Ennis Clothing, only you cut the tailor's bill in about half.

Plenty of time for a Sunday Suit or Overcoat.

Smith & Ennis, 127 SOUTH SPRING.

THE WEATHER.

Yesterday's Report and Forecast.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Nov. 28.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.62; at 5 p.m., 29.11. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 56 deg. and 66 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 85 per cent.; 5 p.m., 37 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., north, velocity 3 miles; 5 p.m., east, velocity 3 miles. Maximum temperature, 76 deg.; minimum, 51 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—Weather conditions and general forecast. The following are the seasonal rainfalls to date, as compared with those of the same date last season, and rainfall in the last twenty-four hours:

Stations—	Last twenty-four hours.	This season.	Last season.
Eureka	....	....	15.67
Red Bluff	1.20	7.26	6.44
Sacramento	.16	4.57	6.30
San Francisco	.40	4.75	8.31
Fresno	.02	1.71	3.10
Independence	....	1.20	2.13
San Luis Obispo	.10	4.24	9.24
Los Angeles	....	2.46	6.79
San Diego	....	.75	1.72

San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 61 deg.; minimum, 54 deg.; mean, 58 deg.

Cloudy and threatening weather prevails over the entire Pacific Slope, and rain has fallen in the western portions of Washington and Oregon and in California north of the Tehachapi and Point Concepcion. Over an inch of rain has fallen in the northern portion of the Sacramento Valley, but the rain has been light in the San Joaquin Valley. The pressure has risen slightly along the coast and fallen over the interior. The temperature continues high in all districts, and the change have been slight. Conditions are favorable for rain tonight and Friday throughout California and Nevada. Forecast:

For Northern California: Showers Friday; fresh to brisk southerly wind.

Southern California: Cloudy, with showers Friday; fresh southerly winds.

San Francisco and vicinity: Cloudy, with showers, Friday; fresh to brisk southerly winds.

Sacramento and vicinity: Showers Friday; fresh southerly wind.

TEMPERATURES AT 7 A.M. YESTERDAY.

New York	17	Minneapolis	20
Boston	14	Cincinnati	26
Chicago	20	St. Louis	28

Liners.

LINER RATES.

Rate for classified "Liner" advertising under any heading one cent a word each insertion, Daily or Sunday issues, cash in advance; $1.50 per line per month.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

BOSTON DYE WORKS—
321 N. SPRING ST., NEAR TEMPLE ST.
Men's suits dry cleaned and pressed, $1. Men's pants sponged and pressed, 25c. Ladies' garments cleaned and dyed. First-class work guaranteed. Ostrich feathers cleaned, dyed and curled and remade on short notice.
TEL. MAIN 921.
We call for and deliver.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED WITH newspapers in California and elsewhere that will accept of good oil and mining companies for advertising. MINING INVESTMENT AND BROKERAGE CO., Plattsburg, Mo. Los Angeles branch, 114 W. Second st. J. S. CHAMBERLIN, vice-president. Tel. 2164. Reference, Farmers and Merchants' Bank, Los Angeles, Cal. 1

DETECTIVE SERVICE—
By a reliable expert just from the East. Best of evidence always carefully furnished; long reference, both municipal and private; terms $5 per day and expenses; all business strictly confidential; will call for interview or make appointment at receipt of notice. Address P. O. BOX 422, city. 1

L. A. VAN TRUCK AND STORAGE CO. Household goods shipped to and from the East and North at cut rates; separate rooms in new fireproof warehouse for storing; experienced packers and safe movers. Office, 256 S. Broadway. Tel. M. 572. Residence, Tel. red 1425. R. H. DUNSTON, Prop.

ELMS DETECTIVE AGENCY—
Will undertake all classes of legitimate detective work intrusted to it by railroads or other corporations, banks, mercantile houses, attorneys or private individuals. Offices, 217-218-219 WILSON BLDG.

ITEM FROM COUNCIL CITY — LIBBY, Blake and others were at Council City, Alaska, in 1898 and 1899. The Los Angeles parties that grubstaked them will find it to their interest to write to ALEX. PIPER, Seattle, Wash.

STANDARD DRESS-CUTTING ACADEMY, 729 S. Broadway. Unlimited lessons with each system. MRS. JULIA R. SPAULDING, manager. Branch office, 2 Ocean Park ave., Long Beach. Miss J. M. Hampton, Mgr.

BUGS OR FLEAS WILL NOT STAY ON A bed where there is a pine needle fiber mattress; only absolutely sanitary mattress made. THE OREGON PINE NEEDLE FIBER CO., 146 S. Main st.

SCIENCE RECOGNIZES THE TRUTHS OF palmistry. Mrs. Case is scientific in readings and instructions. Suite 317, HELLMAN BLOCK. Second and Broadway. Instructions in classes or private.

WE GATHER PINE NEEDLES FROM THE trees, make them into a fiber; nothing equals it for mattresses, pillows and cushions. THE OREGON PINE NEEDLE FIBER CO., 146 S. Main st.

L. A. STEAM CARPET CLEANING CO. WILL clean and lay carpets, 5c yard. We guarantee our work; refitting specialty. 329 E. Second. Tel. 1047 red. H. F. BENNETT, Prop.

ALLEN'S MATTRESS FACTORY, AND UPholstering Works does all kinds of mattress repair work; also carpets cleaned and laid, 3c yard. Tel. James 2341. 556 NEW HIGH.

"GOING OUT OF BUSINESS BY DEC. 1." Cameras and photo supplies sold till that date at absolute cost prices. Open Sunday. J. F. MOELLER, 224 S. Broadway. 29

FOR SALE—A FINE BATH AND TOILET parlor, well established; centrally located; TIMES OFFICE. 29 cash. Address K, box 98, TIMES OFFICE.

TUNNEH STEAM CARPET CLEANING WORKS, 527 S. Broadway. Tel. Main 211. Carpets taken up, cleaned and relaid same day.

PROF. EARLEY'S REGULAR $25 COURSE in hypnotism and suggestion; only $10. Join next Monday evening. 631½ SPRING. 29

PAINTING AND DECORATING IN ALL its branches; job work a specialty. CRAIG & BURROWS, 501 New High. Brown 121.

SEWING MACHINES BOUGHT, SOLD, EXchanged and repaired; prices right. ACKLEY, 534 S. Spring. Tel. Peter 2871.

LACE CURTAINS LAUNDERED BY HAND. 8c pair. MRS. GRACE HEATH, 212 S. Broadway. Tel. James 2366. Goods called for.

IF YOU WANT A FIRST-CLASS WINDOW cleaner send up MAIN 756 or call 243 W. FIFTH. House windows a specialty.

INSURE FOR ACCIDENT — FIDELITY MUtual Aid Association. ERNEST W. SCHMIDT, general agent, 342 Maple ave., city.

AT NEWBERRY'S STORES TODAY, FREE samples of that exquisite and delicate table sauce, DONITA CATSUP.

U NEED LILLIE WEBB'S SOAP TO SOFTen the hard water, only 25c. Sold by all dealers.

LILLIE T. WEBB HAS RETURNED TO the city. People wishing soap, ring up BROWN 6788.

BEST PAINT, $1.65 GAL.; U. S. LEAD, 7c; 9-ft. opaque shades, 35c. WALTER, 617 Spring.

CASH WALL PAPER STORE, 639 S. SPRING. Paper-hanging, painting, tinting. Brown 1893.

SMITH & LEWIS, STOVE REPAIR CO., 611 S. BROADWAY. TEL. PETER 7241.

UMBRELLAS MADE, RECOVERED AND repaired. Best kid gloves made, 131 W. 4TH.

WALL PAPER AND PAINTING. PAINTS, varnishes. FENTON, 234 W. 6th. Joseph 6781.

SUIT CLEANED BY THE MONTH. TEL. green 1621. 646 S. SPRING.

CHURCH NOTICES—

REV. WILL A. KNIGHTEN WILL PREACH in Vincent M. E. Church, 20th st., east of Main. Morning subject, "Prayer Makes the Angels Fly;" evening, "Every One a Governor." Seats free. Everybody invited. 1

STORAGE—

IF YOU HAVE OCCASION TO STORE YOUR piano send word to us. We will care for it in the best. We insure against fire. GEO. J. BIRKEL COMPANY, 345-347 S. Spring st.

PIANOS STORED — BEST FACILITIES IN the city; reasonable rates GEO. J. BIRKEL COMPANY, Steinway representatives, 345-347 S. Spring st.

MACHINERY—
And Mechanical Arts.

BAKER IRON WORKS—FOUNDERS, 948 TO 962 BUENA VISTA ST. Tel. main 126.

FULTON ENGINE WORKS, FOUNDERS AND machinists. Cor. Chavez and Ash sts.

WANTED—
Help, Male.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.
A Strictly First-class, Reliable Agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.
240-242 W. Second st., basement California Bank Building. Telephone 1070.
(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

C. B. HANSEN & CO.,
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS,
123½-125½ W. SECOND ST., L. A.
Phone main 1051.
Free Register. Correspondence solicited. S. F. office, 104 Geary st. Established 1876.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, DO you need help? I have many deserving men and women to fill any position applying to me for work, who really need it. I, too, need your help. Will you not help us? MRS. PRESTON'S EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 345 S. Main. 'Phone James 1005. 1

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade; positions after 2 weeks' practice; tools donated; examination and diploma free; wages while learning; catalogue free. MOLLER'S BARBER COLLEGE, San Francisco.

WANTED — SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EMployment AGENCY, successor to W. L. Humphreys & Co., 111½ E. Second st. 'Phone green 731; reliable place to get reliable help. Correspondence solicited.

WANTED—JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT OFfice. A strictly first-class office. All kinds of help promptly furnished; also work by day or hour. T. KATAOKA, 128 W. Ninth st. Tel. Peter 4121.

WANTED—A COMPETENT BOOK-KEEPER; must have a thorough knowledge of the nursery business; references required. Address P. O. BOX 2057, Fresno, Cal.

WANTED—5 PARCEL WRAPPERS IN DRYgoods business; only thoroughly experienced persons need apply. Call at VILLE DE PARIS, 321-323 S. Broadway. 29

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade; 6 weeks; success guaranteed; situations secured. GORDON'S BARBER COLLEGE, 417 N. Main. 1

WANTED—A MAN TO DELIVER BOOKS; none but a hustler need apply; state experience; furnish reference. Address L, box 53, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency. Help all kinds; also labor furnished day, hour. 642 S. SPRING. Tel. brown 1252.

WANTED — BOY TO LEARN DRUG BUSIness. Call at VOGEL'S DRUG STORE, cor. Seventh and Broadway. 29

WANTED — RANCHMAN, GERMAN OR Swede; good horseman; $30. Address L, box 39, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — HELPER IN CANDY SHOP; steady work for right party. MERRIAM & CO., 127 S. Spring. 29

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CROCKERY salesman. Address, with references, L, box 46, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CROCKERY packers. Address L, box 45, TIMES OFFICE, with references. 29

WANTED—3 GOOD, INTELLIGENT BOYS Apply this morning. MEYBERG BROS., 343 S. Spring st. 29

WANTED—BOY ABOUT 16 YEARS OLD TO learn dry-goods business. Address L, box 19, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — KITCHEN HELP, RESTAURant. 125 N. BROADWAY. Call before 9 o'clock only. 29

WANTED—3 BARBERS FOR SATURDAY. 402 S. MAIN ST. 29

WANTED—
Help, Female.

WANTED — THOROUGHLY RESPONSIBLE young woman to care for child 1 year old; a good home for right person; wages $15; reference required. 425 E. 2D ST. 29

WANTED—A GERMAN WOMAN FOR GENeral housework with reference; prefer her to go home nights. Call 523 S. FIGUEROA ST. 29

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, TWO MORE healthy, strong girls to give massage treatments. DR. HERT, 235½ W. 3RD ST. 29

WANTED — TWO BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT young ladies as typewriters (Smith Premier) at OSTRICH FARM. Apply today.

WANTED — AN A1 CHOCOLATE DIPPER; good position for a competent dipper. MELLRAM & CO., 127 S. Spring st.

WANTED—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED saleslady for cloaks and suits. Address L, box 19, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED CROCKERY salesman. Address, with references, L, box 42, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—A GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK AND plain cooking; wages $12. Call 1969 BONSALLO. 29

WANTED — A FIRST-CLASS COOK. Inquire 205 MARCHESSAULT ST., cor. Upper Main st.

WANTED—AT ONCE, AN EXPERIENCED chambermaid. MRS. BURT, 225½ W. First st. 29

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; wages $25. 1125 S. GRAND AVE. 1

WANTED — A HOUSEKEEPER AT 212 W. 11TH. Call mornings. 29

WANTED—
Situations, Male.

WANTED—POSITION IN GROWING SUCcessful business by young man; possessing tact, adaptability and good address; good accountant, and is neither afraid of manual labor nor working over time; can be trusted implicitly to carry out employer's exact orders, whether pleasant or otherwise; fair wages expected and will be cearned. Address K, box 12, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION WITH LARGE FIRM or corporation by an accountant; aged 36; experienced; well educated; will not demand position for change. Address L. B. 276, TOLEDO, O. 30

WANTED — A POSITION AS HOUSE OR road salesman in a hardware store; first-class man; up-to-date; good reference. Address L, box 42, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—RELIABLE JAPANESE WISHES to work in office, store or club; speaks good English; good references. T. K., 125 W. NINTH ST. 29

WANTED—POSITION BY ACTIVE JAPAnese youth, hotel, office or family; speak good English. Address K, box 24, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, POSITION IN family working for board nights and mornings. Apply L. A. BUSINESS COLLEGE. 29

WANTED — JAPANESE WANTS TO DO cooking, general housework, by city or country. HASHI, 228 Fifth st., Los Angeles. 29

WANTED — BY A MIDDLE-AGED MAN, work by the day or job; can do anything. Address H. M., 297 SOTELO ST., city. 29

WANTED — CARPENTER WORK; CONtracts and jobs of all kinds taken; large or small. Call or address 15th WINFIELD. 29

WANTED — SITUATION AS STATIONARY engineer; 12 years' experience; references. Address K, box 52, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—ALL GARDEN WORK WILL BE done by a competent gardener; day or contract. Address 716 E. 17TH ST. 1

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG JAPAnese boy; good cook; private family in city. H. S. TANAKA, 420 Wall st.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG JAPAnese for school boy or housework. MITAKE, 420 Wall st., Los Angeles. 1

WANTED—BY FAITHFUL JAPANESE, SItuation as garden boy. Address L, box 28, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED — SITUATION BY JAPANESE; first-class cook; hotel, camp or family. 512 S. SPRING. 1

WANTED—YOUNG GERMAN TO HELP IN bakery. Address L, box 24, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—
Situations, Female.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS German girl to do second work or cooking; no washing; wages $25 to $30 per month. Address K, box 71, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—DENTIST'S DAUGHTER, EXPERienced as attendant, knowledge of typewriting, desires position in dental office. T., 179 GRANT ST., Pasadena. 29

WANTED — BY AT SOLICITOR (WOMAN,) outside position with first-class house; 2 years with last; best of references. Address L, box 7, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—REFINED WOMAN, 10 YEARS' experience nursing, not a graduate, would like engagements at $15 per week; fine references. 821 S. HOPE.

WANTED — SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced lady stenographer. Address K, box 76, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—
To Rent.

WANTED — TO RENT FURNISHED COTtage or flat, 4 to 6 rooms, between First, 11th, Main and Figueroa sts. MILLER & GRAVES, 228 W. Fourth st. 29

WANTED—TO RENT ON LEASE, 2 ROOMS and bathroom or flat, furnished or unfurnished. "SPECIALIST," 721 S. Hill st. 29

WANTED—TO RENT 4-ROOM, FURNISHED cottage, near block from Times office. OTIS BILL, 125 S. Broadway. 29

WANTED—
To Purchase.

WANTED—PARTIES DESIRING TO PURchase real estate to call and examine my list of choice improved or vacant properties in city and country. J. C. FLOYD, 128 Byrne Bldg., cor. Third and Broadway.

WANTED — HOUSE OF 5 TO 10 ROOMS, west of Santee, south of Tenth, north of 8th, east of Grand ave., for cash; parties must give full description, size of lot, etc. 230-231 LANKERSHIM BLDG. 29

WANTED—FOR A QUICK BUYER, A COZY home of 6 or more rooms and one or more acres of land near car line, all set to fruit. MOLONY, CLARK & CO., 215 W. First. Phone Main 1256.

WANTED—FOR A CASH BUYER, PROPerty as an investment; must be close in and not over $6000. We have the cash. What have you? HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway.

WANTED—LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH me that you wish to sell.
C. W. CONWAY,
211 Broadway Bldg.

WANTED — TO BUY FURNITURE AND household goods. If you have anything to sell we will pay one-third more than others. 'Phone us, red 2111. COLYEAR'S, 222 S. Main st.

WANTED — SEVERAL VACANT LOTS south and west; persons owning them and wishing to sell, please call and see BURNS & SMITH, 119 S. Broadway.

WANTED—HAVE YOU A BUSINESS FOR sale? No matter what or where it is, we can sell it for you. Address WINTON & EVANS, 139 S. Broadway. 29

WANTED—6 ROOMS IN A GOOD NEIGHborhood, somewhat close in; not over $2250; $200 cash, balance on time. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway.

WANTED—A CHEAP HOME, CLOSE IN, near tunnel, about $1000; pay cash; reply at once; no agents wanted. Address L, box 18, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED — WE HAVE SEVERAL BONAfide customers for 5 paying rooming-houses of 10 to 25 rooms. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway.

WANTED—WILL PAY MORE CASH FOR good second-hand furniture than any man on earth. GODDARD, 326 S. Broadway. Tel. green 1094.

WANTED—RENT PROPERTY AS AN INvestment; $6000 cash can buy on Main, north of Washington. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway. 1

WANTED—4 OR 5 ROOMS, WELL LOCATed, not over $1250; $125 cash, balance $15 a month. Address HOME, L, box 13, Times office.

WANTED — FOR EXCHANGE AND SALE, California and eastern bargains; examine my San Diego list. A. LESTER, 417 Copp Bldg.

WANTED—A 10-ACRE BEARING ORANGE grove with present crop, cheap. Address M, box 76, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A DENTAL OFFICE; state price and all particulars. Address D, box 32, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—TO BUY A HARDWARE, COAL, feed or real estate business. Address L, box 41, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED — GOOD LOTS SOUTH AND southwest. NORTH & GRASETT, 325 Wilson Block. 29

WANTED—PROPERTY FOR INVESTMENT. GIBSON HOWARD, 527 Douglas Bldg. 1

WANTED—
Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED—PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to The Ladies' Home Journal and The Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The profits in this work at the end of the season $25,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED — HOMES AND HOTELS, schools, colleges and factories should be protected with the Underwriters' Fire Extinguisher. They have saved millions of dollars' worth of property. Agents wanted; large exclusive territory. Address KNIGHT & THOMAS, Boston, Mass.

WANTED — GENERAL AGENTS, EITHER sex, ten counties each; fine flavoring extracts and unsalted family remedies; regular customers; steady trade; employ sub-agents. Address S. H. JEWETT, Milton Junction, Wis. 29

WANTED—CIGAR SALESMEN—WITH ESTablished trade with large dealers, who buy direct from factories. Address, with full particulars, H. C. FISHER, Fisher building, Chicago. 29

WANTED — AGENTS, "LIFE McKINLEY," "Life President Roosevelt." J. C. WREN, 514 S. Main.

WANTED—
Houses.

WANTED—BY

—DREW & LAPWORTH—

Furnished and unfurnished cottages, flats, etc. We have a large list of parties waiting for first-class houses in the best residence parts of the city. Why not list your houses with a rental firm and save time and worry? If you cannot rent your property, we can.

DREW & LAPWORTH,
433-434-435 Douglas Bldg., Third and Spring. 1

WANTED — OWNERS OF RENTAL PROPERTY, LIST YOUR HOUSES AND FLATS WITH US. WE HAVE CONSTANT DEMAND FOR BOTH FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES. DREW & LAPWORTH, 433-434-435 DOUGLAS BLDG.

WANTED—
Rooms.

WANTED—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping for music teacher; state payment in music lessons. Address M, box 40, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—GENTLEMAN HERE FOR WINter would like sunny front room; private house; give particulars. Address K, box 78, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—
Work by the Day.

WANTED — JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency. All kinds of help furnished. 366 W. SIXTH. 'Phone Jeough 744.

WANTED—JAPANESE HOUSE-CLEANING; work by day or month. 625 W. SIXTH ST. Green 661. 29

WANTED—JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency; work by day, 50 cents. T. Ito, 1051.

WANTED—JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT agency; work by day, 50 cents. T. Ito, 1051.

WANTED—
Miscellaneous.

WANTED—WE WANT YOU TO SEE OUR pillows and cushions made of pine needle fiber; a sure relief for those suffering from nervousness. THE OREGON PINE NEEDLE FIBER CO., 146 S. Main st.

WANTED—I PAY MORE THAN ANY ONE else for store fixtures, showcases, etc. Ring up James 4121. 716 E. FOURTH ST.

FOR SALE—
Suburban Property.

FOR SALE—WE HAVE FOR SALE SOME fine lemon ranches and acreage for subdivision in Hollywood, and some of the best 5 to 20-acre ranches in other good localities; also some good bargains in houses and lots in the city. Call and see us before you buy anything. J. C. YOUNGMAN & CO., 124 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—3½ ACRES, CLOSE IN; HOUSE, well, fruit, irrigation water, $1800; or will sell 1-acre with cottage, $1200; or one acre for $900. MORAN, third house east of Main on 49th.

FOR SALE — IF YOU DON'T LIKE IT, don't buy it, but don't fail to see it; 5-acre tract, near Pasadena; terms; this week. ERNEST G. TAYLOR, 117 S. Broadway. 29

FOR SALE—10 ACRES BETWEEN EIGHTH and Pico sts.; ½ mile west city limits; only $250 per acre; very cheap. LEE A. M'CONNELL & CO., 140 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—SOME FINE PROPOSITIONS IN HOLLYWOOD AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES. NORTH & GRASETT, 325 WILSON BLOCK. 29

FOR SALE—
Orange Groves.

FOR SALE—DON'T WASTE TIME AND MONEY IN LOOKING AT UNDESIRABLE ORANGE GROVES.

We offer an exceptional bargain in a 11-ACRE ORANGE GROVE, located in the very CREAM OF THE CITRUS BELT, on a beautiful avenue, and close to a good city. NO SOLE, NO FROST, AMPLE WATER and the BEST SOIL. We offer this property for $2000 LESS THAN ITS PRESENT CASH VALUE, and on EASY TERMS, and will pay all expenses of investigation if property is not better than represent. SECURITY LOAN AND REALTY CO., Dealers in high-grade mortgages, 421 and 419 Byrne Bldg. 29

FOR SALE—AN ORANGE RANCH AT COvina; 7½ acres; 13-year-old trees, clearing $1200 a year above expenses; price $6000; good terms. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE—
City Lots and Lands.

FOR SALE—

KINNEY HEIGHTS.
—ON—
WEST ADAMS STREET.

The best lots ever offered at the price.

$600 —LOTS— $800.

ALL STREET IMPROVEMENTS PAID FOR.

Some of the choicest lots still unsold.

Price will be shortly raised, as car line extension to this tract is now completed and running.

C. A. SUMNER & CO.,
Cor. W. Second street.
Sole Agents.

FOR SALE—

A VERY FINE LOT ON
BEACON ST.,
BETWEEN 10TH AND 11TH STS.
50x150 TO ALLEY.
PRICE $1000.
ALSO
A FINE LOT ON THE WEST SIDE OF
SCARFF ST.,
IN THE FOURTH LOT SOUTH OF 3RD ST.
50x132 TO ALLEY.
EXCELLENT NEIGHBORHOOD. FINE HOMES ON EACH SIDE.
PRICE $1000.
EDWARD D. SILENT & CO.,
216 W. SECOND ST. 29

FOR SALE—
YOU WILL HAVE CAUSE TO BE THANKFUL IF YOU BUY
THE N.E. COR. OF 17TH AND HOPE STS.
140 FEET ON 17TH AND 321 FEET ON HOPE STREET.
$3000— —$6000— —$9000.
THERE IS $2000 PROFIT IN THIS CORNER WITHIN THE NEXT 60 DAYS.
L. T. BRADFORD,
204 LAUGHLIN BLDG. 29

FOR SALE—
THIS IS OUR "TRADE-MARK."
CORNER LOTS! CORNER LOTS!
CORNER LOTS!
We have a number of fine Corner Lots, both improved and unimproved. WE PRICES STILL AT THE LOWWATER MARK.
If you desire to purchase for speculation or investment we can give you some very attractive figures. We are always ready to accept of cash; many of them new and modern, ranging in price from $1200 to $10,000; but corners will please ask any of the banks, abstract companies or business houses about the old reliable firm of M'GARVIN & BRONSON CO., real estate dealers, 229½ S. Spring st., Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—
$2250
This is the best buy on the hill and at one-third less than anything offered; 45-foot frontage on both Grand ave. and Bunker Hill; this piece running through to both streets, between First and Court with two-room house; fine for flats.
ROBERT MARSH & CO.,
Manufacturing or warehouse site; 75x210, adjoining Santa Fe R. R. north of Ninth st., for $3500. ROBERT MARSH & CO., 134 Douglas Bldg. 29

FOR SALE—
$1250—50x132 near Adams st.
$750—50x140 to alley, southwest.
$1250—50x150, best buy in city.
CHAS. W. ALLEN & CO.,
345 S. Broadway, rooms 126-128. 29

FOR SALE—SNAP—
$14,500—Large corner, close in; 160 front feet, Eleventh and Main.
$2000—62x146, brick store, Main st.
$2500—Main st. corner.
$1,250—25-foot lot, Grand ave.
$2000—Rent, large corner, Bonnie Brae
M. M. DAVISON, 207 S. Broadway. 29

FOR SALE—SEVERAL OF THE FINEST lots in C. V. Hall tract, the most popular tract in the Southwest, and is rapidly building up. Street work paid for; will sell on installments at low prices. Also one lot on Vermont near Pico.
GRAY, owner, 230½ S. Spring, room 6. 29

FOR SALE—
2 lots, 40x120.
Each street graded, curbed, sewered and paid for; near 12th and Central.
Price $450 for both lots.
J. C. FLOYD,
128 Byrne Bldg. 29

FOR SALE—FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY—
$250 to $600—Lots on Vermont ave., 50x150.
$1100—On W. Sixth near Lucas, 60x150.
$1500—On 18th st., a corner, 82x178.
$4000—On Figueroa bet. Eighth and Ninth, 80x165.
NORTH & GRASETT,
325 WILSON BLOCK.

FOR SALE—10-ACRE ORANGE ORCHARD at Claremont, the college town; good 6-room residence, magnificently located; private pumping plant; price and terms reasonable; if you are looking for good schools, good health, good location, investigate this bargain. See owner, ARCHIE THOMPSON, Claremont, Cal.

FOR SALE—CHEAP; TEN ACRES, LAYS fine; no washes, between Eighth and Pico sts., only two miles from city limits; only $600 per acre; buy this and double your money quick; this will pay 75% per cent. on investment. LEE A. M'CONNELL & CO., 140 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—
BUY WESTACRE LOTS.
On W. Adams and 24th sts.
BUILD AMONG FINE HOMES.
Take green Traction cars.
W. F. WEST, 207 LAUGHLIN BLDG. 29

FOR SALE—
$150—Lot 50x140, S. 31st st.
$175—Lot 50x140, E. 32nd st.
$175—Lot 50x140, E. 32nd st.
$1400—Corner 30th and Hobart, 200x120.
MILLER & GRAVES, 228 W. Fourth. 29

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE, ONE OF the finest corners in the southwest; 132x132, corner 52th and McClintock sts.; part cash, balance to suit purchaser. Address owner, or call 1412 S. UNION AVE. No agents. 29

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS; LOT 50 x135 on E. Second st. near Picket, Boyle Heights, only $450. Another, 50x175, E. First st., only $700. F. W. HUTCHINSON, 119 S. Broadway. 29

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL 5-ACRE HOME, specially offered for one week; rich land; plenty of fruit; good buildings, in fine repair; on good street. ERNEST G. TAYLOR, 117 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—LOTS WITH TREES, CLOSE in, only good houses allowed; liberal terms; before locating see owner. WILLIAM NILES, Washington and Maple ave.

FOR SALE—NEXT MONDAY IS THE LAST day to get the Pacific Pub. Co.'s atlas of Los Angeles for $298. HENRY RUSSELL, 203 N. Main. Tel. M. 977. 29

FOR SALE—3 ACRES; ALSO 10 ACRES; suitable for subdivision, west of Sunset boulevard; very fine. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — LET ME SHOW YOU THIS week the cheapest 5-acre home in Los Angeles. ERNEST G. TAYLOR, 117 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—LOTS 13 AND 14, BLOCK 7, OF the Howes tract; want sell quick for cash. HOVIS & MARTIN, 128 S. Broadway. 5

FOR SALE—LOT BETWEEN NINTH AND 10th, west of Hoover; $325; worth $450; snap. TAYLOR, 125 S. Broadway. 29

FOR SALE — LARGE LOT IN VICTOR Heights tract, only $350. R. A. MILLER, 227 W. First. 1

COKE AND COAL—

COKE FOR SMELTERS, FOUNDRIES, forges, laundries, from Connellsville, Birmingham, Colorado and West Virginia. LEE CHAMBERLAIN & CO., 146 N. Main st.

COAL—ANTHRACITE, WELLINGTON AND Black Diamond; wood, CEDARLOG COAL CO., moved to 514-518 Molino st. Tel. main 954.

FOR SALE—
Houses.

FOR SALE—
NEW, MODERN RESIDENCE, 619 UNION AVE.; ELEVATED LOT WITH 62 FEET FRONTAGE AND A DEPTH OF 154 FEET TO AN ALLEY; DAINTY RECEPTION ROOM WITH MANTEL; MODERN RECEPTION HALL, HANDSOMELY PANELED; LARGE AND HANDSOME LIVING ROOM WITH PRESSED-BRICK MANTEL AND SET BOOKCASE; CHEERFUL DINING-ROOM WITH HANDSOME BUFFET; CONVENIENT BREAKFAST ROOM OR DEN; LARGE KITCHEN; FIVE LARGE, AIRY BEDROOMS ON SECOND FLOOR; BACK STAIRS DIRECT TO SERVANT'S ROOM; BILLIARD OR AMUSEMENT ROOM ON THIRD FLOOR; POLISHED OAK FLOORS BELOW; A THOROUGHLY COMPLETE HOME IN THIS MOST CONVENIENT AND DESIRABLE LOCATION; PRICE $6250.

NEW, MODERN RESIDENCE, 1321 SHATTO ST.; LARGE AND HANDSOME LIVING-ROOM WITH PRESSED-BRICK MANTEL; CHEERFUL DINING-ROOM; ALSO PLEASANT BREAKFAST ROOM; FOUR GOOD BEDROOMS; ATTIC; POLISHED OAK FLOORS BELOW; ELEVATED LOT WITH 60 FEET FRONTAGE; LAWN, CELLAR; A SIGHTLY HOME; PRICE $4250.

HAVE OTHER HOUSES IN DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE CITY.
GEO. W. STIMSON,
204 LAUGHLIN BLDG. 29

FOR SALE—
WE SELL THE EARTH.
BASSETT & SMITH.

A HOME,
COMPLETELY FURNISHED,
CLOSE IN, GOOD LOCATION,
326 W. 3RD ST.
Between Grand and Figueroa.
8 rooms, pantry, bath, closets, cellar, porch in front; screen porch in rear; lawn, flowers, etc.; walnut furniture, iron bedsteads; price $1350; all ready to step right into.
WILL YOU TAKE THE STEP?
BASSETT & SMITH,
29 202½ S. Broadway, rooms 201-4.

FOR SALE—ALVARADO ST. NEAR 10TH, ELEGANT HOME.
THIS PLACE IS OFFERED FOR $1000 LESS THAN WHAT OTHER PROPERTY IS ASKED FOR IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD.
FOR PARTICULARS SEE
W. I. HOLLINGSWORTH & CO.,
241-245 WILCOX BLK. 29

FOR SALE—
Modern rooms, walking distance.
$2300—7 rooms, close in.
$2000—5 room cottage, bargain.
$2500—7 rooms, new, southwest.
$2000—10 rooms, income.
Get our list of lots and cottages.
CHAS. W. ALLEN & CO.,
345 S. Broadway, rooms 126-128. 29

FOR SALE — MODERN 6-ROOM COTTAGE on W. 23d near Traction; lot 50x132; price $3200.

For sale— Fine strictly modern house of 7 rooms with all conveniences; lawn, etc.; lot 50x150, on W. 25th near Traction line; price $3500.

For sale—House of 5 rooms on W. Second; lot 120x132, lawn, etc.; price $2750.
NORTH & GRASETT,
325 WILSON BLOCK.

FOR SALE—

HANDSOME 7-ROOM RESIDENCE ON FLOWER NORTH OF 11TH; A BEAUTIFUL MODERN HOME. CLOSE IN; PRICE $3000.
WINTON & EVANS,
139 S. BROADWAY. 29

FOR SALE—
Go out today and look at that homelike cottage of 5 rooms, 1139 W. 21st st., with lawn, flowers, fruit trees, barn, chicken corrals, lot 50 feet front, for $1650.
L. T. BRADFORD,
29 204 Laughlin Bldg.

FOR SALE—$4000; A FINE, NEW HOME, just completed, on Union ave. between 30th and 31st sts.; 8 rooms, modern throughout, close to 2 car lines; day work. Stained in selected white pine; large, sunny living-room, screen porch, toilets and bath, open plumbing, furnace, gas and electricity; coved ceilings, polished floors, decorated. Select neighborhood; none better. For particulars apply to owner, STEPHEN E. BATCHELLER, 2021 Toberman st. 29

FOR SALE—WE HAVE FOUND A BARgain; read this carefully; we can sell you a 7-story, 7 rooms, porcelain tub, gas and electric, double porcelain stationary bath mantel, fine lot of fruit, lawn, on Union ave. close to Pico cars; choice neighborhood and we have not seen anything to compare with it for $2000; half cash, rest time. Call this will sell soon, sure; worth $2500. LOS ANGELES REALTY CO., 502 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE—ELEGANT FIGUEROA-STREET RESIDENCE; NEW 9-ROOM HOUSE; FINE BARN, LARGE GROUNDS, RARE TREES, SHRUBS AND FLOWERS; A MODEL HOME FOR PEOPLE OF MEANS; OWNER LEAVING CITY. WILL SELL CHEAP. W. I. HOLLINGSWORTH & CO., ROOM 242-245 WILCOX BLDG., SOLE AGENTS. 1

FOR SALE—WE MUST SELL OUR GOOD 6-room home, Pico Heights; has bath, new mantels, and c

Liners.

BUSINESS CHANCES—
Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—GROCERY STORE; FINE LOCATION; sell at invoice; about $1000; cheap rent.

Cigar stand close in, $400; a snap if taken at once. See room 322, 218 S. BROADWAY.

FOR SALE—A GENERAL MERCHANDISE store; a good opportunity in one of the best gold-mining towns; best reasons for selling. For full particulars, address P.O. BOX 188, Jackson, Cal. 4

CALL AND SEE US ABOUT THAT COAL, wood and feed business; established 9 years; low rent, and new clearing $150 per month; large stock on hand; $1800. HOVIS & MARTIN, 126 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE—ON ACCOUNT OF ILLNESS will sell big paying grocery business cheap. SOUTHWESTERN MINING & INVESTMENT CO., No. 129 Henne Bldg.

FOR SALE — LUNCH ROOMS IN WHOLESALE district; nearly new; proprietor called out of State; will sell at once at low figure. 251 S. LOS ANGELES. 1

FOR SALE OR LEASE—TEHACHEPI LIME proposition; plenty of wood and limestone. For particulars, T. L. BLACKBURN, Tehachepi, Cal.

FOR SALE—INTEREST IN GOOD EsTATE; desires real estate office; am called east by sickness. Address L, box 42, TIMES OFFICE. 29

FINE OPENING FOR GENERAL MERchandise or department store; two buildings for rent. Apply to J. SWIGART, Norwalk. 4

GENTLEMEN WHO WANT STYLISH WELL fitting clothes try STEPHEN J. BRODERICK, tailor and cutter, 119½ South Spring.

FOR SALE—OLD-ESTABLISHED CONFECtionery, fruit store, news agency; good business. Address box 111 KINGMAN, ARIZ. 1

FEED AND FUEL BUSINESS — AN OLD, regular stand; owner sick; must be sold; $250. I. D. BARNARD, 116 S. Broadway.

LUNCH COUNTER AND RESTAURANT AT railroad junction; bargain; $300. I. D. BARNARD, 116 S. Broadway.

HEALTHY OUTDOOR BUSINESS, WITH fine team, and paying $5 per day; $150. I. D. BARNARD, 116 S. Broadway.

ELEGANT RESTAURANT; VERY CENtral; west of Spring; long lease; $1200. I. D. BARNARD, 116 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — BEST MEAT MARKET BARgain in Los Angeles; price only $450. I. D. BARNARD, 116 S. Broadway.

ESTABLISHED BUSINESS FOR SALE; light expense for city or country trade; price $200. Address K, box 1, TIMES OFFICE. 29

FOR SALE—CHEAP; DELICACY STORE, good location; rent $10; 2 living rooms; price $350. Apply 261 E. FIFTH. 29

FOR SALE — NOTION STORE; SPRING; rent $15; sales $250. See J. E. TETLOW, 422 S. Broadway. 29

FOR SALE—LUNCH COUNTER, GREAT bargain; rent $12; price $425. J. C. TETLOW, 422 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—MANUFACTURING PLANT; output contracted for. Address K, box 36, TIMES OFFICE. 29

FRENCH RESTAURANT, 128 N. BROADway. Established over 3 years; business and good will, $1000. 29

FOR SALE—NICE DENTAL OFFICE; TEN years established. Call at room 329, 223 S. BROADWAY. 30

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT AT A SACRIfice if taken this week. 261 W. SIXTH, corner Olive.

FOR SALE—EQUITY REAL ESTATE, MUST leave State. Address K, box 35, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A GOOD BUSINESS IN ARIzona. RAND & CO., 109 S. Broadway. 29

I. D. BARNARD, 116 S. BROADWAY, WILL sell out your business for cash. 29

I. D. BARNARD, 116 S. BROADWAY, WILL sell out your business for cash. 29

WANTED—GROCERY; MUST BE CHEAP for cash. HUNT, 881 E. 14th.

TO LET—
Rooms.

TO LET—ROOMS WITH BOARD; A LARGE, sunny front room, south and east exposure, with board for two, in private family; gas, bath; place for five. 622 W. 20TH.

TO LET — LARGE, CLEAN, SUNNY OUTside room in upper modern flat, $10 a month; convenient to private board; use of kitchen if desired. 1074 S. HILL ST. 29

TO LET—FLAT OF 4 FURNISHED ROOMS for housekeeping; neat, clean, homelike; large yard; adults; $14 per month. 900 TEMPLE ST. 29

TO LET — REASONABLE, IN PRIVATE home, a bright, sunny eastern room; neat and clean; all conveniences; close in. 854 S. OLIVE. 29

TO LET—2 OR MORE NEWLY FURNISHED front rooms, close to Courthouse; choice neighborhood; quiet and fine view. 645 N. HILL. 30

TO LET—ONE OR TWO REFINED YOUNG women may have at cost in private home; close in. Address L, box 32, TIMES OFFICE. 29

TO LET—A NICE, SUNNY FRONT SUITE; good location for doctor; also single rooms for housekeeping apartments. 324 W. THIRD. 29

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, close in; quiet street; bath, gas, stationary washbowls; rates reasonable. 724 WINSTON.

TO LET—4 NICELY FURNISHED HOUSEkeeping rooms; gas and coal range. PACIFIC REALTY CO., 204½ S. Broadway. 30

TO LET — HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, UPstairs; 3 furnished, 1 unfurnished; sunny; private family; reasonable. 1223 S. OLIVE. 29

TO LET—AT THE MUNFORD, FAMILY HOtel, 424 W. Fourth st. Everything new and modern. Free bath. Tel. South Hill.

TO LET—OPPOSITE THE PARK, HOUSEkeeping suites, furnished and unfurnished; also single rooms. 459 S. OLIVE ST. 2v

TO LET — SUNNY FRONT ROOM IN PRIvate family by gentleman; $8 month. Inquire C. C. WEBB, 648 S. Main. 30

TO LET—2 FURNISHED ROOMS; ALSO 2 unfurnished suitable for light housekeeping. Call evening, 1421 W. ADAMS. 29

TO LET — FURNISHED, 3 SUNNY FRONT rooms, suitable for studio or residence. Room 5, 601½ S. SPRING. 29

TO LET—SMALL, SUNNY ROOM, PARTLY furnished, suitable for gentlemen; cheap. 223 S. GRAND AVE. 29

TO LET — NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, sunny and pleasant; bath, gas; $1.50 week. 661 S. SEVENTH. 1

TO LET — LARGE, SUNNY, FURNISHED room, by the day, week or month. 145 N. SPRING. 29

TO LET — LARGE, SUNNY, FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms. 227½ S. LOS ANGELES. 29

TO LET—BIG SUNNY ROOM; ALSO SMALL one; private family; no other roomers; $12 and $15. 1134 S. GRAND AVE. 29

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM; $6 per month. 1017 S. OLIVE. 29

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, $1 per week. 1017 S. OLIVE. 29

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS IN flat. 320 N. OLIVE ST. 29

TO LET—
Houses.

TO LET—
$30—10-room new house, 222 S. Beaudry; porcelain bath, porcelain washtubs, furnace, window shades, gas and electric fixtures; walking distance.
$16—3-room house, 5 acres of land, southwest cor. Soto and Wabash ave.
$20—6-room house, 622 S. Burlington.
$15—4-room house, 1138 E. Main st.
ALLISON BARLOW, 227 S. Broadway.

HOUSES BUILT TO ORDER. MONEY SAVED. Estimates and plans submitted free. Terms to suit. CALIFORNIA REALTY CO., BUILDERS. 632-633 Stimson Block.

TO LET—TWO NEW FLATS, CLOSE IN; all modern; gas, grates, electricity, porcelain tubs, corner, laundry, stable. Inquire 745 S. FIGUEROA. 30

TO LET — DOUBLE HOUSE OF 4 ROOMS each; rent $12 and $13; adults only. 534 E. EIGHTH ST. 29

TO LET—BEKINS VAN AND STORAGE. 346 S. Broadway. Cut-rate freight office.

TO LET — 6-ROOM COTTAGE WITH BARN. 1020 W. 3RD ST. 29

TO LET—
Miscellaneous.

TO LET — LUMBER OR COAL YARD; "corner" for 14 cars; office, stables and sheds. McGARRY & INNES, 126 S. Broadway. 1

TO LET—
Furnished Houses.

TO LET — COMPLETELY FURNISHED house of 9 rooms, 8. Hope st., near 3rd; east frontage, furnace, etc.; a bright, sunny, private home; thoroughly clean and in first-class order; small family without children preferred; will rent for 6 or 8 months. WRIGHT & CALLENDER, 223 S. Hill st.

HOUSES AND FLATS. COME DIRECT TO A RENTAL FIRM. WE WILL LOCATE YOU WITH LEAST TROUBLE AND DELAY. CHOICE LIST HOUSES ALSO FOR SALE. WRIGHT & CALLENDER, 223 S. HILL ST. Wright & Callender Bldg.

TO LET—FOR 6 MONTHS, 9-ROOM, FURnished house on Whittier st., near Seventh-st. car line; piano, china, silver, household linen, complete, gas ranges, instantaneous heater for bath, electric lights, telephone; clean, sunny, very desirable. BLACK 6515. 1

TO LET — 5-ROOM, SUNNY, FURNISHED flat, close in, to 2 or 3 adults only, for about 4 month, while family is East. Call 430 N. HILL. References required. 29

TO LET—COSY, FURNISHED COTTAGE, 6 rooms; modern improvements; will sell furniture to parties renting; fine location; moderate rent. 1114 W. NINTH. 29

TO LET — FURNISHED, A 7-ROOM COTtage, No. 4 Barnard Park, near corner of Grand ave. and Washington st. A. L. BEST, 73 Temple Block. 4

TO LET—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED 8-ROOM house on Figueroa st.; piano; everything complete. Apply at premises, 1244 S. FIGUEROA. 4

TO LET—HEWES MARKET RESTAURANT. Apply to IRA HERRINGTON, superintendent, Ninth and Los Angeles st. 30

TO LET—11 NICE FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms; bath, bars; rent reasonable. 1131 S. HOPE. 30

TO LET — 8-ROOM, FURNISHED HOUSE; gas, bath. DR. BABCOCK, 108 Stimson Blk. 1

TO LET—
Rooms with Board.

TO LET—A NICE, SUNNY ROOM, WITH board, for two, in private family; new house; modern conveniences; fine location. 1045 WESTLAKE AVE.

TO LET—IN BEAUTIFUL HOME, NEWLY furnished, sunny room, with board. 1254 W. 20TH. Take University Traction car. 29

WANTED — GENTLEMAN WISHES ROOM and board in private family; state price. Address L, box 26, TIMES OFFICE. 29

TO LET—ELEGANT ROOMS, LOVELY NEW furniture, with or without board; reasonable. Tel. white 6211. 1048½ S. HOPE. 30

TO LET — NEWLY FURNISHED SUNNY rooms with board; good location. Inquire 928 W. 8TH, corner Georgia.

TO LET—SUNNY ROOMS, WITH BOARD; beautiful grounds and veranda. THE CREEDE, 401 S. Figueroa.

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS BOARDING-HOUSE; home cooking. 929 S. FIGUEROA. 'Phone white 5674.

TO LET—3 NICE ROOMS WILL RENT VERY cheap. 627 ALPINE, over grocery store.

TO LET — IN BEAUTIFUL HOME, SUNNY room and board. 871 FIGUEROA.

TO LET — SUNNY ROOMS WITH BOARD; also table board. 1110 S. HOPE ST. 1

TO LET—
Flats.

TO LET—AT 210 S. HILL, A NEWLY AND elegantly furnished flat; richest of carpets, gas range, porcelain bath; no children; references.

TO LET — 4 AND 5-ROOM FLATS, FURnished and unfurnished, $22.50 to $35. BARR REALTY CO., 204-206 Wilcox Block. 1

TO LET—A NICE, SUNNY, FURNISHED flat, 6 rooms, for $300. Inquire 341½ S. SPRING ST. 29

TO LET—
Lodging-houses, Storerooms.

TO LET — LARGE FRAME SHOP, 40x20, with 4-room cottage in rear on Alise st.; fine for second-hand furniture store or wagon-maker's and blacksmith shop. A. C. GOLSH, 101 N. Broadway.

TO LET—LARGE STOREROOM FOR ONE or more years; rent cheap. 234 E. FOURTH. 29

TO LET—STORE AND 4 LIVING-ROOMS. McGARRY & INNES, 126 S. Broadway. 1

PERSONAL—
Business.

PERSONAL—HAMS, 12c; BACON, 13½c; salt pork, 10c; 10 lbs. lard, 60c; cheese, 12½c; 7 lbs. raisins, 25c; 7 lbs. prunes, 25c; 10 lbs. peaches, 25c; 10 lbs. apricots, 25c; 10 lbs. figs, dates, 25c; 5 lbs. nuts, 25c; 10-lb. can maple syrup, 25c; 20 lbs. salt, 25c; Java-Mocha, 25c; cereal, 5c; good mixed tea, 25c; free delivery. ECONOMIC, 247 S. LOS ANGELES ST. 29

PERSONAL—MRS. PARKER, PALMIST. Life reading, business, lawsuits, removals, travels, mineral locations described, property, speculations, love, health. Tell all. Hrs 10 life, 415½ S. SPRING ST., room 2. 50c and $1.

PERSONAL—WANTED, THE ADDRESS OF Georgia Rawson, who left Fresno on morning of 26th. Money awaits her order. Call at POSTOFFICE in person at once. Call

PERSONAL — PROF. C. M. YATES, PRACtical and traveling phrenologist; satisfaction guaranteed. 143 SAN PEDRO. Tel. red 1821. Hours—9 a.m. to 1 p.m., 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

PERSONAL—MME. OLGA NEDWAH, CELEbrated life card reader and palmist; special life readings all this week; ladies, 25c; gentlemen, 50c. 415 W. SEVENTH ST. 29

PERSONAL — DR. GREEN, LIFE READER, tells past, present and future; business; revealings daily, 25c; satisfaction guaranteed. 119½ S. SPRING ST., room 16.

PERSONAL—LAURA BERTRAND, PALMIST and psychic reader; student under "Cheiro;" positive success or no charge; fees 50c and $1. 313½ S. SPRING. 30

PERSONAL—MATCHETT, ORDAINED SPIRitual life reader; readings daily; circle every night; no admittance; messages to all. 645 W. SIXTH ST.

PERSONAL — DO YOU WANT TO KNOW your future? If so, don't fail to see that wonderfully gifted fortune teller at 713 S. GRAND AVE. 30

PERSONAL—MRS. SLOCUM, INSPIRATION, al card reading, 25c. 106 TEMPLE, room 14.

EDUCATIONAL—
Schools, Colleges, Private Tuition

HALLETT SCHOOL OF ACTING — ACTING, elocution and stage dancing taught by competent instructors. Positions secured for graduated pupils. ALCAZAR BLDG., 114-120 O'Farrell st., San Francisco.

FOR SALE—SCHOLARSHIP IN LOS ANGELES Business College at a reduced price; can make terms. Apply to S. R. HENDERSON, Times office.

SHORTHAND OFFERS BEST OPPORTUNITIES: Pitman phonography taught evenings by expert; terms easy. J. BRADY, 329 S. Hill.

PRIVATE OR CLASS LESSONS IN SPANISH at reasonable terms; translating. Call or address MISS DUNLOP, 1058 Benton ave. 1

WANTED—VIOLIN PUPILS BY A PUPIL of well-known professor; extra gains taken with beginners. 620 S. FLOWER ST. 30

FOR SALE—$100 SCHOLARSHIP IN GIRLS' Collegiate School at a reduced price. Address J. box 38, TIMES OFFICE.

MISS ADAMS, TEACHER OF PIANOFORTE; pupil of Thilo Becker; also Berlin Conservatory. Studio, 1326 HILL ST.

VOICE, PIANO—BEST METHODS; EXPERIenced instruction; reasonable rates. W. F. GATES, Maynard Block.

WANTED — DAILY GOVERNESS FOR 3 children; foreigner preferred. Address L, box 31, TIMES OFFICE.

VANDER NAILLEN ENGINEERING SCHOOL, 113 Fulton st., S. F. Ask catalogue.

MINING—
And Assaying.

MINING CHEMIST, ASSAYER AND CYANIde man is open for engagement; experienced in sampling ore bodies, preliminary examinations, working tests and regular operation; U. S. or Mexico; references. A. A., care Box 460, TUCSON, Ariz. 30

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE GOOD mining interests in California mine; company working; plenty of good ore; will sell 10,000 shares at 5c; need money; "investigate." Address L, box 13, TIMES OFFICE. 1

MINES—MINES—MINES—WE HAVE BUYers for good gold and copper mines. J. C. YOUNGMAN & CO., real estate and mining brokers, 124 S. Broadway.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE 10,000 SHARES Black Hills Copper, if a bargain. Address at once, with lowest price, P. O. BOX 710. 2

SAVERSTOCK & STAPLES, 322 W. FIRST, Assayers. Properties sampled. No students.

PATENTS—
And Patent Agents.

PATENTS OBTAINED IN U. S. AND FOREign countries; trade marks and copyrights registered; infringements advised upon, and cases conducted by DAY & DAY, 123-134-135 Stimson Block, Los Angeles, Cal. Tel. James 5711.

JAMES R. ROGERS (EX-EXAMINER IN U. S. Patent Office,) solicitor of patents and infringement lawyer. Office, New York, Washington. 324 BYRNE BLK. Tel. black 3025.

PIONEER PATENT AGENCY—H. TRASK IN Downey Block, HAZARD & MARPHAM.

MONEY TO LOAN—

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, Jewelry, Pianos, Furniture, etc.
We loan you all the money you want, at low rates of interest, and will assure you of that confidential treatment that all persons of refinement and pride feel is essential in money matters. Write or 'phone John 1511, and we will call on you. Private office for ladies. SAFETY LOAN CO., 231 S. Broadway, rooms 1 and 2.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, JEWelry, pianos, carriages, bicycles, all kinds of collateral security. We loan you more money, less interest, hold your goods longer, than any one; no commission, appraisers, middlemen, bill of sale; tickets issued; storage free in our warehouse. LEE BROS., 202 S. Spring.

MONEY TO LOAN—
IN SUMS TO SUIT at very lowest rates.
JOHN FLOURNOY & CO., 128 Broadway. 'Phone John 1521.

MONEY TO LOAN FOR BUILDING OR ON improved city property, or in good outside towns, AT LOWEST RATES, on a "NEW PLAN." Interest decreases as you pay. STATE MUTUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASS'N, 141 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.

$750,000 TO LOAN—
LOWEST RATES—
R. G. Lunt, agent the German Savings and Loan Society, San Francisco.
140 S. BROADWAY, Hellman Block.

A THOROUGHLY RELIABLE PLACE TO obtain a loan on diamonds, jewelry or furniture is at THE SYNDICATE LOAN CO'S, 113½ S. Spring. Geo. L. Mills, Mgr. Tel. James 2131.

LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE HOLDING permanent positions, without security; easy payments; no publicity. TRADERS' EXCHANGE, room 28, Bryson Blk. Tel. red 3651.

CASH CONFIDENTIALLY LOANED SALaried people without security or indorsers; low rates; easy payments; open evenings, 7 to 8. COMMERCIAL LOAN CO., 501 Frost Block.

TO LOAN—MONEY IN AMOUNTS TO SUIT on real estate security at the very lowest rates. A. C. GOLSH, 101 N. Broadway. Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

MONEY AT 4½ TO 5 PER CENT, NET, according to size and character of the loan. EDWARD D. SILENT & CO., 216 W. Second st.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE ON their notes without indorser; 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; evenings, 7 to 8. TOUSLEY, 326 Wilcox Bldg.

MERCANTILE LOAN CO. CASH ADVANCED salaried people. Room 14, HELLMAN BLK. 220 W. Second, 9 a.m., 5 p.m. 'Phone main 1222.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SMALL OR LARGE amounts on real estate security. No commission. etc. HOVIS & MARTIN, 126 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN; CONSULT WITH US for loans on property or chattels. LOS ANGELES REALTY CO., 502 S. Broadway. 19

$500,000 TO LOAN AT 5 TO 7 PER CENT. on improved city and country property. F. Q. STORY, 305 Byrne Bldg.

R. W. POINDEXTER, 320 WILCOX BLOCK, loans money on mortgages, stocks, bonds and warrants. Installments accepted.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE OF INterest, city or country. WHEELS & KENDALL, 302 Currier Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND COUNTRY real estate at lowest rates. ROBERT MARSH & CO., 326 Douglas Bldg.

MONEY AT 6% TO 7 PER CENT. NET, ACcording to amount and security. S. K. LINE LET, 117 S. Broadway.

LOANS ON ROOMING HOUSES AT 1 PER cent. per month. RIGBY, 312 California Bank Bldg. Tel. 1447.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY OR COUNTRY real estate. THOMAS S. WADSWORTH, 229 and 230 Douglas Bldg.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE FROM 4½ PER cent. per annum. RIGBY, 312 California Bank Bldg.

$5000 TO $20,000, PRIVATE MONEY, 6 PER cent. LOCKHART & SON, 117 S. Broadway.

PRIVATE MONEY AT LOWEST RATES. ALEX. MACKEIGAN & CO. Douglas Bldg.

LOANS WITHOUT EXPENSE. EXCEPT ABstract. F. FERGUSON, 223 Douglas Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN. REASONABLE RATES. GEO. E. LINDLEY, 315 Laughlin Bldg.

LOANS AT LOW RATES ON PIANOS AND personal property. 429 DOUGLAS BLOCK.

TO LOAN — 5 TO 7 PER CENT. MONEY. BRADSHAW BROS., 207 Bradbury Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE. C. WHITE MORTIMER, 73 Temple Block.

$2500 TO $50,000—REASONABLE RATES. ALLISON BARLOW, 227 S. Broadway.

MONEY WANTED—

WANTED—GOOD DRIVING HORSE IN EXchange for part or full payment of piano; thoroughbred preferred. H. C. GILBERT PIANO CO., Seventh and Broadway.

WANTED—MONEY ON EXTRA FINE SEcurity; $12,000 and $5000 at 6 per cent. net. BARR REALTY CO., 204-6 Wilcox Bldg. 1

WANTED — LOANS OF $800 AND $1000 ON city property. E. A. MILLER, 217 W. First.

STOCKS AND BONDS—

FOR SALE—
As dealers exclusively in high-grade first-mortgage securities, we offer city, county, school, corporation and government bonds, at lowest prices.
ADAMS-PHILLIPS COMPANY, 315 S. BROADWAY.
Telephone main 967.

JOSEPH L. BALL,
COMMISSION BROKER.
Orders in NEW YORK STOCKS, BONDS and GRAIN executed for investment or on margin. Correspondence invited. Tel. Main 894. 214 BRADBURY BLDG.

BOND DEALERS—
EXCELLENT 4 PER CENTS.
WALLACE BROS.
254 S. BROADWAY.

16 S. RAYMOND AVE., PASADENA.

50,000 SHARES OF VENTURE HILL AT Jerome, Ariz., at 23c; $1200 commission to buyer or broker; company has fine prospects, and selling stock at 50c. Address owner, 446 WILCOX BLOCK.

LOST, STRAYED—
And Found.

LOST — ON FRIDAY, NOV. 22, 1901, BEtween Main and Figueroa and Washington and 8th sts., a little boy's navy serge reefer; military buttons, made by Tiger Co. Reward for return to 2310 S. FLOWER ST. Tel. white 4281. 29

LOST—THANKSGIVING MORNING, LIGHTcolored overcoat on road between Whittier and Immanuel Church, Los Angeles. Leave at ALLEN'S FURNITURE STORE, 212 W. Sixth. T. N. Newell. Reward. 29

LOST — LAST SATURDAY EVENING, ONE small black bandbag, on way from Santa Fe depot to 1540 Paloma st. Any one returning same to 1540 PALOMA ST. will be liberally rewarded. 29

LOST — THURSDAY MORNING, LADY'S chatelaine bag, gold watch; open face; initials "L. P. H.;" between Trenton and Hope, 11th and Pico. Return 211 W. FIFTH. Reward. 1

LOST—BETWEEN THIRD AND FIFTH STS. on Spring, Wednesday night, small red pocketbook, with sum of money, coup. of Levy's on inside. Please call 136 W. FIFTH. 29

FOUND — A PAIR OF GOLD-RIMMED glasses. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for advertisement. Call 1107 E. SEVENTH. 'Phone black 1429. 29

LOST — TUESDAY EVENING, AT ARMORY Hall, Signal Corps ball, a lady's gold watch and pin. Reward if returned to 211 N. MAIN ST., Temple Block. 29

LOST — CHILD'S RED CAPE, THURSDAY noon, in the business part of the city. Finder return 333 W. FOURTH ST. 29

LOST—BAY SADDLE HORSE, 900 LBS., 4 years old; star in face. Reward for information. IOWA DAIRY, Box 648. 1

FOUND—TAKEN UP, A SMALL, SORREL horse and spring wagon. E. W. STANTON, Alhambra.

LOST — LADY'S GOLD WATCH WITH "C. N." engraved on case. Reward. 223 S. HILL ST. 29

EXCURSIONS—
With Dates and Departures.

THE DENVER AND RIO GRANDE AND the Rio Grande Western personally conducted excursions leave Los Angeles daily for all points East, crossing the Sierra Nevadas, through Salt Lake City and the heart of the Rocky Mountains by daylight. No European trip of equal length and grandeur with that from Ogden to Denver in grandeur of scenery or wealth of novel interest. Competent managers, commodious cars, excursion. For rates, illustrated pamphlets, etc., call on any Southern Pacific ticket agent, or address F. W. THOMPSON, 625 Market st., San Francisco.

ROCK ISLAND EXCURSIONS—
Personally conducted Rock Island excursions leave Los Angeles every Tuesday, Friday and Saturday via the Scenic Line, Salt Lake City, and every Thursday via the Southern Route, El Paso and Fort Worth, for Kansas City, Omaha, Des Moines, Minneapolis, Chicago, Cleveland, Buffalo, New York City and Boston. For reservations, call or address 257 S. SPRING ST. Tel. main 960.

JUDSON-ALTON PERSONALLY CONDUCTed excursions East via the Rio Grande (Scenic Route) leave Los Angeles every Thursday. Best service. Lowest rates. Stop-over Niagara Falls. Office, 610-611 STIMSON BLOCK, or see any Southern Pacific agent.

JUDSON-ALTON EXCURSIONS VIA "THE Southern Route" for St. Louis, Chicago and points East, leave Los Angeles Fridays. Lowest rates. Best tourist cars. Personally conducted. Office 610 STIMSON BLOCK, or see any Southern Pacific agent.

EDUCATIONAL MAGAZINE.
He who buys what he does not need will some time need what he can not buy; but he who spends his dollar for first class literature, shall reap forth many dollars in due season. Subscribe for the Saturday Evening Post for yourself; subscribe for the Ladies' Home Journal for HER. $1 a year each. Pacific Coast Office, The Saturday Evening Post, (founded A. D. 1728 by Benjamin Franklin). 404 S. Broadway, Los Angeles. Tel. Mary 382. W. P. Turner, Manager.

Los Angeles Business College
112 W. Third St. Tel. Black 2651.
Day and Evening Sessions. Send for Catalogue
E. R. SHRADER, Pres. E. K. ISAACS, Vice-Pres.
I. N. INSKEEP, Sec.

McCaffrey Business College
And School of Shorthand and Typewriting
126 S. Spring St. Telephone Green 1848.
The leading Commercial School. Many years of increasing success. Day and evening sessions. Apply for catalogue.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA BUSINESS COLLEGE
GRAHAM SCHOOL of SHORTHAND
248 S. Spring St. The Lyon Blk.
Day and Evening Sessions.
Send for catalogue.
J. W. LACKEY, T. W. HOOD, Principals.
D. L. HOLLMAN.

THE BROWNSBERGER
Shorthand, Typewriting and Business Training for YOUNG MEN and WOMEN, 253-5-7 West Seventh street, Tel. Peter 5311. Day and evening sessions. Office training. Machine at home free. Send for catalogue.

Los Angeles Military Academy
Near Westlake. Eighth year; 10 teachers; individual instruction; an ideal school for boys and young men desiring to make rapid progress. Tel. Main 1046.

English Classical School for Girls
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.
Pasadena, 120-124 S. Euclid av. Certificates admit to Stanford and Eastern colleges. Art, music, primary and intermediate, gymnasium.

HARVARD SCHOOL (Military.)
Western Ave. Fits for college and business. Opens Sept. 24. Ten-acre athletic field. Gymnasium. City office 307 W. Third st. Tel. Green 381. GRENVILLE C. EMERY, A.M., Head Master.

Boynton Normal—A school for preparing for County Examination. Calls and correspondence invited.
326 STIMSON BLOCK.

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE—
Horses, Cattle, Mules, Etc.

FOR SALE — 15 GOOD YOUNG DRIVING horses; from 1000 to 1200 lbs.; also 2 draft, weighing 2600 lbs. Aged 7 and 8 years respectively; price $125. Apply 140 E. ALAMEDA ST.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME 4-YEAR-OLD, 15½ hands colt, standard bred; great action and style; also gentle, suitable for speeding and fancy driving. Apply 2422 E. FOURTH, rear. 1

FOR SALE—4 NICE, LARGE, HIGH-BRED heifer calves, $5 each; also 2 elegant Jersey-Durham cows; also 2 pretty little mules, 3½ years old. Apply 2414 E. FIRST. 29

FOR SALE—2 YOUNG HORSES; WILL EXchange for surrey, cow or chickens; seen corner of Raymond and Colorado. J. WHITING, public carriage, Pasadena.

FOR SALE—GOOD, GENTLE, LARGE BAY horse; fearless of steam and electric cars; cheap; anyone can drive him; guaranteed. 437 SOUTH SPRING ST. 29

FOR SALE — JUST ARRIVED, 20 GOOD, well-broken work mules and 10 good horses. Dakota Stock Yards, 721 Lyon st. E. DEFEBACH & SON. 29

FOR SALE — JERSEY AND GUERNSEY family cow, very rich milker and gentle, $45; also laying hens. 217 N. HANCOCK ST., East Side. 29

FOR SALE—2 WELL-MATCHED HAMILtonian mare colts, coming "fives;" fast. Call SANDERSON STABLE, S. Broadway, Friday. 29

FOR SALE—1 JERSEY GUERNSEY, GENtle and quiet, giving 4½ gallons extra rich milk. 1255 W. 22ND. 29

FOR SALE—STALLS FOR RENT, $1.50 PER month; 1½ in, 10c; feed, 20c. 460 SAN PEDRO ST. 29

FOR SALE—GOOD HORSE FOR $25; HEAVY express harness, $10; worth $15. 250 E. FIRST. 29

FOR SALE — A FINE BLACK DRIVING horse, fast. PIONEER STABLES, 230 Requena.

FOR SALE — TWO FAWN-COLORED JERseys; large milkers. 143 N. EASTLAKE AVE. 29

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE—
Poultry, Birds, Dogs, Etc.

FOR SALE—4 DOZEN THOROUGHBRED brown Leghorns, $1 per dozen; 3 dozen thoroughbred Plymouth Rocks, $1 per dozen. ALF SHAW, Prospect Park. Will deliver. 29

LIVE STOCK WANTED—

WANTED—SPAN OF FIRST-CLASS DRAFT horses; must weigh 1400 to 1500 lbs.; must be young horses. Address K, box 100, TIMES OFFICE. 1

PHYSICIANS—

DR. MINNIE WELLS HAS REMOVED FROM her block, 127 E. Third st., to her residence, 1024 S. Figueroa; Dr. Washington of University of Chicago says: "15 years' successful experience; special information to ladies in trouble; send $1 for return letter for "Lady's Relief;" prompt and reliable in irregularities.

DR. EADS TREATS ALL FEMALE DISeases and irregularities, nervous and chronic diseases; home comforts for a limited number of patients; "syphilis" in every form permanently cured. 411½ S. SPRING. 'Phone green 586.

DR. SOMERS TREATS SUCCESSFULLY ALL female diseases and irregularities; all nervous and chronic diseases of either sex; is specialty of long standing. 311-314 CURRIER BLDG., 313 W. Third st.

DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 206 and 207, Stimson Block. Attention given to obstetrics and all diseases of women and children. Hours 1 to 4 p.m. Tel. M. 1397.

COMPETENT LADIES' SPECIALIST. Strictly reliable, safe and sure; cases guaranteed. MRS. WOODS JOHNSON, 214 W. Fourth st., room 15.

DR. C. EDGAR SMITH—FEMALE RECTAL and stomach diseases. 425 S. BROADWAY.

DR. UNGER TREATS CANCER AND DISeases of women; no knife. 106½ S. SPRING.

DR. GARRISON, CANCER AND MALIGnant diseases, 421½ S. Spring.

J. MACRAE, ELECTRICIAN, 139½ S. Spring.

NURSES—

A QUIET, PLEASANT, PRIVATE HOME FOR ladies before and after confinement; also for invalids; best of care; terms reasonable. 114 N. BEAUDRY AVE., or 'phone black 1952.

CHIROPODISTS—
And Manicures.

CORNS AND BUNIONS REMOVED WITHout pain. YACY STEES HAIR STORE, 134 W. Fourth st., near Spring.

FIERCE BALL HANDED OUT.

Rotten Umpiring, Police, Angry Crowd.

Two Startling Games Here Yesterday.

Looloos Win One, and Harper Gives the Other to the Dutch.

Looloos, 22; Dutch 0. Morning.
Looloos, 0; Dutch, 3. Afternoon.

Rotten umpiring, scarce and scattering hits, three Looloo players put out of the game, one fined $25, an angry mob thirsting to drink the umpire's gore and hundreds of people hissing like geese, were a few of the startling features that marked the most exciting ball game ever played on a local diamond, the contest yesterday afternoon on the Chutes grounds. Half a dozen policemen rushing on the field in the wake of a big crowd that hoped to see Ein Spies of the Looloos smash Umpire Harper a three-bagger under the ear was another thing not on the score card. Over four thousand people took part in all three fierce proceedings and contributed largely to what was about the most intense exhibition ever seen in the State in baseball for the price of one admission.

The morning game was no less remarkable, but in a different way for the locals. Whalen and Brockhoff were the pitchers the Dutch put in. The Looloos evidently took these for a pair of Thanksgiving turkeys, for they attacked them in a fearful manner, making no less than twenty hits in the six innings played, and scoring the record-breaking total of twenty-two runs to nothing for the Dutch. It was one of the worst beatings ever given a league ball team in this State, and will certainly rob the Dutchmen of all their pleasure in winning the pennant.

The morning game was a batting picnic for the locals, and they fattened their averages in a wonderful manner. In the six innings played up to lunch time, when the game was called, Dougherty and Reilly made triples, Kihm three doubles, Hemphill two and Dougherty, Atherton, Hall, Spies and Hall one each, in addition to eight singles lined out by the team. The batting was really terrific. In three times up Dougherty hit a triple, a double and a single. In five times up Hemphill made two doubles and two singles, Kihm three doubles in four times up, and Reilly a triple and two singles in four times up.

HOT ONE, SURE.

In the afternoon Umpire Harper evidently had it framed up for the Dutch to win, and would not be headed off, giving them the best of every decision, and practically presenting them the game. Shay made the first Dutch run in the second inning, after he had been put out twice. Pabst fanned out, and Brockhoff flew to Kihm. Then Shay hit over short and was thrown out stealing to second, but Harper would not call it so. Hall kicked so hard at the rotten decision that he was put out of the game, and Reilly went in as shortstop. Graham hit a hard one to Reilly, who fumbled, and the ball rolled to Atherton, Shay kept on running past third, and to the plate. Atherton recovered the ball, and threw it to Spies, and Shay was again touched out, but once more Harper would not allow it. The big crowd howled fearfully at these rank decisions.

The next bit of excitement came in the last half of the third. Reilly knocked a two-base hit against the left fence, and reached third on Spies's out at first. As Iberg was about to pitch the ball Reilly boldly dashed to the plate. Wilson caught the pitched ball and touched Reilly as he reached the plate. On a very close decision Harper again favored the Dutch and called Reilly out. Because he kicked vehemently, Harper put him out of the game. In the next inning Hemphill was sent to third, and Altrock to left field.

The real bad thing came in the eighth and ninth innings. In the eighth Spies hit safely past Iberg, and easily stole second, but the fearful Harper called him out. Spies was sore, and gave Harper a strong talk about his rottenness, which did no good.

At the beginning of the ninth, as Spies put on his chest protector, he again renewed the argument with Harper about his out at second. One word led to another, and Harper says Spies called him many hard names. In any event Spies seized him and was about to strike him when a crowd rushed on the diamond, followed by the Dutch players, and half a dozen policemen. They all surged around the combatants, and 3000 people stood up in the bleachers and grand stand waiting to see a fight. An officer marched Spies off, but the players and others pulled him from the officer. After five minutes of excitement, with no blow struck, the crowd was

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
HARRY CHANDLER.....Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER....Secretary. ALBERT McFARLAND....Treasurer.

PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times

Daily, Weekly, Sunday, and Weekly Magazine. Vol. 40, No. 178. EVERY MORNING IN THE YEAR Founded Dec. 4, 1881. Twentieth Year.

NEWS SERVICE:—Full reports of the new Associated Press, covering the globe; from 18,500 to 24,000 words transmitted daily over more than 20,000 miles of leased wires.

TERMS:—Daily and Sunday, including Magazine Section, 75 cents a month, or $9.00 a year; Daily without Sunday, $7.50 a year; Sunday, $2.50; Magazine only, $2.50; Weekly, $1.50.

SWORN CIRCULATION:—Daily net average for 1896, 18,691; for 1897, 19,288; for 1898, 20,131; for 1899, 25,731; for 1900, 26,738.

TELEPHONES:—Counting Room and Subscription Department, first floor, Press 1; City Editor and local news room, Press 2.

AGENTS:—Eastern Agents, Williams & Lawrence, Nos. 31-32 Tribune Building, New York; 87 Washington street, Chicago. Washington Bureau, 46 Post Building.

Offices: Times Building, First and Broadway.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as mail matter of the second class

A TOUCHING TRIBUTE.

A The State Department at Washington is in receipt of a report from the Consul-General for the United States at Shanghai, China, to the effect that the guilds of silk, tea, and cotton piece goods dealers have contributed, of their own initiative, to a fund to erect a monument in Shanghai to the late President McKinley." They announce that they are doing this "to show their appreciation of the man and his attitude toward China."

This is a remarkable and a touching tribute to the worth and greatness of the well-beloved President. It is a striking exemplification of the universality of the love and esteem in which our martyred Chief was held throughout the world. It is stated that never before has such action been taken by Chinese people on behalf of any but a citizen of China—a statement which it is not difficult to believe when we remember the conservatism of the Chinese, and their aversion to "foreign devils" and to all things foreign.

The Chinese have ample reason to revere the memory of our great-hearted and well-beloved President. He was their truest friend throughout the terrible Boxer riots of 1900, when the hands of all men seemed to be against them. It was the firm stand of our government, as represented by President McKinley, more than any other single influence, that prevented the dismemberment of the Chinese empire as a consequence of the Boxer troubles.

President McKinley's position, which he maintained with unswerving firmness, was for exact justice to China—no more, no less—and against dismemberment of the empire. This stand was taken at a time when most or all of the Western nations were clamoring for their pound of flesh in the shape of more or less liberal slices of Chinese territory. Had not our government taken a decided stand against dismemberment, the eventuality would not improbably have been a bloody war, not merely against China, but between the "allied powers" over the division of the spoils.

The Chinese remember all this. They admire and appreciate the greatness of William McKinley's statesmanship, and they are well aware that, not only in the crisis of 1900, but throughout his public career, he has stood for a policy of fairness toward China on the part of the United States. They know that McKinley was their friend, because he could never be brought to countenance injustice or wrong of any kind in the relations of the United States toward other powers. The Chinese have suffered injustice at the hands of other powers, but never from the United States while William McKinley occupied the office of Chief Executive. Realizing these facts, it is not to be wondered at that they should wish to express their appreciation and admiration for the great statesman, now dead, who was broad enough, and generous enough, to insist upon fair treatment for China when other great nations were intent upon seizing portions of her territory. The monument to McKinley at Shanghai will be a fitting tribute to a great statesman, whose fame will grow brighter and brighter as the years advance.

A WHOLESOME PRECEDENT.

An Albany dispatch relates that Thomas J. Diamond, a police captain of New York, who was tried in Albany on a change of venue from New York county, was on the 27th inst. found guilty of the charge of neglect of duty in having failed to suppress disorderly houses in his precinct. The sentence imposed upon him was that he should pay a fine of $1000 or be imprisoned in the Albany county penitentiary for one year. The fine was paid.

It appears, so far as the facts are given in the dispatches, that a wholesome precedent has been established in this case. It is hardly necessary to say that the non-enforcement of law has been one of the greatest of evils in the city of New York under the Tammany régime. This is especially true as to the class of houses for the non-suppression of which Capt. Diamond was convicted. In many districts such places have been allowed to run, in direct violation of the law, by paying regular fees to the officers whose duty it was to compel them to close. Bribery of this sort is a more flagrant violation of the law, and a greater offense against public morality, than the operations of the disorderly houses. It was not charged, apparently, that Capt. Diamond had been guilty of receiving money for permitting the places to remain open. The charge upon which he was convicted was neglect of duty in not closing them.

The laws are made to be enforced. When officers are chosen to enforce the laws, the duty imposed upon them is mandatory, and can not legitimately be evaded, where enforcement is not a physical impossibility. The officers themselves become violators of the law when they fail to obey its mandates. In the case of Capt. Diamond, the sentence imposed upon him is a rather severe discipline which, it is to be hoped, will serve as a timely and efficacious warning to other officers who are prone to neglect the duties imposed upon them by the laws which they are sworn to execute. There are officers outside of New York who would be benefited by a little of the same sort of discipline as that administered to Capt. Diamond.

MR. NATION DIVORCED.

The press dispatches bring the important announcement that Mr. Carrie Nation has been granted a divorce from his wife, the famous joint smasher. Mr. Nation brought suit for divorce on the ground of cruelty, but the court exonerated Mrs. Nation from that charge, and based the decree on the ground of gross neglect of duty, in that Mrs. Nation spent more of her time smashing joints, and in jail, than she spent at home, attending to her household duties.

One of the charges brought by Mr. Nation against his wife was that she has written him a letter in which she referred to him as a "hell-bound hypocrite." That Mr. Nation should object to being regarded in that light seems rather singular, under the circumstances. Knowing Mrs. Nation's playful nature, he should have regarded the phrase as a joke; just a bit of light raillery, or airy persiflage, so to speak. Or, it might have been intended by Mrs. N. as a term of endearment. On second thought, this construction would seem to be the more rational and plausible.

It is obvious to the careful observer, from a consideration of the attending circumstances and conditions of the case, that Mr. Nation is of a coarse, phlegmatic, and unsympathetic temperament. Such gross natures are never capable of understanding or appreciating intense and high-strung souls like that of the hatchet-woman of Medicine Lodge, Kansas. Mr. Nation, instead of taking umbrage at having bestowed upon him so innocent and playful a sobriquet as that of a "hell-bound hypocrite," should obviously have considered the source, as did the man when the mule kicked him, and should have been devoutly thankful that it was no worse.

The unreasonableness of Mr. Nation is so apparent that it need not be enlarged upon here. Many and many a man has fared worse at the hands of Mrs. Carrie Nation. Suppose this impulsive, high-flying terror of the Grasshopper State had seen fit to turn her hatchet against Mr. Nation, in some of her zigzag fits of abstraction? Where would he have got off at in such an emergency? Is it necessary to point out in specific terms the fact that his name would have been Dennis?

It is tolerably clear that Mr. Nation, instead of surlily objecting to being sized up in the "hell-bound hypocrite" class, should be proud of the title, and should be grateful to his energetic and gazelle-like spouse for the incalculable service she has done him. From a condition of obscurity many removes beyond the vanishing point, she has brought him forward into the white light of publicity. Who would ever have heard of this man who objects to the term of "hell-bound hypocrite" if he had not chanced to be the husband of the great and justly celebrated hatchet-wielder of Kansas? The question is answered in the asking. Nobody. How unreasonable, then, for Mr. Nation to object to the harmless diversions of his angelic and lively spouse, in bestowing upon him pet names, smashing saloons, singing hosannas in jail, etc., etc. It is clear that Mr. Nation is it.

The bantering that is going on between the owner of the Hope diamond and prospective purchasers has all the resemblance of a bargain-day deal with Bulgarian brigands who insist upon no discount.

The Illinois woman who is the mother of two sets of twins, two sets of triplets and who recently gave birth to quadruplets, has sued her husband for a divorce. Probably few women will blame her any.

Five hundred deer were killed in the Adirondacks during the season just closed. Twenty-three other victims, who turned out not to be deer, will never again be mistaken for those animals.

A St. Louis singer has sued the city for damages, alleged to have resulted from inhaling the city's smoke. Singers in Chicago, where the smoke nuisance is worse than in any other city in the country, should get wise and make hay before the annoyance is abated.

The President will do all he can toward starting the water to running in the arid regions of the West, and we may expect, one of these days, to see the deserts blossom as the rose.

Minister Wu has dared three editors to meet him in a debate on the Chinese exclusion act. It is feared that Wu has aspirations which a dose of lecture platform only can cure.

We tremble lest the football fatalities in Michigan overlap the other terrible calamities which have happened in that State this week.

It certainly looks as if Michigan is bound to take first place in piling up victims by railroad wrecks and boiler explosions.

And now the chrysanthemum is ready to step aside and let some of the other waiting buds show their petals.

Gen. Alban's triumph was short-lived. The Liberals appear to have taken the shine completely off his halo of victory.

A Buffalo real-estate man advertises a flat for rent, "ice free." Next July he won't dare put up that josh.

The steel trust appears to be in no immediate danger of starving from want of official pap.

The football chaps kicked all yesterday afternoon, and the overloaded stomachs all night.

It's all over, but soup, hash and turkey croquettes.

THE PLAYHOUSES.

LOS ANGELES THEATER. That "Girl From Maxim's," which made her first appearance on the local boards for the first time last evening, is not nearly so naughty as one pictures the gayest of the gay Parisians, nor half so good as the press agent tries to paint her. She is a music-hall singer, a woman of the world, is this "Girl from Maxim's." Masquerading as the wife of a rather sporty physician, whose acquaintance she has made, and whose real life is very much in evidence, she makes her way into country society. At first she startles this same society, which looks to Paris for its latest wrinkle, then dazzles, for they believe her to be the élite of all the Parisians. They accept her, slang and all; she is imitated, because all she does must be "the proper thing."

Miss Lena Merville, the girl is Frenchy, with plenty of bewess, and W. H. Turner as Dr. Petypont, the sporty physician, is quite up to the part. Some clever work is done by Joseph Allen as a French general. They are supported by a full company.

"The Girl from Maxim's" offers plenty of opportunity for the merry ha ha, but isn't the real humor that inspires the laugh; it is more the absurdities of the thing, for it is full of such situations.

The same card will hold the boards the remainder of this week.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Except Himself.

After all, Senator Tillman's remarks merely demonstrated the inconsequential fact that he has no more respect for Booker Washington than he has for anybody else.—[Washington Star.

As Usual.

A German inventor claims to have invented a method of hardening steel which makes Krupp armor look like pasteboard. And just as we had discovered a shell that would pierce any warship afloat!—[Chicago Post.

Auspicious Innovation.

The sending of Great Britain's Australian mails by the way of New York is an impressive sign of the time, auspicious of what may happen when our Isthmian Canal is constructed.—[New York Tribune.

Standard of Living Rising.

The cost of living, we are told, has reached the highest point for a decade. Well, and is not life worth more than it ever was before? It certainly is to those of us who are alive.—[Boston Transcript.

Good Motto for the Brigands.

If Miss Stone loses her health, and the government loses its patience, the brigands may lose the ransom. David Harum's motto that in a horse trade it is well enough to let the other fellow make something once in a while is equally good in a business transaction like that which the missionary's captors have in hand.—[Atlanta Constitution.

A Noble Pen Picture.

And these are the days when the rich brown of the roasted turkey, with a dash of crimson cranberry, looms up in the near foreground, while an atmosphere of hot mince pie breathes life and hope into the small boy in the background; and on the horizon steams the porous, delectable buckwheat cake, smothered in the golden rays of maple syrup.—[Pioneer Press.

Both Natural.

The Chinese desire to regain control of Tien-Tsin is natural, but no more so than the desire of the powers to see that another expedition for the relief of Peking is not needed.—[Pittsburgh Dispatch.

The One Modern Feature.

King Edward's order that at his coronation identical honors shall be paid to Presidents and crowned heads is the one great rent in the fabric of mediævalism which he purposes to exhibit to a gaping twentieth-century world.—[New York World.

A New Peril for Schley.

Admiral Schley is in more danger from adulation than he ever was from vituperation. A man of abstemious habits in eating and drinking, he will, if he accepts half the invitations to banquets that are being tendered him, be fain to ask quarter of dyspepsia before a year has passed.—[Portland Oregonian.

Should Try American Methods.

The Queen of Servia is said to have attempted suicide because her royal spouse slapped her face. She should send for a rolling pin, take instructions from some American housewife and spring a surprise on His Royal Highness the next time he attempts to become so familiar.—[Omaha Bee.

A Consummation to Be Wished.

A man in Connecticut is now constructing a flying machine. If perseverance in the face of constant failure counts for anything, the early part of this century will see men traveling through the air. And 'tis a consummation devoutly to be wished, for at present it looks as though either rapid transit or pedestrians must get off the earth if the census is to be kept up to the proper standing.—[Baltimore American.

STATE SNAPSHOTS.

How is your digestive apparatus this morning?

Warmed-over turkey today, cold turkey tomorrow and turkey hash for Sunday.

Alameda ladies have been giving cake sales. The controversy as to who is the best cake maker is still being warmly discussed.

An Oakland man jumped off a moving street car rather than pay a 5-cent fare and was killed. It doesn't pay to be too penurious.

An Oakland woman ran away with a sewing machine agent. The fact that it wasn't the colored coachman adds a fresh interest to the story.

And now ye economical landlady searcheth through ye cook book for "One Hundred Ways of Serving Turkey." And ye weary boarder sigheth.

Crap shooters of Oakland have begun the winter campaign, and the cops have donned their eagle eyes in an attempt to run down the money-thirsty gang.

Apple cider is on the market here, but it doesn't taste much like the good old stuff we used to entice out of a barrel with a long straw, back in York State.

A woman who went into the Los Angeles public library recently and asked for some "light reading," was given a little book on "The Process of Tallow Candle Making."

The Hemet News suggests the planting of rye when there is a lack of rain. A good share of a certain class prefer planting the rye whether there is rain or no rain.

A Chula Vista youth looked down the barrel of a shotgun and pulled the trigger at the same time. As the gun was loaded there is little use in making comments on the result.

A 'Frisco darky paid $50 for a small box of crackers. Not from choice, but because he was detected in the act of making away with them without first anteing up.

The big mountain lion reported to have been seen near Covina has turned out to be a stray Billy goat. Imagination does wonders in many cases—especially at Covina.

Because he had contracted the habit of stealing the morning paper and loaf of bread from the door of a 'Frisco man, J. F. Pizzeni will eat prison rations for three months.

A man who lives near Petaluma has succeeded in producing a seedless apple. Small boys are warned, however, that it is possessed of the same old "colicky" abilities as the common fruit.

Charley Fair of San Francisco has an automobile which, it is said, will smash all the Coast records. If it doesn't smash anything besides records it will be different from the average "auto."

Jim Riley was found asleep in a box car at Redlands. He strenuously denies that he is the famous Hoosier poet, and says that there is no more poetry in him than there is in the life he leads.

It is reported that a Pasadena youth who stood in front of his girl's house and whistled for her to come out, succeeded in collecting all the dogs of the neighborhood around him in less than four minutes.

Hanford's papers are commenting on the appearance of so many drummers in town. Are those bewitching Hanford gazelles really as alluring as they are painted? It would seem that the knight of the grip has that idea.

A Redlands milkman delivers milk to his customers on ice. At Los Angeles the milkmen still deliver it something like that, except that they use the raw material from which ice is made and put it inside the cans.

Thirty-five pretty girls are learning the milkmaid's art in the Berkeley cow college. What a scene of truly rural happiness it must be to see this bevy of female loveliness, with their sleeves rolled up, jerking beef extract from the lowing kine.

Two Fresno musicians drove out in the country to a dance, unhitching their horse until ready to return. After the dance they spent three mortal hours in trying to hitch the horse up, but were obliged to give up the job. They walked home.

A Riverside youth took off all his clothes and laid down in an irrigation ditch, without even taking the trouble to make a fig-leaf apron. It is supposed he was insane. More likely he had been looking upon the drug store when it was crimson.

Stannard, the Long Beach chap who sold a bottle of mountain dew to a man, has again escaped a conviction. It would appear that about half the jury would be glad to help Stannard out at all times if he would agree to keep their bottles filled gratis.

Miss Whitney of Santa Barbara is the champion female bowler of the Coast. She can fire the big balls down the alley with all the force and precision of a professional, and is rolling up a muscle which is bound to win the admiration of the man she marries.

Long Beach wants to form a company of National Guards. The youths think it would be "jest slick" to wear blue breeches with a stripe down the side, and learn how to handle a Springfield rifle, and then the girls would look up to them more than they do now.

Fresno has a man who is going to establish a factory for the manufacture of pillows and mattresses from the tails of jackrabbits. He has already leased the jackrabbit privileges of several counties, and says the industry promises to develop into amazing proportions. Of course it will, when he starts in his tail to unfold.

A man who runs a drug store in a town not many miles from Los Angeles, sang as a solo in church: "Will There Be Any Stars in My Crown?" Some of his customers, who know where the back door is situated after closing hours, are of the opinion that he won't even get a crown without the stars unless he quits buying bay rum in barrel lots and allowing coal oil cans to filled so often throughout the day.

Charles F. Seymour, the "Bard of Downey," breaks forth in the champion with a ten-inch "poma," which walks off thusly:

"There's nothing small about this town—
This little town of fair renown.
This village town of Downey, Cal.
Just let me say, there's nothing small."

Probably Charley has been counting up the amateur detectives who are there looking up "clues" and imagines a boom has struck the burg.

A small boy on Fourteenth street, who required the services of a physician at an early hour this morning, told the pill jerker that he had only eaten two plates of turkey, with the "fixin's," one piece of apple, mince and pumpkin pie, respectively, sampled four kinds of cake and gotten away with three dishes of cranberry sauce and two of ice cream, with a few oranges, bananas, apples, nuts and candy to top off on. Prompt use of an emetic and the stomach pump kept the boy from joining the angelic choir for at least another season.

An Oakland schoolmarm asked each of her scholars to bring a household pet to school in order to make a study of their peculiarities. Among other "critters" produced were dogs, cats, etc. One boy brought a white rat, which escaped and started on a tour of inspection of the room. The cats took after the rat and the dogs took after the cats and the pupils declared that the circus wasn't in it with the scene which followed. The teacher and girl pupils took refuge on the highest points available, held up their skirts and screeched, while the boys all yelled "sic 'em!" A door was finally opened and the menagerie driven into the open air.

CITY'S FIRE FIGHTERS AT FESTAL BOARD.

FRIENDS REMEMBER THEM IN A SUBSTANTIAL WAY.

Good Things Spread for the Crews of Engine Companies Seven and Eleven—Families United at Pleasant Thanksgiving Dinners.

Among the many Thanksgiving Day functions none was more enjoyed than the surprise to which the members of the No. 11 engine company of the fire department were treated by the residents of the Bonnie Brae and Westlake districts. The engine house is situated in one of the finest residence sections of the city, and by their uniform good conduct the members of the company have made for themselves many friends among the best-known business men of the city. It was for the purpose of showing their appreciation of the services of the firemen that the citizens decided to give them a surprise in the shape of a Thanksgiving dinner equal to any spread at the finest hotels.

In order to properly arrange the affair it was necessary to take Capt. John Roeder into the secret, but he is the only member of the company who knew what was coming. C. B. Boothe took the initiative, and visiting his neighbors secured from them promises to assist in making the treat to the firemen and their families as fine a one as possible. Forty or more residents of that part of the city contributed to it. Housewives gave goodly portions of their own Thanksgiving dinners, and others contributed cash, with which a caterer was engaged to prepare a dinner consisting of the best that the market affords.

The firemen were told that a number of their friends would visit the engine house yesterday, and urged by Capt. Roeder, they decorated their quarters beautifully. Flowers were everywhere, and in the large sleeping room on the second floor festoons of cut flowers were hung from the ceiling, and in the center was placed a large floral bell.

Shortly after 1 o'clock the caterer drove up to the engine house with two wagons, both laden with such things as go to make a typical Thanksgiving dinner. There were several turkeys, mince and pumpkin pies galore, and a sufficient quantity of other good things to feed a military company. No expense had been spared, and there was everything that any person would care to eat. Nothing intoxicating was furnished. For the firemen's wives and daughters there were neat little souvenirs, and for the firemen several boxes of fine cigars.

A long table was set in the large bedroom and on this was placed the dinner. The caterer had brought waiters with him, and all the firemen and the members of their families had to do was to eat—and they did it. Those seated at the table were: Capt. and Mrs. John Roeder, John, Jr., W. J., C. J. G. P., and H. Roeder; Engineer and Mrs. J. W. Heaney, Misses M. and L. Heaney and Hugh Heaney; Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Vail, Elizabeth, Anna L. and Grove T. Vail; Mr. and Mrs. M. Young and L. E. Young; Mr. and Mrs. F. Engelke, Florence and May Engelke, Mr. and Mrs. J. Webster and Evaline Webster; Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Baldwin and Eva Baldwin; Lieut. W. H. Hoag of the No. 1 chemical company and Mrs. Hoag; Miss Anna Roeder, A. Bilderain, A. H. Green and T. M. Fernandez.

REMEMBERED, TOO.

Another company of fire laddies that was remembered by the residents of the section in which it is stationed is Engine Company No. 7 of Maple avenue and Twenty-fourth street. Appreciative friends, among whom were L. J. Christopher, Al Levy, A. F. Frankenstein, C. W. Hicks and about twenty others, made up a purse, employed professional caterers, and prepared a feast such as seldom is enjoyed by the boys whose home ties are given a severe strain through the performance of duties that keep them within range of the gong at the engine house.

Shortly before 12 o'clock the families of the six members of the company gathered at the engine house and were photographed in a group. Then they proceeded to the sleeping room upstairs, which had been decorated tastefully with smilax and a profusion of flowers, and in which a long table had been spread with white linen and decked with handsome bouquets of roses and chrysanthemums. When the engine men and their families had taken their seats a flashlight photograph was taken and the dinner was on. The dinner was in five courses, turkey and cranberry sauce, of course, being the main feature, while soup and fish, entrees and dessert combined to make the meal satisfactory and enjoyable. Handsome menu cards, beautifully embellished, formed pleasing souvenirs of the occasion.

TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS OF CALIFORNIA

A bulletin just issued by the hydrographic department of the United States Geological Survey says:

"Six topographic maps of different sections of California have recently been issued by the United States Geological Survey. They are, the Redlands Quadrangle of the country in the vicinity of Redlands, showing a portion of the mountain country to the north, including part of the San Bernardino forest reserve, the various canals used in connection with the irrigation of the Redlands district also appearing; the San José Quadrangle, showing the city and vicinity of San José; the San Luis Rey Quadrangle, in the southwestern part of the State adjoining the coast, and in the neighborhood of Escondido, the San Luis Rey Valley, much of which is entirely dry during the summer, being clearly shown; the San Jacinto Quadrangle of part of the San Jacinto Mountains and forest reserve and the city of the same name (the irrigating canals are here also shown;) the Karquinez Quadrangle of the land lying on each side of Karquinez Strait to the north of Oakland, and the San Mateo Quadrangle, from San Francisco fifteen miles south, including the city of San Mateo, and showing the coast lines of the Pacific Ocean and San Francisco Bay. All of the maps are new, except the San Mateo and San José sheets, which are reprints. They show all the towns and villages included within their limits, all rivers, roads and trails, and by the use of contour lines clearly indicate the topography or relief of the country. They may be had on application to the director of the Geological Survey at the usual rate, 5 cents each."

The mystery surrounding the sale of Battle Abbey has been solved by the announcement that Sir August Frederick Webster, Bart., is the purchaser. The new owner is a descendant of Sir Thomas Webster, who bought the abbey from Viscount Montague in 1718, and whose family retained possession of it for 130 years.

WORKERS IN LORD'S CAUSE.

Annual Convention of Sunday-schools.

Delegates from Whole County There.

Opening Session Last Evening at the First Methodist Church.

Attended by a congregation which tested the capacity of the large auditorium and the Sunday-school room of the First Methodist Church, the seventeenth annual convention of the Los Angeles County Sunday-school Association was opened last evening. Sessions will be held morning, afternoon and evening today and tomorrow at the same place, and on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock a monster mass meeting will be held at Simpson Auditorium.

Last night's meeting was presided over by J. A. Williams of this city, president of the association, and, after the singing of "America" by the large congregation, and the opening prayer of thanksgiving by Rev. R. S. Cantine, D.D., an address of welcome was delivered by Rev. Hugh K. Walker, D.D. Dr. Walker expressed his pleasure in being permitted to address the union of all the Sunday-schools of the county, told of the gratifying advance of Sunday-school work, and extended the hand of welcome to C. D. Meigs of Indianapolis, the "Indiana cyclone," who is in the city to lend his aid to the Sunday-school movement.

Mr. Meigs responded briefly, saying he had come from the grandest State in the Union to a grander one, and bespeaking for the convention the success which he felt sure would attend its sessions. He said there is much to be done in the work; constant effort must be made to improve present conditions. No matter how satisfactory they may seem. Constant and critical introspection must be indulged in by all the workers in an endeavor to make the Sunday-school a greater power in the spread of the gospel and the improvement of mankind.

Rev. A. C. Smithers followed Mr. Meigs, making a witty address, in which he referred to himself as the greatest beggar of them all, and asking for a contribution to be used in defraying the expenses of the convention.

A grand concert which formed the main feature of the opening night of the convention included a pipe-organ solo by Prof. A. A. Butler; a chorus, "The Heavens Are Telling," in which was heard a trio consisting of Miss Isabel Curl and Messrs. Goodwin and Blaney; two numbers by the First Methodist Episcopal Church Orchestra; a vocal solo by Miss Mattie Williams, and the "Hallelujah Chorus" by a quartette composed of Misses Curl and Williams and Messrs. P. Goodwin and E. H. Miller. A tiny soloist, sunny little Annie Row, made a hit on the big audience with her song, "I Will Be a Sunbeam." It was received with applause that was flattering to the little songstress.

The convention is made up of delegates from all the Sunday-school's of Los Angeles county, only fifty of whom had registered last night. It is expected that from 200 to 400 additional registrations will be made today.

Today's programme is as follows: 9:15 o'clock a.m., praise service; 9:30, Bible reading by C. D. Meigs; 10 o'clock, address, "Are Our Sunday-school Leaflets a Help or a Hindrance?" C. B. Crosier; 10:15, discussion; 10:30, vocal duet, Prof. and Mrs. A. Dobbins; 10:40, address, "The Door of the Scholar's Heart and How to Open It," C. D. Meigs; 11:10, address, "Why Should Our Boys Attend Sunday-school When Parents Do Not?" Rev. Frank M. Dowling; 11:30, discussion; 11:40, appointment of committees; 2 o'clock p.m., devotional exercises led by Rev. P. P. Dreese, D.D.; 2:30, address, "How to Teach With Chalk and Pencil and by Object Lessons," C. D. Meigs; 3 o'clock, "Our Missionary Work," Messrs. Hartley, Case and Ward; 3:25, reports from country schools; vocal duet, the Misses Williams; 4 o'clock, "Home Department, What, Why, How, When?" C. D. Meigs; 4:30, discussion; 4:50, reports of county officers; 7:30, praise service conducted by Prof. A. Dobbins; solo, Mrs. Moffat; 8 o'clock, address, "Why Am I in the Sunday-school Work?" C. D. Meigs.

CALLED COLONIALS WHITE-LIVERED CURS.

AUSTRALIANS INDIGNANT AT TREATMENT OF THEIR TROOPS.

Because They Resented Insult of British Officer in Command They Were Sentenced to Death, Although This Decree Was Afterward Modified.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

VANCOUVER (B. C.) Nov. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] There is decided public dissatisfaction in Australia over the treatment of certain troopers of the mounted infantry contingent generously sent to South Africa at the expense of the Australian colonies, or "States" as they are called in the new commonwealth. Newspapers and public speakers unite in condemning the action of the British military authorities for sentencing to prison men who were guilty of mutinous conduct.

According to Australian papers which arrived here today by the steamer Miowera, Col. Beatson, the British officer who commanded the troopers, called them white-livered curs. The colonial officers called upon him to retract, but he refused. As a result certain men refused to work under him, and they were promptly court-martialed and sentenced to be shot. This sentence was modified to twelve years in English prisons, and even then the sentence is declared to be a cruel mockery of justice.

The Sydney Telegraph says that if the iniquitous original sentence had been carried out the commonwealth would have demanded the immediate recall of every soldier in South Africa.

TWO articles concerning Bulgaria and the Bulgarians will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday. One is descriptive of the country and the people generally, and the other relates personal experiences of the writer among the brigands.

RIPPLES OF MIRTH.

Proud of Herself.

The Lord: I didn't suppose for an instant that you would have the nerve to refuse me.

She: Nor I.—[Detroit Free Press.

Like a Book.

"She says she has learned to know her husband like a book."

"I suppose she has."

"Yes, a blank book, she says."—[Philadelphia Bulletin.

Art.

Stubbs: I do wish we could do something to introduce our matrimonial paintings to public notice.

Scribbs: Well, let's take adjoining studios and give a hop.—[Detroit Free Press.

Hopeful.

Visiting Clergyman: Do you not look forward with fear to the awful torments that await you in the future?

Prisoner: Well, I don't know, sir. When I get out my wife may not be alive.—[Life.

Going Easy.

"He is dying calmly," observed the physician, as he felt the pulse of the sufferer.

"So like John," spoke the prospective widow. "He always was an easy-going man."—[Baltimore American.

Something.

Olive: I'd rather spend the winter here than the summer.

Violet: I don't see how you can say such a thing.

Olive: Why, then we could at least have a snow man.—[Leslie's Weekly.

A Public Benefactor.

"He's very generous, isn't he?"

"I should say so. He's the most unselfish man I ever saw. I've seen him paint the town red time and time again when his own house needed paint the worst kind of a way."—[Indianapolis Sun.

Looked Bad for Si.

Farmer Greene: Si Slocum's got folks thet you've owed him $5 fer thirty years.

Farmer Brown: You tell Si Slocum thet liars should have better memories. I borrowed that $5e in '74. How can you make thirty years out of that?—[Judge.

His Criticism.

"Don't you think she is an actress of a great deal of finish?" asked the admiring friend of the gruff man who was watching the first performance of the amateur leading lady.

"Well, I can see her finish," was the hard-hearted manager as he received the usual two weeks' notice of discharge.—[Baltimore American.

Had an Advantage.

Styles: I say, Henderson, I think I got a mash on that pretty young woman over at the other table. Now, if she didn't kiss me with her eyes before you came in.

Henderson: I can go you one better than that, old boy; she has kissed me with her lips. She's my wife, you know.—[Boston Transcript.

Modernizing It.

"George, dear, you must ask papa's consent before another day goes by."

"What's the hurry?"

"He ought to know it, George. He wouldn't forgive me if I failed to tell you tell him."

"It seems to me like a foolish custom. It ought to be reformed out of existence. I'm too progressive to submit to it. I'll tell you what I'll do: I'm going to Pittsburgh tomorrow, and I'll phone him over the long distance from there."—[Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

The man who doesn't fail isn't a success by a long shot.

Any sensible woman would rather win an argument than be right.

We win to try again and lose to try again for the same thing.

The difference between men and women who lie is that the women mean to; the men do.

A slide downhill seems to be as swift and fast when you are going as when the other fellow is.

When women are going to form a club meeting to debate an important question their first preparations are concerns the lunch and floral decorations.—[New York Press.

Willing to Please.

A certain lawyer here in town employs a stenographer who has the most wonderful collars and the most elaborate pompadour in all the known world. She has a personal theory of punctuation, and her spelling is not up with an engaging originality, but she is so even-tempered that only a certain surdly-carping person would take notice of such eccentricities. One day she laid before her employer a carefully typed letter to a southern correspondent. Before signing it he glanced over it.

"See here," he said, "you've spelled sugar 'suggar.'"

The typewriter glanced at the letter and smiled.

"Dear me!" said she. "How careless of me! Why, I left out the 'h.'"—[Washington Post.

POSTOFFICE BUSINESS.

The following cities in California according to official returns, lead in the matter of Federal postal receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901:

	Gross Receipts.
San Francisco	$1,975,627.87
Los Angeles	280,736.15
Oakland	122,453.65
Sacramento	83,943.33
San José	57,219.94
San Diego	39,874.93
Fresno	37,936.75
Stockton	36,301.19
Pasadena	30,673.46
Alameda	28,149.60
Berkeley	21,453.26
Bakersfield	20,535.90
Riverside	20,000.00
Santa Barbara	19,416.17
Redlands	17,363.71

Chickering

The name of the grandest most perfect piano made. The makers of the Chickering are planning always how this instrument can be better still more, so that the Chickering of today is not only superior to every other piano made, but it is the finest instrument the Chickering people ever made. Buy a Chickering if possible; it gives many years more service than other pianos.

Southern California Music Co. 216-218 W. Fifth Bradbury Block

CALVE ADOPTS EDNA DARCH.

Little Nightingale Now Diva's Child.

Mother Assents to the Arrangement.

Famous Cantatrice to Train Los Angeles Prodigy for Grand Opera.

Little Edna Darch will shortly be calling herself Edna Darch Calvé, for she is now to all intent and purpose the daughter of Mme. Calvé. Yesterday morning Edna, accompanied by Mrs. Darch, Miss Carrick and a Times reporter again visited the great singer. Mme. Calvé greeted them with the information that she had not slept all night so busy were her thoughts with this little embryo nightingale. Her manner toward the mother was particularly tender and beautiful. Poor Mrs. Darch was so overcome with the great fortune which had fallen upon her daughter that she was speechless.

Calvé at once began in a most business-like way to state what she would like to do for the child.

"I do not want to steal her from you altogether," she said to the mother. "She will be your daughter still. I want only this, to take her with me at once—today. I want to do everything for her—attend to all her needs and give her a thorough education for four years. At the end of that time she will be ready to make her début. I will put her with a French family in New York—personal friends of my own—who will take care of her as if she were their own child. She will remain there two years, studying English, German, Italian; but, most of all, French; because at the end of two years she must go to Paris to finish her musical education there."

Turning with her gracious smile to the child, whose hand she had been holding all this time, Calvé added, brightly, "and then you shall make your début as Michaela when I sing Carmen." She then continued, "I will get the child enough warm clothes for the journey in San Francisco, and will find everything for her until after she has made her début in Paris. What does the mother say? The poor mother; can she give up her little girl for four years?" Mrs. Darch gave her consent gladly, if tearfully.

"It is what she longs for—prays for, always; and I am glad that she should have it. It does not seem possible—it is too good to be true. I cannot grasp it. Madame is an angel—an angel."

"No! No! I am not an angel. See, I have no wings. A woman only—a good woman, but not an angel. I am so happy to do this—so happy!"

And Calvé embraced Edna tenderly.

"We shall love each other, ma petite. N'est-ce pas?"

After further discussion Mme. Calvé decided not to take Edna today on account of her engagements en route to New York.

"I will send the little one her clothes for the journey from San Francisco and the money to take her mother and herself to New York next month. I arrive there December 20, and I would like you to come the next day and I will meet you. I will take care of the little mother, also. She shall see where you are going to live—everything. After a week's rest she can return home happy knowing that all is well with you. I will teach you all winter. You shall go to concerts and matinées and hear the great artists. Never at night. Oh, no. At 8 o'clock, bed and sleep. We shall drive together and I shall have pretty clothes and little furs for you. But simple—very simple. I like not rich things for les petites. Think! By and by you will buy a pretty home for mother and father and settle a nice dot on the little sister. You will be happy so?"

Thus it was speedily arranged.

Madame insisted upon the callers eating Thanksgiving dinner with her; and over the table each detail of the happy child's future was discussed over and over again, Calvé every now and then bending forward to smooth the hair or pat the hand of her little protégé.

"I am devout-moi. I believe in le bon Dieu and His wisdom. I shall never let la petite forget that God is over all. She shall be good, gentle, pure, always. Tell the mother, so that she may feel confidence in me. Also I will arrange everything so that if I should die she shall not suffer. I take all responsibility. I am now responsible to her mother and to God for this little one."

When Calvé bade adieu she said to Miss C. Lindsay Skinner, The Times musical critic:

"I thank you from my heart, mademoiselle, for giving me this opportunity to do a good deed."

Mme. Calvé left last evening for San Francisco.

EVENT IN METHODISM.

First New Church on Boyle Heights to Be Dedicated Next Month, With Prominent Clergymen Present.

The elegant $12,000 church in course of building by the Boyle Heights Methodists is nearing completion, and December 29 has been set for the dedication. A programme is being arranged, and will include as its star attractions Bishop Hamilton, Rev. Dr. Robert McIntyre, the popular Chicago divine; Dr. A. B. Kendig of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Dr. J. W. de Powell of Buffalo, N. Y., national organizer of the Brotherhood of St. Paul; Prof. F. O. Glazier's orchestra, and a chorus choir of thirty-two voices. All the former Boyle Heights pastors now remaining in the Southern California conference will be present.

"Real estate in some localities is as cheap as dirt."

Men's Suits.

Pay a cheap price and you may expect a "cheap" suit. On the other hand, there are tailors who have the temerity to charge $60.00 or $70.00 for a sack suit.

Both are dear. The first, because it has no real worth. The second, because it represents a value it does not possess.

London Suits strike a happy medium---good styles at a fair price.

Pay whatever you please---$10.00, $12.50, $15.00 or even $30.00---you're sure of getting full value every time.

How about Underwear? Hadn't you better see what we're offering?

London Clothing Co.

HARRIS & FRANK, Props. 117-125 N. Spring.

EYE WISDOM

Is rare—it's easy to pick up a pair of lenses and say they are what's wanted—ask $1 for them, but it's hard to find the party the next day. I have a reputation to defend. What I do I guarantee and stay here to back it up.

Thorough Examination Free.

DELANY, THE OPTICIAN, 309 SOUTH SPRING. First Quality Crystal Lenses $1. None Better.

ACTON FEUD BREAKS OUT AGAIN.

TROUBLE BETWEEN POSTMASTER AND OIL PROMOTER.

W. H. Broome Assaulted by N. M. Melrose and Severely Injured—Wife of Postmaster Accused of Helping to Administer the Drubbing.

The feud between W. H. Broome, promoter of an oil company at Acton, and N. M. Melrose, postmaster at that place, has broken out afresh. As a result of the outbreak Broome is at a hospital in this city for repairs, and a warrant is in the hands of an officer for the arrest of Melrose and wife.

Bad blood has existed between the two Actonians for some time. Broome had Melrose arrested some months ago on the charge of shooting a valuable mastiff belonging to Mrs. Broome. Several weeks ago Melrose sent a communication to the Board of Supervisors representing that the citizens of Acton were unanimously opposed to granting a site on the Courthouse grounds for the White monument. Broome followed this with a contradictory communication to the Supervisors, inclosing a largely-signed petition in favor of placing the monument on the Courthouse grounds, and denouncing Melrose as a liar.

Melrose played even with Broome by assaulting him when the latter called for his mail last Tuesday. Broome alleges that Melrose attacked him as he was removing his mail from his box, and struck him several blows in the face with some blunt instrument. Broome says he tried to grapple with his assailant, but Mrs. Melrose reached through a window of the postoffice and grabbed hold of one of his arms, thereby preventing him from defending himself. As a crowd closed in to stop the fight Melrose is alleged to have thrown his weapon through the window into the postoffice and out of sight of witnesses. Then he beat Broome in the face with his fists, while Mrs. Melrose held him.

Broome's right eye was so badly hurt that he had to come to Los Angeles for surgical treatment, and he will probably be laid up for a week. Fears are entertained that he may lose the use of his injured eye altogether.

Broome secured a warrant for the arrest of Melrose and wife on the charge of battery, from Justice Clayton of Lang's Station, and the instrument was placed in the hands of a deputy sheriff at Fernando for service.

Broome has at times accused Melrose with tampering with his mail, and he thinks that was the real cause of the assault.

TWO articles concerning Bulgaria and the Bulgarians will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday. One is descriptive of the country and the people generally, and the other relates personal experiences of the writer among the brigands.

MUSIC and all kinds of refreshments after the theater at the Del Monte.

Catarrh of the Bowels.

Cures bloating after meals and large quantities of gas which cannot be expelled, cause diarrhoea, alternating with constipation. S. B. Catarrh Cure has a tonic and curative effect on the bowels and restores them to a natural and healthy action and condition. For sale by all druggists. Book on Catarrh free. Address Smith Bros., Fresno, Cal.

Newbarys

AGENTS FOR LOWNEY'S

Hot Chocolate Powder, per tin, 30c
Breakfast Cocoa per tin, 25c
A FULL LINE OF LOWNEY'S
Chocolate Bon Bons in fancy boxes, 15c and up per box.

216-218 S. Spring St. Telephone Main 38

LAMPS.

Largest assortment. Ask to be shown our nickle B. & H. lamp for $1.50

H. F. VOLLMER & CO., Third and Broadway.

Kodaks, ALBUMS AND CALENDARS—Something New. Developing. Printing. Enlarging. Howland & Co., 213 S. Broadway. Tel. Main 211.

Walking Shoe

$3.50

For Women's wear. There isn't a shoe store in town can show the equal to this shoe at $3.50. Made of good stock of calf, extension sole with wide edge, and the whole shoe has a mannish effect; it's an easy, nobby, strictly up-to-date shoe that shows it's value in looks and will prove it in long wear.

C. M. STAUB SHOE CO. 255 S. Broadway.

CAPITOL FLOUR makes bread that feeds both body and brain naturally. Feeds them with all the nutriment they require—all that choicest wheat contains.

EVERY SACK GUARANTEED.

Getting Ready for Christmas

We are receiving and unpacking holiday goods daily. If you are going to send anything East it's about time to make selections. We make a specialty of presents for men.

F. B. SILVERWOOD, 221 S. SPRING ST.

Yours for Anything and Everything in Millinery.

Scofield

105 NORTH SPRING.

EVERY ONE GUARANTEED COOK STOVES

That will bake to your satisfaction. Prices $9.50 to $20.00.

I. T. Martin, Furniture and Carpet House, 321-323 South Spring St. Wheel Chairs sold or rented.

PURITAS SIPHONS ASK FOR THEM EVERYWHERE They're to clean and their contents so pure.

The Excelsior Laundry is a Sanitary Laundry. Tel. Main 267. 422 S. Los Angeles St.

DINING-ROOM CHAIRS, 75c. SPECIAL. Eastern Outfitting Co. 344 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

239 S. Broadway, opp. City Hall, Los Angeles.

We've plenty of domestic flannels and eiderdowns—told you about them just a few days ago, now here are a few words concerning our immense showing of

imported flannels

France and Scotland are the two most important contributors to the stock, but the world is our market, and whatever is best is brought here.

In sunday papers we shall tell you about a *special sale of silks* which is to begin monday, december 2d.

27-inch fancy French flannels, persian and floral designs, cossack stripes, etc., 75c the yard

27-inch plain French flannels, in all the new shades, including pastel and castors, 50c and 65c the yard

32-inch to 36-inch scotch flannels, stripes, checks and plain colors, also stripes, at 25c to 60c the yard

27-inch fancy eiderdowns in plain and broken stripes, price 40c to 75c the yard

27-inch and 36-inch plain all-wool eiderdowns, all shades; narrow at 35c the yard; wide at 50c the yard

36-inch triple and double faced eiderdowns, for opera capes, 75c to $1.00 the yard

remnants of flannels and eiderdowns at reduced prices.

new line of special suits.

We have just received them, that means they are absolutely the *newest suits in Los Angeles*, black, brown, navy, tan, castor and royal blue, prices ..... $12.50 to $25.00

10-29-1901

H. JEVNE

HOME-MADE BREAD.

The biggest star in our Bakery Department these days is our home-made bread. There are some people—and not a few—who would rather have a slice of good home-made bread than a piece of cake. This is real, genuine, home-made bread. You know how good home-made bread can be—then you know how good this is. 5c and 10c loaves.

Smoke Jevne's Fine Cigars.

208-210 S. Spring St.—Wilcox Building

100 Carving Sets. A Manufacturer's full Sample Line on sale at 33 1-3 Per Cent. Discount.

JAMES W. HELLMAN, 161 North Spring Street.

Reliable Goods. Popular Prices.

N. B. Blackstone Co.

Telephone Main 259. DRY GOODS Spring and Third Sts.

Blanket Values

Worth Remembering.

Thoughtful buyers will prepare for the cool winter nights while these unusual blanket values are obtainable. Compare them with the best values you have seen is all we ask.

11-4 Fine, fleecy White Cotton Blankets, soft and warm, full size, at $1.00 a pair.

10-4 and 11-4 Gray Wool Blankets extra heavy and fine, full size, fancy borders, one of the strongest selling numbers we have ever shown at $3.00 and $3.50 respectively.

11-4 White Wool Blankets, fancy borders, silk taped and extra heavy weight. Special at $4.50 pair.

11-4 White Blankets, pure wool, fine, soft and fleecy, at $6.00 pair. Gauged by prices you have known this blanket is worth half as much more.

Complete line of the famous San Jose Mills Blankets. Bath Robe Blankets, Crib Blankets, etc.

ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO

PEARS—APPLES—CIDER

Fine now—finest at Althouse's. Winter Bartlett, Sickle and Winter Nellis Pears. The largest, juiciest, most luscious pears in the market. And the apples—they were never better. We've some genuine Eastern apple cider that will taste fine to any one who is fond of good old-fashioned cider.

213-215 W. Second St. Tel. Main 398.

Smoke

JOHN BROWN 5c CIGAR

A Cracker-Jack Smoke.

MASON & EATON, Agents, 234 West First Street.

The Superior Ranges.

CASS & SMURR STOVE CO., 314-316 South Spring Street.

CELERY

Is our forte. We've selected growers that are intelligent, have chosen the best Celery soil of the peatlands, given it every possible care in cultivation. Bunches are fully developed and bleached; stalks tender, crisp and brittle. Try it.

Tel. 950 Main Everywhere. LUDWIG & MATTHEWS. Fleet Market.

McCall's Patterns and Fashion Sheets

Coulter Dry Goods Co.

FURS.

Another Invoice Just Received.

The aggressive, assertive policy adopted by our Fur Expert is telling in the sales.

The centers of supply have been ransacked for the newest and best. The gathering is broad, liberal, satisfying—and the prices a third less than value.

The last shipment contains fourteen separate sorts of Collarettes, sixteen sorts of Scarfs, eleven kinds of Capes and distinctly new styles of Fur Jackets.

Eight Special Lots Are in Evidence.

Beautiful double collarette, close imitation of genuine stone Marten; inlaid with handsome pear-seal, lined with satin and trimmed with six tails. Specially priced at $9.85

Handsome pear-seal collarette, long scarf effect front, hung with single tails and clusters, under collar and front effect with inlaid Astrakhan; one of the strongest values this season, at $17.35

Stylish shoulder cape of Japanese Fox with under collar of inlaid Electric seal, high storm collar, short front, a very swell little fur and wonfully cheap at $10.35

Magnificent Electric Seal cape, 24 inches deep, high storm collar lined with beautiful satin, particularly suitable for an elderly woman—one of the best values in the store. Special at $27.50

American Mink scarf, 72 inches long, very large and full, finished with ten tails in cluster effect, fancy chain sack clasp; really wonderful value at $4.25

Very handsome Blue Lynx Scarf, extra large and full, neck fastened with oxidized chain, ends finished with tail, claws and natural head; very stylish and extra strong value at $10.50

Beautiful Near-Seal jacket of latest cut, almost impossible to distinguish from the real seal garment, large storm collar, wide revers and latest style sleeves, lined with real Skinner satin; only $28.50

Handsome jacket of Near-Seal, new box back, extra large storm collar, wide revers and plain coat sleeves; a very swell garment and really exceptional value for $39.00

Leather Goods Department.

All the new shapes and popular leathers are here. The varieties are great, the styles pretty and prices particularly attractive. Coin Purses at 10c, 15c, 25c and 35c. Real Seal and Aligator Purses, 50c to $1.00. Combination Books at 50c, 75c and $1.00. Real Seal, Morocco, Calf and Walrus Combination Books with sterling silver corners, at $1.25, $1.50, $2 and up to $3.50.

Your full name and address on the purses from $1.25 up without extra charge.

Leather Novelties for Xmas Gifts.

Fine Purses and Combination Books, Cigarette and Cigar Cases, with sterling silver and gold plate corners—from $5.00 to $15. Splendid new line of Chatelaines and Shopping Bags—also novelty Leather Belts—all attractively priced.

COULTER DRY GOODS CO.

317-325 South Broadway, between Third and Fourth.

"A penny Saved is a penny earned" Open an account with The Union Bank of Savings to day---

323 SOUTH SPRING STREET, NEXT TO L. A. THEATER.

LOS ANGELES FURNITURE CO.

No Unsightly Vacant Shelves

No library is sightly unless books and shelving agree. The Globe-Wernicke Bookcase comes in sections. You can buy one section or one hundred sections. You can begin building now and add sections year after year as books accumulate. A single section is as complete and finished a case as are any number of sections. Each section fitted with dust-proof, roller-bearing glass door. You can see them here only.

225-227-229 SOUTH BROADWAY OPPOSITE CITY HALL

Ville de Paris.

A. FUSENOT. 221 and 223 South Broadway.

We Open Business This Morning with a ROUSING DRESS GOODS ...SPECIAL...

HANDSOME MELROSE AND COVERT CLOTHS—Regular $1.50 Values, selling at ..... $1.00 yd

54 inches wide the coverts are, and the Melrose suitings 48 inches. They are strictly all wool and wonderful values; shades are exceptionally choice, drifting in modes and grays. These goods are displayed in window.

LATEST IN WOOL WAISTINGS — Cream and black and cream crepe waistings the latest cream swell raised embroidered silk stripes 30 inches wide ..... 75c yd

TRUSSES Elastic Hosiery Made to Fit W. W. SWEENEY, 61 Broadway. (Removed from Fifth St.)

GRATEFUL PEOPLE THANK THE LORD.

Largest Church Gatherings Ever in Los Angeles on Similar Occasion. Jew and Gentile Mingle.

NEVER was there a better feeling among Christian people over the result of union Thanksgiving services than they are experiencing today.

The attendance at the churches yesterday was larger than it has ever been on a similar occasion, and the services were especially impressive.

There were modest decorations, here and there, including a show of patriotic colors, but as a rule there was an inclination to Puritan plainness and unostentation. So favorable and gracious has been the impression that it is a subject of general comment and congratulation among pastors and people.

UNION AT UNITY.

GENTILE AND JEW UNITE.

Jew and Gentile united in the observance in the Church of the Unity on South Flower street yesterday morning. Descendants of the Israelites, gathered at last in the promised land, assembled with the congregation of the least dogmatical of the Christian churches to celebrate the ancient festival of the harvest.

Before the services began the church was comfortably filled with Jews from the Congregation of B'nai B'rith, and Protestant members of the Church of the Unity. The decorations were simple but effective. A short address was given by Rabbi S. Hecht and Rev. C. J. K. Jones delivered the sermon. The Church of the Unity choir, under the direction of Frank H. Colby, furnished special music.

Somewhat unique is the commingling of the Jew and the Gentile at religious festivals in Los Angeles. Last year when the congregation of the Church of the Unity participated in the exercises at B'nai B'rith it occurred here for the first time. The union service held yesterday was a return of the compliment extended a year ago.

"It gives me delight that we can meet in common upon this platform to give common thanks to the Divine Providence that is over and above us all," declared Rev. Mr. Jones in his introductory, and the sentiment seemed to find a response in the hearts of the congregations.

"That we can assemble in this house of worship of the one God, to give common thanks, not as Unitarians, not as Jews, but as Americans and advocates of God's kingdom on earth, marks a milestone of progress," said Rabbi Hecht. In response.

In other cities it is not considered unusual for the Jewish congregations to unite with those of Protestant churches, especially the Unitarian, in the observance of Thanksgiving Day. In Milwaukee, where Rabbi Hecht formerly preached, many orthodox churches saw nothing amiss in the mutual observance of the ancient festival.

Thanksgiving virtually originated with the Jews. Long before the Pilgrim Fathers set foot upon the new land and decreed a day of thanks and prayer for the first crop that had been wrested from the bleak, virgin soil of New England, the Jews observed the day. In the Mosaic law it was provided that a day should be set apart to thank the Omnipotent for the blessings of the harvest.

When President Lincoln in 1863 first recommended by proclamation the national observance of the day, the Jews were prompt to respond as Americans, and ever since have observed their sacrificial feast in conjunction with the national festival.

After a song by the choir, Rabbi Hecht read the sixty-fifth and sixty-seventh Psalms. Rev. Mr. Jones offered prayer and read the twenty-third Psalm, beginning "The Lord is my Shepherd, I shall not want."

MUTUAL BLESSINGS.

In introducing Rabbi Hecht Rev. Mr. Jones said:

"It is gratifying that some little portion of the Christian world can reach out today and recognize the common humanity of man. Upon this broad basis of humanitarianism we can meet together in the observance of Thanksgiving. The doors of this church are always open. We have the same view of the past and the same hope for the future. As Christians we appreciate the grand heritage that has come to us from Jewish customs and traditions. 'Whatsoever is good, whatsoever is beautiful, whatsoever is true, look ye on these things.'"

"As Americans the Jews celebrate this festival," said Rabbi Hecht. "It is a day that fosters and promotes the ideal nature. To me Thanksgiving Day is a poem, permeated by the divine spark; a song that is uplifting, and permeated with all that is good, pure, true and noble; a day filled with the goodness of God, and one that should lead all men to adopt the motto of the old philosopher, 'Think and thank.'

"If man thinks correctly and rationally, he cannot escape being thankful. Moses learned to think nobly and so he learned to thank. I could carry no better lesson to seventy million of people in the United States than to tell them to think deeply and reflect. The resultant will be to thank God for that which seemeth evil as well as for that which seemeth good.

"He who knows prosperity, knows only half of life. The farmer wounds and harrows the ground to bring forth the harvest of golden grain. So does human affliction reveal power and strength.

"These mighty upheavals that carried misery in their train were the precursors of the multitudinous blessings that our country has secured. 'O, let us give thanks unto the Lord, for His mercy endureth forever!'"

"OUR CITIZENSHIP."

For our citizenship, for our government and for the character of men who are being rewarded with posts of honor in the nation, Rev. C. J. K. Jones gave thanks, speaking from the subject, "Our Citizenship."

He referred to the heritage of a vast domain and the marvelous intellectual and religious development that has marked this country in the last few years.

Instances in which the severest of national trials have ended for the national good were reviewed. Rev. Jones showed that pessimistic utterances of all periods of the country's history have been unwarranted and that apparent evils bore good fruit.

"The moral and ethical standards that we possess are our most important possessions," declared the speaker. "It is a great blessing that such a man as Theodore Roosevelt is at the head of the national government. He is a strenuous man; strenuous physically, intellectually and morally.

"It is a sign to be hailed with delight when such a man is chosen to head the forces of government; a man who did not tell the Kentucky Senators to 'go way back and sit down' when they sought to dictate appointments, but a man who moved them back.

"In the selection of Seth Low as Mayor, Greater New York has elevated another man of this high type to public office. Perhaps the people are beginning to realize the correctness of the Jewish prophets, the Greek stoics and other philosophers who have declared that 'righteousness exalteth a nation.'

MORALS AND ETHICS.

"We need to look well to the moral and ethical natures of our youth. Superintendent Foshay was recently quoted as favoring religious teaching in the public schools. If by that he means anything more than the teaching of sound morals and ethics, I object. I not only object, but I shall protest with all my strength against introducing any religion in the schools, mine among the rest.

"No more dangerous line of action could be pursued than to attempt the introduction of religious dogmas in the public schools. It means harm to the body social and the body politic.

"A free conscience is the priceless heritage that has descended to us from the heroes of the past. The religious rights of every child are inviolable, and no man shall lay hands upon them," declared the speaker with some warmth. "Children should be taught morals and human service in a broad sense, but not dogmas."

In conclusion Rev. Mr. Jones declared it to be the duty of every American citizen, be he Jew or Gentile, to make the government stronger and better, ethically and morally.

A song by the choir and a benediction by Rabbi Hecht concluded the union service.

CENTRAL GROUP.

SERVICES AT IMMANUEL.

Ten congregations were represented in the services held at Immanuel Presbyterian Church, completely filling the large structure, and the following eight pastors were present: Dr. Hugh K. Walker of Immanuel Church; Dr. W. F. Day of First Congregational; Dr. J. L. Pitner of Westlake Methodist; Rev. W. W. Logan of First United Presbyterian; Rev. Herbert J. Weaver of the First English Lutheran; Rev. W. D. Landis of the First Cumberland Presbyterian; Rev. Joseph Smale of the First Baptist; Rev. A. C. Smither of the First Christian.

In addition to the usual devotions the proclamation of President Roosevelt was read by Rev. H. J. Weaver.

The offering was for the benefit of several worthy charities, which were announced, and in presenting the subject Rev. Smither said:

"Lips may be eloquent; hearts may be warm and grateful, but only the clink of the coin counts for thankfulness today."

The response is said to have been marked by unusual generosity.

PATRIOTIC WORDS.

The sermon was an able and eloquent one, preached by Rev. W. W. Logan, from Psalms cxlvii, 21: "He hath not dealt so with any other nation." The preacher said, in part:

"With the sweet singer of Israel patriotism and religion are synonomous. To be true to God, you must love your country. His songs of praise and garments of gratitude should fit us today in our national holiday. Our blessings, large and full, have brought upon us large responsibilities, that we must meet in the fear of God.

"The greatest blessings of this nation was the preparation that God gave it in the hidden seed of its germ life. The best blood of Holland, driven by oppression, came to these shores more than a hundred years before the Declaration of independence; pious and brave pilgrims from England, whose love of truth and right, whose devotion to religious liberty made them exiles from home, drove them across the waters wild, to plant the seed of religious and civil liberty deep in the hearts of their children; heroic old Scotland sent the flower of her highlands, and the cream of her lowlands to raise the standard of truth and right in the wilds of America; the chivalry of France was fully manifest in the noble Huguenots who settled in the Carolinas. So we thank God today that this nation did not grow as a mushroom, or like Jonah's gourd in a night, but had its foundation, broad and deep, in the hearts of many generations.

"We thank God for the high ideal of national life, the exalted standard of truth, soberness and worth, upon which the foundation was laid. That civic righteousness has held the reins; wisdom and honor has stood at the head of the government. Marvelous domain from sea to sea; the bowels of the earth are full of untold wealth; marvelous men who have guided her destiny, and have made her citizenship the greatest honor of earth. The sublime majesty of the law was wonderfully vindicated in the legal execution of the foul assassin who struck down our noble and now sainted President. We thank God for the flag that floats over our schoolhouses, blending liberty, patriotism and education in one sublime trio. We must thank God today for our position among the nations of the earth—we no longer humbly plead, but thank God that today we can dictate the right and defend that right on land and on sea."

PRO-CATHEDRAL.

EPISCOPAL GATHERING.

Most of the Episcopal churches in the city united in a service at St. Paul's Pro-Cathedral, and a very large audience was present. The decorations were simple, consisting of a patriotic shield and a group of United States flags on each side of the chancel. The music was by the usual surpliced boys' choir, and was, of course, delightful.

Archdeacon Trew preached from Psalm cxvi, 11: "What reward shall I give unto the Lord for all the benefits that He hath done unto me." The archdeacon spoke in part as follows:

"Thanksgiving Day has a deeper significance and value than is commonly ascribed to it. This importance belongs to it in two respects.

"In the first place, it is an annual witness to a very important factor of religion that is too frequently left out. I mean the element of thankfulness. Our relation towards God is very generally recognized as one of receiving. He gives to us bountifully, and when we are in want, whether it be physically or spiritually, for our bodies or our souls, we can readily enough assume the attitude of petitioners. But it is not so natural for us to remember God when we do not want; it is a rarer thing to assume the attitude of thanks and praise. And yet without this, surely we degrade our religion to selfish and servile bearing.

"And in the second place, it is the only public national institution which positively and distinctly assumes a religious character; it is a public acknowledgment of the most formal kind, made by the presiding head of the nation, of our national dependence upon God's favor. It is a link between the nation and God; and it is the only institution, so far as I am aware, in which both the national and State governments formally recognize the existence of any relationship between God and man. Therefore, in days like these, when in so many forms, and with such vigorous assertion, unbelief in God, and forgetfulness of God, show themselves in every part of the social fabric, it is a most valuable thing that there is an assertion by the State and republic, made with the highest sanction of the government, and with universal acquiescence by the people, that our national prosperity is due to God's overruling and sustaining power and providence, and that we owe to Him a deep and abiding obligation of gratitude.

"In taking my special subject for today I shall neither sound the paean of national panegyric, nor shall I play the part of a melancholy pessimist. I shall look at the day in its more personal relations, in its direct contact with ourselves individually. Every person—none being excepted—every person ought to be a thankful person. Thankfulness should be in us as a constituent and permanent part of our character, under all circumstances, and at all times.

"A Christian who is not a thankful person shows that in him Christianity has met with such poor and tough material that it could not do its shaping—moulding work. What is the use of our Christianity to us if it leaves our natural dispositions the same as they would be without it?

"And it is only a shallow experience and a partial view of life which leads a man to think that because he has had to endure suffering, or has not been successful, or has met with bereavement, therefore he has no reason for thankfulness to God. If we look over the lives of others, or reflect on the lessons folded within our own lives, we shall see that things which at first appear only injurious and evil, are often the very means by which subsequent success is assured, and without which it would have been comparative failure. From the grave of slain hope and baffled desire arises a better life. Then that which slew the hope, and baffled the desire, is a thing to be thankful for.

"Then, certainly, we should thank God not only for what He has given, but also for what He has denied us and taken from us."

UNIVERSITY GROUP.

METHODISTS AND BAPTISTS.

At the University Methodist Episcopal Church assembled also the people of Orchard-avenue and Jefferson-street Baptist churches. The only decoration was a pot of roses, and special music was rendered by a vocal quartette.

Rev. Dr. E. A. Healey preached from the text: "In everything give thanks," and said, in part, speaking with great eloquence:

"Gratitude is the mother of gifts. To the truly grateful man, not only his fellow-men, but even the Almighty seems to be moved to renewed benefactions by appreciation on the part of the recipient.

"The resident of Los Angeles, the citizen of California has high vantage ground. Do not fear that I am about to purloin glowing pages from the imaginative literature of the real-estate agents, but I warn you that you are missing some of the good things of life if you are not paying proper attention to these same abused agents. God has given us the Southland and all its glories of mountain and plain, of flowers and fruit, of climate and people; its glories, its riches, its fascination, have never been adequately sung.

"The good old custom of the Thanksgiving feast, established in the Feast of Tabernacles, was in abeyance in the rest of the world until taken up occasionally in England and America and regularly by us since President Lincoln's proclamation of 1863. Let us study first the material prosperity that marks our time. It is a legitimate boast that we are large. Thomas Benton thanked God one day in the Senate that the rocky Mountains were our everlasting boundary; but his son-in-law broke the barrier and found a path to our glorious West, and added the fairest slice to our domain; the Louisiana Purchase gave us the empire of the great rivers; Seward's Alaska bargain, the great northern kingdom; the Maine accident, or incident, added the sunny isles of the South and the far West. Never mind just now whether you like all these steps by which we have come, but rejoice over our great heritage. It includes, in the year 1900, $78,000,000 of the $255,000,000 added to the world's wealth. A sum so large that the discussion over the free coinage of silver is smothered in the golden flood.

"Look at the advance in health that has come to our children and young people through the importance attached to physical culture. Review the very recent advance of disease through bacteriology, in the improved pathology and surgery in which America leads the world. Remember the home comfort which modern invention has made the possession of the poor man as well as the rich; in the electric light, gas heating, and all the modern improvements with which we are so familiar, for these are in the cottage as well as in the mansion."

The speaker elaborated, eloquently, the spiritual side of his subject, and closed with a glowing tribute to President Roosevelt.

VINCENT CHURCH.

FIVE CONGREGATIONS.

At Vincent Methodist Church worshipped the congregations of the First Presbyterian, Knox Presbyterian, Second United Presbyterian and Memorial Baptist churches.

A large congregation was present, the church was decorated in smilax, palms and lilies, and the music was by the choir of the Plymouth Congregational Church.

The sermon by Rev. H. W. Crabbe of the Second United Presbyterian Church, from Psalms c, 4: "Enter into His gates with thanksgiving and into His courts with praise; be thankful unto Him and bless His name." The preacher spoke in part as follows:

"This is a review-day for the nation. Let us come thanking God that under the shadow of our grief at the loss of our great and good President the restraining hand of popular opinion is laid upon that which endangers our safety. Anarchy cowers beneath the condemnation of righteousness; yellow journalism is made a reproach, and the dignified, loyal press of our country is a unit in its advocacy of the suppression of lawlessness.

"Let us come thanking God that we are a united people. As we stand by the new-made grave of our honored dead, the danger of partisanship ceases, the tears of North and South flow together, and we clasp hands in eternal friendship.

"On another page of our 'year book' we read of almost unprecedented prosperity. We find our government has been able to meet all her obligations. We are no longer a borrower from other nations, but a lender. The wheels of commerce have moved steadily forward and the industries of the nation were never in a more hopeful condition. Although the vexed problem of capital and labor has not been solved, men everywhere are abundantly supplied with work at fair reward.

"There was a time when such a gathering as this would not have been tolerated. There are as many denominations represented here as there are ministers on this platform, and similar gatherings are held all over the land, but the bond of brotherly love has been strengthening as the years have rolled by, and standing here today under the beautiful banner of the church, linked arm in arm with Christ, we are one. If any of us is inclined to murmur or find fault, it might be helpful to take an inventory of our blessings."

ST. JOHN'S.

INDEPENDENT MEETING.

St. John's Episcopal Church, Adams and Figueroa streets, held an independent service. The church was filled with a devout congregation. The rector, Rev. B. W. R. Tayler, preached from Deuteronomy viii, 19, "If thou do at all forget the Lord thy God, and walk after other gods and serve them, I testify against you this day that ye shall surely perish." He spoke, in part, as follows:

"But is Israel the only example of a people chosen and marked out by God for national greatness and power, whose downfall is recorded because it has failed to grasp the true meaning of God's message to it?

"It may be but a repetition of the same manifestation of God's hand in a nation's history, when in subsequent centuries the impartial historian sets out to record the history of the United States of America. There will be one of two words indelibly written upon its pages, either the word 'success' or the word 'failure.'

"As sure as day follows night and night follows day, we too shall rise to the highest eminence of prosperity, but unless underneath us are the everlasting arms of God, the crash when it comes will be all the more complete because of the eminence to which our posterity had attained.

"Of all days in the year, Thanksgiving Day should be the last in which to strike a note of pessimism. So you will hear none from me today. But he is simply a fool who blinds his eyes to the dark storm clouds which lower angrily ahead of us; he is blind who thinks that it is all sunshine and sweetness in our national life today. He reads history to no purpose who reads it not in his own day as it is making.

"I believe the underlying sin of all nations is self-reliance, rather than reliance upon God. It was Israel's sin and Israel fell. It is our own sin—writ large in the national life. God grant that we blind not our eyes to it."

PICO HEIGHTS.

TWO CHURCHES UNITE.

The Methodists and Congregationalists of Pico Heights united in a service in the church of the latter, the sermon being preached by Rev. Mr. Loofborough of the Methodist Church.

He took as his text the words of the psalmist: "Rejoice in the Lord, ye righteous, and give thanks at the remembrance of His holiness." He said in part:

"We should think of our relation to one another here, and profit by the example of God who sends rain on the just and unjust. The holiness of God does not shut us in a box, but it is a power which propels us to action, and gives us a rule to direct us."

NAZARENE.

LARGE AUDIENCE.

The Church of the Nazarene, on Los Angeles street, was filled with a large audience. There were present Dr. Bresee, pastor of the church; Rev. F. S. Hill, Rev. Dr. Bowers and Rev. C. W. Ruth.

Dr. Bresee first addressed the congregation on the subject of the special work to which he and his people have been called.

Rev. C. W. Ruth followed with a sermon from the text, "I beseech you, therefore, brethren, by the mercies of God, that you present your bodies a living sacrifice."

He spoke of the mercies of God—national, material, social, spiritual; how they should impel us to present our whole being to God, in loving obedience. He spoke of its reasonableness; how God's infinite love, wisdom and power challenge our confidence and how, in no other way, can we show forth our thanksgiving.

Dr. Bresee then led a praise service, in which many of those present gave thanks to God for the mercies and blessings of the past year. There were many present who had become Christians during the year, and the testimony took the trend of special praise to God for the salvation which had come to them. The keynote seemed to be, "Thanks be to God for this unspeakable gift."

AT UNITY.

THE M. E. SOUTH.

The four congregations of the Methodist-Episcopal Church, South, united in a service at Trinity Church, Ninth street and Grand avenue, Rev. M. H. Chapman, pastor.

The church was filled; the Thanksgiving proclamation was read, and a collection taken for the poor. The sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. O. A. Thrower, recently of Georgia, who has been chosen presiding elder of this district. He spoke of the church and its work and what ought to be accomplished in it; of the gratitude that should fill the hearts of the people for what had been done, and for the work that was now in progress in the Christian church.

ST. VIBIANA'S.

CATHOLIC THANKS.

The Catholics united in a service at the Cathedral, which was crowded with people. Father J. J. Clifford was celebrant of the high mass and the sermon was preached by Father Murphy. His text was: "Let us come before His presence with thanksgiving." He referred to the many temporal and spiritual blessings enjoyed by the people. He said: "Let us then, on this day of thanksgiving, sing with King David, 'What return shall I give to the Lord for all that He has given me?' Let us be truly thankful. In order to be so, let us try to understand what is meant by Thanksgiving and what are the duties and acts connected with it."

BETHLEHEM CHURCH.

A PRACTICAL SERMON.

Rev. William Horace Day preached a splendid, practical sermon in Bethlehem Institutional Church, from the words, "Therefore, I will give thanks unto Thee, O Lord, among the nations." Rev. Day said in part: "We need the vision given the prophet's servant when he thought it was 'all up' with him and his master, when surrounded by the soldiers of the Syrian King. In that vision he saw the unseen forces for right. Though unseen, they were more than the forces against them. In spite of all the desperate social failure of today, the best slowly emerges. We should be thankful for social progress. The same source which opened the way for social progress in the first century is in the world today."

THANKSGIVING RECEPTION.

Young Men's Christian Association Kept Open House Last Night and Entertained Hundreds of Visitors.

The Young Men's Christian Association issued the following proclamation yesterday:

"It is decreed by the Young Men's Christian Association that Thanksgiving shall be duly observed. Therefore, all ye men and ladyes faire, come to No. 209 South Broadway, and we will make you welcome there. Come at 8, and don't be late."

All evening long the association building was crowded, and at the entertainment in the auditorium even the gallery was packed. The entertainment consisted of charades by the Pi Alpha Lambda Fraternity, music by the Mandolin Club, a recitation, "The Dandy Fifth," by Robert Parker; an oration on "Thanksgiving," by Oscar B. Smith, and a vocal solo by G. Christopher.

The audience then packed itself into the gymnasium gallery and witnessed a game of basket ball between the "Rushers" and the "Orienta." It was won by the latter, by a score of 21 to 6.

Messrs. Sheckles and Gleason gave an exhibition of feats of strength, and there was an exhibition of gymnasium work by Scott, White, Bair, Wilson and Arnick.

The whole building was thrown open, and each room had some special attraction for the visitors.

Secretary Cleaver says that it was the most successful reception ever given by the association.

GEN. EMILIO NUNEZ, civil Governor of Havana, has written an article on Cuba's coming election for The Times Magazine of the coming Sunday.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE the coming Sunday will be without a rival in interest for readers of Southern California and the Southwest.

THE OLD WAY

Of Treating Stomach Trouble and Indigestion a Barbarous and Useless One.

We say the old way, but really it is the common and usual one at the present time, and many dyspeptics, and physicians as well, consider the first step in attempting to cure indigestion is to diet, either by selecting certain food and rejecting others, or to greatly diminish the quantity of food usually taken.

In other words, the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential in the cure of weak digestion.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for stomach trouble has been proven time and again, but still the usual advice, when dyspepsia makes its appearance, is a course of dieting.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting or starvation to a person suffering from dyspepsia because indigestion itself *starves* every organ and every nerve and fibre in the body.

What is needed is abundant nutrition, not less, and this means plenty of good, wholesome, well-cooked food and some natural digestive to assist the weak stomach to digest it.

This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are adapted and this is the way they cure the worst cases of stomach trouble.

The patient eats plenty of wholesome food, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digests it for him.

And this is in accordance with nature and common sense because in this way the whole system is nourished and the over-worked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food, whether the stomach works or not. One of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 1800 grains of meat, eggs and similar food.

Any druggist will tell you that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is a remedy of extraordinary value and probably is the purest and safest remedy for stomach troubles.

No person suffering from poor digestion and lack of appetite can fail to be immediately and permanently benefited if they would make it a practice to take one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal.

IT BEATS THEM ALL... ...NEWSPAPER AND MAGAZINE

THE

Los Angeles Times

For Sunday, December 1, 1901.

All the news from everywhere, with intelligent and honest editorial comment, and many valuable special departments will be found in the large sheets.

THE

Illustrated Magazine

Will contain the following and other

Special Articles:

QUEER DUTCH ISLANDS.
Strange customs of the people in the back regions of Asiatic Holland graphically described. By Frank G. Carpenter.

CHOICE COLLECTIONS OF RARE BIRDS.
A most interesting description of some notable Southern California aviaries, handsomely illustrated.

TERRIBLE DESTROYER.
An expert's account of the fearful work done by the new Gathmann gun. By Robert G. Sherrett.

CUBA'S ELECTION.
The civil Governor of Havana writes the conditions and the outlook. By Gen. Emelio Nunez.

GIRLHOOD IN THE PAST.
The training and pursuits of girls during the last seventy years reviewed. By Julia Ward Howe.

LIFE OF THE BRIGANDS.
Personal experiences among such bandits as kidnaped Miss Stone. By Stephen Austin.

YOUNG MEN WANTED.
A talk with the chief examiner of the Civil Service Commission. By John Elfreth Watkins, Jr.

THE GUIANA INDIANS.
A description of life among a little-known people of South America. By F. W. Reid.

BULGARIA AND THE BULGARIANS.
An instructive article on a topic of much present interest. By Mrs. A. S. C. Forbes.

CITY OF CUERNAVACA.
A delightful city of Old Mexico delightfully described. By Amanda Mathews.

OUR FALL FLOWERS.
Some of the wild blossoms that deck California fields pictured with pen and pencil. By Adelina Pleasants.

A DEAL IN DEAD-UNS.
How a canny South Sea Islander got even with a commercial agent. By a special contributor.

GRANDFATHER'S SUIT.
A true story of Thanksgiving in the early pioneer days. By Eugenia L. Hobbs.

HOME OF HOMESPUNS.
Revival of the oldest of Irish industries by order of the late Queen. By William Bullock.

BASHAW.
The story of a noble four-footed animal and friend. By Emma M. Greenleaf.

WOMAN AND HOME.
The Breakfast Gelahs—Greatest Woman Rancher Owner—About Fans—She Tames Frontier Men—Circassian Umbrellas, etc.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.
Some Coast Flyers—Jim's Strange Tastes—Concerning Frats—Anecdotes of Alfred the Great—American Folklore, etc.

Development of the Southwest—The House Beautiful—Care of the Body—Fresh Literature—Good Short Stories, etc.

BEAUTIFUL ILLUSTRATIONS.

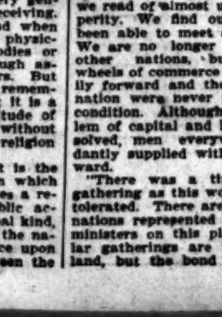
Only 5 Cents.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of **Mother's Friend** before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. **Mother's Friend** overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.



Throwing Money Away

On poor dentistry is worse than losing it. You should be as careful in the selection of your dentist as you are of your physician, and demand of him the same as you do of your grocer

VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY.

I give you that value. I employ only operators who are experts and graduates; my laboratory is the best equipped on the coast, and my specialty is the

ADHESIVE PLIABLE PLATE,

the newest thing in dentistry, and the best plate made. Furthermore, a guarantee that means something. It is a

PLATE OF DURABILITY
PLATE OF EASE
PLATE OF PLIABILITY
PLATE TO PLEASE
} $5 up

Come in and see samples.

DR. W. F. KENNEDY, THE RELIABLE DENTIST.
108 North Spring Street.
Established 15 years. The only Dentist in the West making this plate.

Only $2.50

For a Short Time Only.

Take Advantage of This Opportunity.

Suction Plates
And
Adhesive Plates

$4.50 Up

I wish to state that Dr. Schiffman extracted my teeth without the slightest pain or unpleasant after-results, and since has fitted me with a full set of teeth, which are just splendid—satisfactory in every way—and I can use them as well as I could my natural ones. W. K. SANBORN,
980 Pasadena Avenue.

From this date on we will keep all our work in repair FREE of charge.

Beware of Cheap Imitators.

SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO.,
107 N. Spring, Over Hale's Dry Goods Store.

SIGNS of a "Rush Season" are in sight. Buy Holiday Goods now. We will keep them for future delivery.

W. J. GETZ, JEWELER, 332 S. BROADWAY.

Tuxedo Su
$35.00
To order. Full silk lined. $50.00 at other tailors.
BRAUER & KRO
TAILORS,
TWO STORES—
128 and 130 South
114½ South Main.

Schacht Runab
With 1¼ inch cushion tires, fine
with wire wheels and patent
taken up its own weight. The only
kind in the world. Schacht just
these Runabouts this year.
HAWLEY, KING & CO.

American Dye W
Oldest Established and Reliable
328-330 S. Spring St. Tel.
class works make satisfied

Notice to Archi
ARCHITECTS ARE INVITED
plans for a two-storied,
be erected at Tempe, for the
wards of the Normal
The building is to cost not
thousand dollars, and
for not less than sixty
Specifications should
steam heating and
torches and pantry
kitchen should be
ture. Plans should be
stamped, at his office,
Phoenix, Arizona.
1901. JAS. H.

Phoenix, Arizona, Nov. 2

Broad General Education Planned.

(CONTINUED FROM FOURTH PAGE.)

special arrangement be made under which Cuba can live. The condition of the sugar and tobacco industries in Cuba is already such that the earliest possible action by Congress upon this subject is desirable."

PHILIPPINE COMMISSION.

The concluding sheets of Secretary Root's report deal with the government of the Philippine Islands and the work of the Taft Commission. Secretary Root says:

"On the 19th of February, 1901, in reporting upon a resolution of the Senate asking information regarding lands held in mortmain or otherwise for ecclesiastical or religious uses in the Philippine Islands, I transmitted copies of the acts of the commission numbered 54 to 85, inclusive, bringing the record of enactments down to January 2, 1901, and these were communicated to Congress by the message of the President, dated February 5, 1901, and are printed in Senate Document 190, Fifty-sixth Congress, second session. I now transmit copies of all the enactments of the commission, Nos. 1 to 262, inclusive, covering the period ending on the 11th of October, 1901, and, for convenience, including those previously sent. The presentation of this report to Congress will thus put the National Legislature in possession of the entire body of legislative acts under which civil government in the Philippine Islands is proceeding, consisting of 263 statutes. A brief account of the growth and general character of the present government of the Philippines may be of service in considering these enactments.

"The report continues, saying that in March, 1900, the insurgent government and the organized forces supporting it had been dispersed. The principal cities and the greater part of the country were in possession of the American forces, subject to forcible interference only by the numerous guerrilla bands which were scattered through the mountains, and considerable portions of the territory were held in apparently peaceable possession. The government was a government of military occupation, and the civil laws were being administered under the direction of military officers. All laws were subject to be amended, repealed, or overruled by the order of the military commander, which was, as must always be the case in such governments, the supreme law. Such a government is always unsatisfactory in its character, and while the conditions in many large parts of the archipelago rendered its continuance necessary, the people of the pacified provinces were eager for the resumption of peaceable conditions under a government regulated by formal and public laws, which should supersede the necessarily arbitrary orders of the military commander. The first Philippine commission, of which Mr. Schurman was chairman, had urged the early establishment of civil government, and it was manifestly desirable that as soon as possible those parts of the Filipino people who had turned to paths of peace should be relieved so far as practicable from the prejudicial effects of purely military methods.

"The sole power, however, which the President was exercising in the Philippine Islands was a military power derived from his authority under the Constitution as Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy. The question presented was how, in the exercise of the President's military power under the Constitution, to give the peaceful people of the Philippines the real benefits of civil government. The question was answered by an analysis of the military power, which, when exercised in a territory under military occupation, includes executive, judicial, and legislative authority.

"It was accordingly determined that as the fundamental step in giving the substance of civil government to the people of the Philippines there should be a separation of these powers so that the executive, the legislative and the judicial powers should be exercised by different persons throughout the pacified territory, and it was determined that that part of the military power which was legislative in its character should be exercised by civil agents proceeding in accordance with legislative forms, while the judicial power should be exercised by courts established and regulated by the enactments of the legislative body. The President accordingly, March 16, 1900, appointed the second Philippine Commission of five members, with Judge Taft as its president, and vested in them the authority to exercise such legislative authority, subject to the approval and control of the Secretary of War, leaving in the military commander the executive authority, except certain specific powers of appointment, and vesting judicial authority in the courts to be established through the legislative action of the commission. April 7, 1900, formal written instructions were given to the commission, which defined their powers and formulated the policy which was to be followed in the gradual development and conduct of civil government in the Philippines.

"With due allowance for the time necessary to reach their destination and become familiar with the conditions, the commission was directed to commence the performance of its duties September 1, 1900; and ever since that time, with addition to its numbers, that body has acted as the local Legislature of the Philippine Islands. Its sessions have been stated and public. Its legislative enactments have been publicly introduced and printed in the form of bills. When of general public interest they have been made the subject of public hearings before committees, which the people of the islands have freely attended and at which their views have been freely expressed. The ordinary legislative opportunities for amendment have been afforded, and finally the amendments and the bills have been publicly debated and voted upon, and the bills passed have become in effect statutes, subject to the approval of the Secretary of War, which has not in any case been withheld. The statutes thus enacted have become the law of the land in the Philippines, and bear the same relation to governmental action and private rights in the archipelago that the statutes enacted by the Congress and the State legislatures in the United States bear within the territory for which they are enacted.

"It should be observed," says the Secretary, "that these statutes are not mere expressions of theoretical views as to how the Philippines ought to be governed, but are the practical adjustment of carefully-studied conditions. Many of the most important are not the beginnings, but the results of patient experiment—the outcome and improvement of successive military orders dealing with the same subject."

MILITARY AUTHORITY.

Secretary Root says the conditions at the time of the adoption of the Constitution amendment did not permit, nor, except as has been the improvement, do they now permit, the abandonment of military government throughout the archipelago. In the more unsettled portions of the islands the restrictive and punitive force of purely civil administration would as yet be quite inadequate to the maintenance of order, even if the creation of a civil-service personnel were already accomplished. The work of securing the great number of competent and faithful civil agents necessary for the administration of government is necessarily slow, even in thoroughly pacified territory. It requires that the appointing power should become familiar with great numbers of the natives, and should learn both who are competent and who are to be trusted—a necessarily gradual process.

"The policy contemplated in the instructions of April 7, and followed by the War Department, has been to steadily press forward as rapidly as it could be done safely and thoroughly, the gradual substitution of government through civil agents for government through military agents, so that the administration of the military officer shall be continually narrowed, and that of the civil officer continually enlarged, until the time comes when the army can, without imperiling the peace and order of the country, be relegated to the same relation toward government which it occupies in the United States.

"In this way," says the Secretary, "we have avoided the premature abandonment of any power necessary to enforce the authority of the United States, and at the same time have held open to the people of every community the opportunity to escape from the stringency of military rule by uniting with us in effective measures to bring about peaceful conditions in the territory which they inhabit."

MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENTS.

The first duty charged upon the commission by the instructions of April 7 was "the establishment of municipal governments, in which the natives of the islands, both in the cities and in the rural communities, shall be afforded the opportunity to manage their own local affairs to the fullest extent of which they are capable, and subject to the least degree of supervision and control which a careful study of their capacities and observation of the workings of native control show to be consistent with the maintenance of law, order and loyalty."

In pursuance of this instruction, the commission, January 31, 1901, passed "a general act for the organization of municipal governments in the Philippine Islands." Under this act a town when organized becomes a municipal corporation having the customary corporate powers. The municipal authority is to be exercised by a president, vice-president, and municipal council elected for a term of two years by the qualified electors of the municipality. Provision is made for a municipal secretary and a municipal treasurer, who are to be appointed by the president with the consent of the council. The qualified electors include all persons who prior to the capture of Manila had held certain municipal offices, and all persons who own real property to the value of 500 pesos, or pay an annual tax of 20 pesos or more, and all those who speak, read, and write either English or Spanish. Persons guilty of crime, or of certain specific acts of disloyalty, and tax delinquents are disqualified.

The powers of government conferred upon the municipalities are similar in character and extent to those ordinarily exercised by municipalities in the United States, and include, in general, authority to fix salaries; fill vacancies in office; provide fire, police and health regulations; make appropriations of money for municipal purposes; manage the property of the town; regulate the construction, repair and use of streets, wharves and piers; establish, regulate and maintain a police; preserve the public peace and suppress vice; establish and maintain schools; assess property for taxation; levy taxes for municipal purposes, within the limitations prescribed by law; license the sale of intoxicating liquors; fix penalties for violation of ordinances, etc. For the accomplishment of the purposes indicated the municipal council is empowered to make such ordinances and regulations, not repugnant to law, as may be necessary to carry into effect and discharge the powers and duties conferred by the municipal code. Under this code municipal governments have been organized and are maintained in 745 towns.

PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS.

A further instruction contained in the instrument of April 7, 1900, was as follows:

"The next subject in order of importance should be the organization of government in the larger administrative divisions, corresponding to counties, departments or provinces, in which the common interests of many or several municipalities falling within the same tribal lines or the same natural geographical limits may best be subserved by a common administration."

Under this direction the commission, February 6, 1901, passed "a general act for the organization of provincial governments in the Philippine Islands." Under this act, a provincial government upon organization becomes a body corporate, with customary corporate powers. The officials of the provincial government are a provincial governor, secretary, treasurer, supervisor and fiscal. The governing body is the provincial board, composed of the governor, treasurer and supervisor. The governor is to be chosen by the councilors of the municipalities in the province. The other officers are to be appointed by the commission, and, with the exception of the fiscal, are to be appointed under the provisions of the civil-service act. The provincial government has jurisdiction over roads, bridges and ferries not within the inhabited pueblos or barrios; over the administration of criminal law in the province; the protection and entertainment of the courts; the assessment and collection of taxes conjointly with the municipal officers; extensive visitorial and supervisory powers over municipal officers, and over the local constabulary or police.

Under this statute, the commission has from time to time organized thirty-three of the provinces in the archipelago. Three of these, Cebu, Bohol and Batangas, proved to be prematurely organized, and have been turned back to the control of the military officers. The governments of the remaining thirty are in full operation. The organization of these municipalities and provinces was necessarily a long and painstaking proceeding, and to accomplish it the commissioners have journeyed through the islands, familiarizing themselves with the conditions, meeting the inhabitants, and consulting with the principal men. The first provincial Governors were necessarily selected by the commission, but in every case they were selected upon consultation with the citizens, and with due regard to their informally-expressed wishes.

The city of Manila has been placed under a special government quite similar to that of Washington, provided by "An act to incorporate the city of Manila," passed July 31, 1901.

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.

A third duty specifically imposed upon the commission was to provide for the organization and establishment of courts. In performance of this duty the commission has established a judicial system whereby the judicial power of the government of the islands is vested in a Supreme Court, consisting of a chief justice and six associate justices, sitting in Manila, Iloilo and Cebu, and a Court of First Instance in each of fourteen judicial districts, which include the entire archipelago, both of these being courts of record, and a justice's court in each municipality. The judges are to be appointed by the commission.

JUDGE TAFT INAUGURATED.

July 4 Judge Taft was inaugurated at Manila as civil Governor and entered upon the performance of his duties. At the same time Maj.-Gen. MacArthur, after an able and successful administration of both military and civil affairs, transferred the command of the military division and the authority of military Governor to Maj.-Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, who had recently completed his service as American commander in the China relief expedition. September 1 a further step toward civil executive organization was made by the establishment of separate executive departments, to which members of the commission were assigned as follows: Department of the Interior, Dean C. Worcester; Department of Commerce and Police, Luke E. Wright; Department of Finance and Justice, Henry C. Ide; Department of Public Instruction, Bernard Moses. The administrative affairs of the government are apportioned among these several departments.

Since July 4 the civil and military agents of the government of the islands have been conducting administration within their respective jurisdictions in substantial harmony. By mutual consent the seven provinces of La Union, Ilocos Sur, Abra, Ilocos Norte, Cagayan, Isabella and Zambales have been found to be sufficiently advanced in pacification for the organization of provincial governments, and the provisions of the provincial government act and the authority of the civil Governor have been extended over them. At the same time three provinces have been by like consent restored to the executive control of the military Governor.

Civil service, education, forestry, public works, lands of religious orders and other topics receive consideration in Secretary Root's report, and he says that one of the purposes for which the borrowing of money should be authorized is the acquisition of the tracts of land held by religious orders in the island.

Of slavery, Secretary Root says: "It is gratifying to report that the efforts of the American officers to bring about a cessation of the practice of slavery among the Moros are not fruitless. The character of the slavery practiced is quite unlike that formerly practiced in the United States in this, that the Moro slave, so called, becomes a member of the owner's family, enjoying many privileges, often having voluntarily sold himself into slavery to better his condition. The so-called slaves themselves exhibit no special anxiety to change their condition. All who seek freedom receive it upon coming into the American lines." The Secretary gives a copy of a proclamation by Datto Mandi, one of the most powerful of the Moro rulers, abolishing slavery within his domain, and says: "It is believed that the peaceful process, the rapid advance of which is indicated by this proclamation, will accomplish in a desired result much more readily than it could be accomplished in any other way."

GENERAL POLICY.

In closing, Secretary Root says:

"The policy followed by the American Executive in dealing with the government of the Philippines (and also in dealing with the government of the other islands ceded or yielded by Spain which have been under the control of the War Department,) has been to determine and prescribe the framework of insular government, to lay down the rules of policy to be followed upon the great questions of government as they are foreseen or arise, to obtain the best and ablest men possible for insular officers, to distribute and define their powers, and then to hold them responsible for the conduct of government in the islands with the least possible interference from Washington.

"Notwithstanding a rigid adherence to this policy, and consistently with it, the demands upon the department for action in the vast and complicated business of the island governments have been constant and imperative. Different civilizations, different systems of law and procedure, and different modes of thought brought into contact have evolved a great crowd of difficult questions for determination. New facts ascertained and changed conditions have called for the interpretation and application of our own rules of policy, and the establishment of further rules. Different views as to the scope of authority under the distribution of powers have required reconciliation. The application of the law of military occupation to rights and practices existing under the laws of Spain, and the process of overturning inveterate wrongs have brought about frequent appeals to the highest authority, which, being made in the name of justice, have required consideration. The work undertaken has been the building up of government from the foundation upon unfamiliar ground. We have had no precedents, save the simple and meager proceedings under the occupation of California and New Mexico, more than half a century ago, and it has been necessary to decide every question upon its own merits, and to make our own precedents for the future.

"For the performance of all these duties full and accurate knowledge of the conditions and proceedings of all the governments in all the islands on the part of the authorities in Washington has been required. It has been necessary to follow them step by step. The President and Congress have looked to the War Department for information as to how the trust of government in the various islands was being performed, and tens of thousands of applications by the people of the United States for every conceivable kind of information regarding the islands have poured into the department in an uninterrupted stream.

"Only thorough system could arrange, record, and keep available for use the vast and heterogeneous mass of reports and letters and documents which this business has involved, furnish answers to the questions, conduct the correspondence, and keep the Secretary of War from being overwhelmed in hopeless confusion. The War Department had no machinery for the purpose. No provision for any such administrative machine was made by law. Of necessity, such machinery has been created in the department by the detail of officers and the employment of the temporary clerks authorized by law, with a chief, an assistant chief, a law officer, a competent force of translators, accountants, stenographers, and recording and indexing and copying clerks. It is called the Division of Insular Affairs of the War Department, and it performs with admirable and constantly-increasing efficiency the great variety of duties which in other countries would be described as belonging to a colonial office, and would be performed by a much more pretentious establishment."

The summary of expenditures for the fiscal year 1901, appropriations for 1902, and estimates for 1903, is as follows:

GENERAL OBJECT.	Expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1901.	Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902.	Estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903.
Civil establishment	$ 2,067,351.04	$ 2,118,068.00	$ 2,067,693.28
Military establishment (support of the army and military academy	105,702,101.02	114,249,952.79	98,949,626.45
Public works (including fortifications and river and harbor improvements	*20,961,541.70	17,075,912.00	49,914,783.10
Miscellaneous	5,154,979.15	4,971,474.00	6,588,523.15
Grand total	$143,916,373.51	$143,364,454.79	$157,519,626.28

*Including expenditures from national defense.

GRAY'S GANG "UP AGIN IT."

Can't Monkey With the Band Wagon.

Police Arrest a Brutal Boycotter.

Almost Incited Riot on Main Street—Chief Says It Must Stop.

The notorious Jim Gray and his lawless gang of union agitators carried their efforts to boycott the Central-avenue Planing Mill, otherwise known as the Hughes mill, and its owners to such an extreme yesterday that they almost caused a riot on Main street near First.

J. Conrad, owner of a saloon on Main street between First and Second, is also a stockholder in the Hughes mill. Against that mill Gray and his kind have been directing all their efforts for weeks to prevent the proprietors from transacting their own business in their own way. Time and again have the police been called to protect the workingmen at the mill, and even the property, and there the labor agitators who never labor have made no progress with their nefarious operations.

Yesterday they tried a new tack. Shortly after noon a man dressed in the uniform of an American sailor appeared on Main street carrying a huge sign, on which was inscribed:

"The proprietor of the Original Mug saloon is not fair to organized labor. Boys, keep away!"

The man who bore the sign is A. H. Ryan, until recently a seaman in the United States navy, but now disgracing his uniform. He walked slowly up and down the street in front of the saloon, and from time to time shouted to attract attention to himself. On the sidewalk near the saloon stood Gray, Biddle and one or two other "labor leaders" watching.

There is no place in the city where it is easier to draw an excited crowd than near First and Main streets, and the man with the sign was soon surrounded. F. J. Murphy started into the saloon which the agitators had placed under the ban. Ryan tried to stop him, but Murphy was just drunk enough to resent interference, and a quarrel resulted. Suddenly Ryan assaulted the inoffensive workman with a large club. Not content with beating the almost defenseless Murphy on the head, Ryan jabbed the weapon against his ribs, inflicting painful injuries.

It would not have taken much to start a riot. Patrolman McGraw rushed in and placed both under arrest. Ryan yelled to Gray to go to the Police Station to bail him out, and by the time the prisoners reached the station Gray and his gang were there. They put up $50 for Ryan's release. He returned to Main street and took up the sign again.

Several hundred people assembled, and things looked squally until Patrolman Henderson arrived and ordered Ryan to take the sign off the streets, threatening him with arrest. Ryan, Gray and the "labor" gang demurred, and Henderson telephoned police headquarters for instructions. He was ordered to make the man take the sign off the street, and if he refused, to bring him and the sign to the Police Station.

"They carry these banners in San Francisco," shouted one of Gray's henchmen, "and we propose to carry this one here."

"This is not San Francisco," coolly replied the officer, "and you can either take that sign away or be arrested."

Ryan, Gray and the gang left, going to a hall on Second street, where they remained until nearly 5 o'clock, consulting a lawyer. Then then went as a committee to police headquarters to report Henderson and to insist that they be permitted to continue the boycotting tactics. They found Capt. Bradish there. He told them bluntly that Henderson had simply done his duty; that if the sign again appears the man who carries it will be arrested; that the police will compel them to obey the law, and that if they want trouble they can find all they want and more. "You can either refrain from such acts or you can be accommodated inside the jail. We will not parley with you, and I tell you now that we will be in this fight just as long as there is any just cause for our taking action," said Bradish.

Soon afterward the gang reappeared upon the street, Ryan with the sign. Patrolman Henderson placed him under arrest, and he was booked on a charge of inciting a riot. The police clerks refused to admit him to bail, although "El Hutch," Gray, Biddle and others stormed around there. Ryan was locked up, and but for the action of Justice Morgan would have remained in jail over night. "Hutch" communicated with Morgan and induced him to come to his courtroom. There a bail bond of $200 was executed and an order issued for the release of Ryan.

According to Justice Morgan there is no law by which such actions can be punished. "I do not know of any law which prohibits the carrying of such a sign," he said last night, in response to a question. "If it were attached to an animal it would be a violation of the ordinance."

"What if he carried the red flag of anarchy through the streets?" was asked the justice.

"Even then, I doubt if he would be violating the law," was the reply.

The Chief was furious when he heard of the trouble. He commended the action of the arresting patrolman, and stated in most positive terms that he would stand no foolishness from Gray or any of his kind. "It was by permitting such actions as this," said the Chief, hotly, "that President McKinley was assassinated. We have no room for anarchy here, and this is but a short step removed from anarchy. Will we stop it? Yes, if we are supported in our efforts, and I do not think that there is any doubt about our being supported by peace-loving, law-abiding citizens."

HER AGREEABLE WAY.

New York Man's Story of the Peculiar Method of Entertainment Adopted by a Los Angeles Girl.

[New York Times:] "Western girls are charming," said a young man who accompanied the Presidential party on the late President McKinley's western trip, "but sometimes their hospitality declares itself in disquieting ways. Out in Los Angeles I met the prettiest girl I've seen in years. We were walking in that dream-like park of the town, Westlake, when she suddenly stopped and looked at me. Then, in that brisk way western girls have, she said:

"'Isn't there something the matter with you?'

"I didn't know whether it was my hat or my tie.

"'I don't know,' said I. 'Is there?'

"'Haven't you a cough?' she asked.

"'No,' I answered, getting worried.

"'Didn't you ever have bronchitis, or short breath, or a stitch in your side, or pleurisy, or pneumonia, or anything like that?' she went on.

"I had to 'fess up that I hadn't.

"'I'm so sorry,' she said, plaintively, 'I hoped you had.'

"I just gasped and she continued:

"'For if you had, you know, you could stay out here and join the B.L.B.'

"'What on earth is that?' I asked.

"'Why, the 'Busted Lung Brigade.' Lots of the loveliest men belong to it. I'm so sorry you can't, but—and she brightened visibly—perhaps you will be consumptive after a while.'

"That's a western girl's way of being agreeable, but it struck me as a bit ghoulish."

ADVERTISING THE CITRUS INDUSTRY.

PUT AN ATTRACTIVE ADVERTISEMENT ON EVERY ORANGE.

An Expert Advertising Man Makes Some Valuable Suggestions—A Scheme That Would Pile Up Publicity Wide and High.

[SPECIALLY CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.]

More than 20,000 carloads of citrus fruits last season!

The estimates for this season vary from about the same figure up to 25,000 carloads and more.

Do you have any conception of how many individual oranges this is? Did you ever stop to think how many different people will be partaking of California oranges or lemons during the coming few months?

What I shall say below is an advertising man's suggestions as to the most direct and most effective method of advertising California's citrus industry, and is perfectly practical from an advertising standpoint.

It is not necessary to expatiate on the advantages of increasing the market.

With slight allowances, the price which the consumer pays for oranges determines the price which the grower gets.

The method of marketing the fruit is largely immaterial. The whole thing works around to the point where the demand for the goods ultimately decides the price which the user pays for them.

Greater demand means higher prices. That is absolute. It is the only possible deduction from the logic of practical business.

Advertising will increase the demand.

This follows just as surely as day succeeds night. The extent of increase and numerous other points are open for discussion, but that advertising will increase demand is a closed question.

Here is a plan of advertising which will cost the growers practically nothing.

In a few words, I propose that every wrapper which is put on to a California orange or lemon shall have printed on it in attractive form, but so as to be perfectly legible, some interesting information concerning the fruit. This plan is not offered as entirely original, for it has been used to a limited extent, but it is urged here in the hope that enough attention will be attracted to the idea to put it into extensive operation.

In a general way this proposition is simplicity itself, and will be easy to carry out, but unless you have devoted some thought to the subject, you probably do not realize the wide range of information which could be put onto these wrappers, and which would be highly appreciated by the consumers.

To begin with, there is California, the State of sunshine, fruit and flowers. Devote fifty-word paragraphs to pointed descriptions of the State and some of her chief advantages. Interesting? Why, they could be made so interesting that they would be kept. The whole State would receive valuable advertising.

Then there is the county or valley in which the fruit is raised. There are sure to be a number of historic points near by, on which to hinge a good advertising point. Probably there are scenic attractions or something of that sort which have a national reputation, and which it would be well to identify with your fruit. Make a few crisp, short paragraphs about each one of these things, and use them separately on different sets of wrappers.

Then there is the association or packing-house which puts up the fruit; there is the ranch where they are raised; and, last, and most important of all, there is the splendid fruit itself, which offers dozens of points about which the eastern consumer is not properly informed. The practical fruit man will probably know a whole lot more about these points than I do.

But the trouble with the practical fruit man is that he is not able to put himself in the place of the other man. He thinks because he knows all about his oranges that the whole country does.

Well, the whole country doesn't, and the fact that it doesn't is the reason that there is not a more universal demand for his fruit.

It would be just exactly as sensible for a local dry goods man to argue that there was no need of his advertising a line of silk dress goods at a dollar a yard, because every woman in town knew that his store had dollar silks.

That is not the point at issue. Modern advertising is altogether a different thing from the advertising of only a few years ago.

Today, the purpose of advertising is to market goods. A few years ago, all that was expected of advertising was to call the attention of people to the place where one's present wants might be supplied.

Today an advertiser frequently starts out with an article entirely unknown, something for which there is no demand, and for which there is no manifest necessity. If such a man is full of his subject, and is able to bring plausible arguments to support his ideas, he can, by a proper advertising campaign, awaken desire and actually create a market for his goods.

You don't believe this? Well, who ever heard of grape-nuts, or malt breakfast food, or dozens of other preparations which are now in almost universal use, until they were advertised? No one outside of the shrewd promoter ever felt the need of such preparations until the advertising plans had been developed and a demand created.

Americans, as a people, are notably gregarious. They like to do things that they see others doing. They like to be "in the swim" and feel that whatever they are doing is "the proper thing."

It is this instinct which, to my mind, has made advertising so successful in this country, and this is what makes it possible to start a campaign of education on some point which appeals to the popular imagination, and carry it to a successful conclusion from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

These movements are sometimes called "fads," and their advocates, if the "fads" are extreme enough, are called "cranks." Never mind. The idea which originated with one man or a small group of men, has been formulated into some tangible scheme, and been promoted by skillful advertising—it has been made a success.

So I say that the use of citrus fruits or anything else raised in California can be increased immensely by educational advertising.

The way to begin this advertising is in the boxes of fruit as they are shipped away; first, to educate the dealers who are to handle the goods as was touched on in a former article of this series, and, second, to educate the consumer along the lines suggested above.

There are numerous obstacles to be overcome, and, in actual practice, a great many minor details will come up which will be very difficult to handle, but you must never lose sight of the fact that increased consumption means a market for more fruit, and better prices for every box of lemons or oranges which the State produces; not this year alone, but in every succeeding year, so long as the citrus industry shall continue to be one of the chief sources of our income.

W. D. CURTIS.

AS TO CLOTHING.

THERE is an epitaph in a Vermont churchyard: *"I expected this but not so soon."* Such is the epitaph on clothing worn out in the wash-tub. Underclothing may be fragile, yet it ought not to wear out in ten weeks. But this isn't wear; it is decay. You buy 5 cents worth of cheap soap and you lose the equivalent of 50 cents in the wash-tub. Ivory Soap will not harm the most delicate fabric. Is it wise not to use it?

IVORY SOAP IS 99 44/100 PER CENT. PURE.

Cooke: It's surprising how unpractical some men are.

Brooke: Why, how's that?

Crooke: Well, there's Prof. Linguist, for example. He spent the best part of his life acquiring fluency in nine or ten different languages, and then went and married a wife who never gives him a chance to get a word in edgeways.—[Tit-Bits.

Charles Meinkey of Fontanelle, Iowa, juror in the Bullett case, was found dead in his room in the Graeffe House, Des Moines. He blew out the gas before retiring, and was asphyxiated. The trial will proceed with eleven jurors.

Watch Coffee

Watch Carefully Its Effect on You.

Any brain worker who depends on thought for his success in life, uses up daily, by brain work, a varying amount of the delicate particles of potash and albumen, of which the brain and nerve centers are composed.

This breaking down of the little cells each day, from brain work, is a natural process, and the cells can readily be rebuilt from the right sort of food, if the system is not interfered with by drugs. If brain fag or nervous prostration sets in, the evidence is plain that nature is not rebuilding as fast as work is tearing down. There is some reason. What is it? Look first to the coffee cup, for coffee is known to interfere with and prevent the proper nourishment of the nerves in highly organized people.

Frequently the trouble first shows in dyspepsia, lack of power of the bowels to operate properly or palpitation of the heart or some other lack of vitality and healthy vigor. Then comes brain fag and that tremendous collapse called nervous prostration. There is but one thing for a sensible man or woman to do,—quit coffee absolutely. "Hard to do," you say. Take up Postum Food Coffee, use it regularly, have it well made, so it tastes good. You will find a well-defined, unmistakable change in your health, and there is a reason for it.

You will have become free from the breaking down force of coffee, and, on the other hand, you will be taking a powerful, nourishing liquid food which quickly rebuilds the new cells. These are facts,—profound facts, ready for any one to prove to their own satisfaction by actual use. Postum Food Coffee is made at the famous pure food factories of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich., and is used by brain workers all over the world. Don't call it a "substitute" for coffee; leave out the coffee proposition altogether. Postum is a liquid food and a true food drink.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

LOS ANGELES—The Girl from Maxim's.
BURBANK—Roaneke.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

Thanksgiving Festivity.

The guests at Hotel Nahant were entertained with a musical and literary programme last night. A collation consisting of ices, cakes, nuts, etc., was served, after which dancing was indulged in until a late hour. About one hundred were present.

Storm Warning.

The forecast official at San Francisco telegraphs the following storm warning: "Southeast storm warnings are displayed from San Luis Obispo to Eureka. Advise north-bound vessels of a storm off the Oregon coast, moving south. It will probably reach Southern California."

Help Themselves.

Charles Rixon reported to the police yesterday that Wednesday night his store at No. 247 South Main street was entered by a burglar, who stole two second-hand revolvers, and a lot of cutlery. The room of J. H. Hoeck, No. 125 East Third street, was entered Wednesday night, his trunk forced open and $20 and a gold watch stolen.

Death of Mrs. Mahar.

The wife of Harry Mahar, a well-known printer and linotype operator, died at her home in Riverside Wednesday, of heart disease. The remains were brought to this city yesterday for interment in Rosedale Cemetery today. Mrs. Mahar, née Taylor, formerly resided in Los Angeles, and has surviving relatives here. A seven-year-old boy is left motherless by her death.

Thrown from a Car.

Miss Margaret Cuddy of No. 129 South Olive street was painfully injured at Second street and Broadway yesterday afternoon. She was alighting from a Westlake Park car, and before she could step off the car was suddenly started. She was thrown violently to the street, striking full on her face. She was painfully bruised and several of her teeth were broken.

"L" for Los Angeles.

Whenever Uncle Sam loses a letter it is because it bears no address. A partial address, without the name of its expected destination, is sufficient for the expedient delivery of a letter. There arrived at the Nadeau yesterday a letter addressed to "Mr. Steele, Hotel Nadeau, L." The letter was mailed in Indiana a few days ago. Steele is now in San Francisco, and the letter was sent there.

"I'm Guilty."

Manuel Silva, alias Souis, wanted in Riverside and San Francisco, and against whom there are two charges of petty larceny here, was brought from Santa Barbara yesterday by a detective. He confesses the theft of two ladies' watches, and says he will plead guilty when his case comes to trial. After the authorities here are through with him, he will be turned over to the officers from one of the other cities, where he has been engaged in criminal work.

"The Other One."

An energetic woman, carrying on one arm a market basket neatly covered, and with the other hand marshalling along a little fellow just able to walk well, hailed a car the other day. The obliging conductor alighted to assist them on. The little tot was put aboard, and the woman, relieved of her basket, clambered up the steps. As she took a seat inside, the conductor chucked the basket under the outside seat, when the woman cried out: "No; don't do that —it's the other one!" Somewhat abashed and mystified, the conductor handed her the basket, and the mother, turning back the white cover, disclosed a baby snugly ensconced within. Baskets now are handled with care by that conductor.

League Workers Organized.

The Epworth League of the First Methodist-Episcopal Church has organized its spiritual-work department for the year. Miss Minnie Taylor was re-elected statistical secretary; Miss Florence Taylor, assistant, and Miss Nellie Book, recording secretary. I. H. Fallis, W. H. Herman, C. A. Bradley, Mrs. Stella Wever and Miss Minnie Taylor were reappointed Advisory Committee. The various lines of work and their superintendents have been arranged as follows: Chimes Epworth League, C. A. Bradley; Junior Epworth League, Mrs. W. H. Fisher; Newsboys' Home work, J. J. Walter; Missionary Committee, Miss Pearl Strong; care of members, Miss Edna Davenport and George Glenn; care of converts, D. M. Mettler; Invitation Committee, Mrs. A. E. Glass and W. H. Herman; personal workers, W. H. Herman; street work, J. H. Blanchard.

DOWNEY THEORIES ABOUT THE MURDER.

CANNOT GET BUD LEWIS OFF THEIR MINDS.

Foster Comes to See the Sheriff and Then Consults a Lawyer — Said to Be in Constant Fear of Being Photographed.

"Good morning; have they got you charged with the murder yet?"

That is the popular form of salutation at Downey now.

Yesterday they had a social soiree in Foresters' Hall, where the ladies of the Saturday Morning Club entertained at a turkey dinner, and everybody was out in his new best hat. The murder was the topic of conversation on every side, and it was talked up one side and down the other.

The Downey people cannot get over the idea that it was Bud Lewis who killed the Wilcox family. Many of them believe from Foster's peculiar actions that he knows something about the murder. They argue, however, that he is not powerful enough a man to have done the killing himself.

A theory that is gaining much belief is that Bud Lewis did the killing, and that Foster happened to come poking along—probably attracted by the screams of the woman—and saw the murderer red handed. The Downey people figure it out that Lewis threatened to kill him if he told what he saw, and that that is the reason for Foster's intense emotion and practical collapse.

Officers place no value on such a theory. They adhere to their belief in the entire innocence of Bud Lewis.

Yesterday Foster left his ranch early in the morning with a team and drove to Los Angeles, returning about 10:30. He came to see the Sheriff.

When he returned to Downey he went to the office of the Downey lawyer and remained a long time in consultation with him.

He went back to the ranch with his wife, father and sister, about 11 o'clock.

As the carriage passed a vehicle containing a newspaper man, the women began to laugh, and the old father smiled broadly, but Foster reached over and clutched the reins from his father's hands in great excitement. He began jerking at the horse's mouth as if to hurry past. Foster is said to be in constant terror of having his picture taken.

YOUNG'S SHORTAGE.

It is Believed in Official Circles That the Amount Will Approximate Fifty Thousand Dollars.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

LOUISVILLE (Ky.) Nov. 28.—It is believed in official circles that the alleged discrepancy in the accounts of former City Treasurer Stuart R. Young, who committed suicide last night, will amount to between $40,000 and $50,000. The only facts known as present regarding the accounts is that between the indicated balances and the actual balances in the two banks in which the funds of the city are deposited, there is a discrepancy of about $48,000.

AT NEW YORK HOTELS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] H. W. Frank is at the Herald Square; J. S. Stower at the Fifth Avenue; E. E. Crandall at the Cosmopolitan; R. D. Johnson of Pasadena at the Westminster.

BREVITIES.

Ng Poon Chew, editor of the San Francisco Chinese daily paper, will lecture tonight at Immanuel Church, corner Tenth and Figueroa streets, on "The Crisis in China." He will be assisted by three young Chinamen from San Francisco, who will sing and play on Chinese instruments. All welcome.

Send donations of cast-off clothing, furniture or food supplies to the Good Samaritan department of the Bethlehem Institutional Church, Vignes and Ducommun street, or telephone John 28, and wagon will call. Office hours during summer months 11 to 12 daily.

New tailor-made suits, $17.50; silk-lined throughout for $24.50; material furnished stylish gowns or suits for $10. Fit and finish guaranteed. New York Ladies' Tailors, 529 S. Broadway.

Ladies, don't forget the Keramic Club sale of hand-painted china, December 3, 4, and 5, at Blanchard's Hall, from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Special offer. Fine cabinet photos reduced, $1, $1.75 doz. Sunbeam, 236 S. Main

There is an undelivered telegram at the Western Union telegraph office for Mrs. O. H. Schons.

BIRTH RECORD.

FORSTER—November 27, 1901, to Mrs. John F. Forster, of No. 2108 South Grand avenue, a boy.

DEATH RECORD.

GIBSON—At Cripple Creek, November 24, 1901, Eliza J. Gibson, formerly Mrs. E. J. Trombly, of Flower street, Los Angeles. The funeral service will be held at the parlors of Bresee Brothers, Broadway and Sixth, Sunday, at 10 a.m. Friends invited. Interment Evergreen.

HILL—In Los Angeles, November 28, Emily Hill, aged 60 years. Funeral at Bresee Brothers, Saturday, at 10 a.m.

STEAD—In this city, November 28, James William, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Henson Stead, a native of England, aged 25 years. Funeral from Asbury Methodist Church, Sunday, December 1, at 2:30 p.m. Interment Evergreen.

MAHAR—In Riverside, November 27, Mary R. Mahar, wife of H. W. Mahar. Funeral from parlors of Peck & Chase, Friday, at 2 p.m.

MASONIC FUNERAL.

Pentalpha Lodge, No. 282, F. & A. M., will meet on Friday, November 29, 1901, at 12:30 o'clock p.m. sharp, to attend the funeral of Brother George Robert Edwards.

By order of the W. M.
W. W. ROBINSON, Secretary.

SOUTH GATE LODGE, No. 339, F. & A. M., will confer the second degree this (Friday) evening.

F. H. WHITE, Secretary.

Los Angeles Transfer Co.
Will check baggage at your residence to any point. Office, 457 S. Spring. Tel. M. 49 or 248

The Only Lady Undertaker
With Orr & Hines Co., has charge of all ladies and children entrusted to their care. No. 446 South Broadway. Tel. M. 64.

Bresee Bros. Co.,
Funeral directors, Lady undertaker. Private ambulance. Tel. M. 243.

W. H. Sutch, Undertaker.
Lady assistant. 613 South Spring. Tel. M. 197.

For Hollywood Cemetery
Take Colegrove cars. Office, 210 Laughlin Bldg.

John R. Paul, Funeral Director.
Private ambulance. Tel. East 51. Res., Flora 161.

Mchesey's Special $10 Box
At $7.50 for three days. Opp. Van Nuys Hotel.

G. U. Whitney's Trunk Factory.
Makes the strongest light-weight trunks and sells the cheapest. No. 225 South Main street.

Don't Freeze! !
Phillips Heating, Ventilating and Mfg. Co., successor to F. E. Browne, 510 S. Spring, set furnaces right and right reasonably. Estimates given. Tel. main 129.

Marston & Co., Commission Merchants.
Consignments solicited. Reference, Bank of Commerce. Hewes Market, 9th st., L. A., Cal.

Buy Waferflex, Magee's Guaranteed Hat.
435 South Spring street. Tel. Poter 7381.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE the coming Sunday will contain a description of some notable collections of rare birds in Southern California, with liberal pictorial illustrations.

FRANK G. CARPENTER'S letter in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday will give an exceedingly interesting account of some strange people in Holland's Asiatic possessions.

JULIA WARD HOWE has written for The Times Magazine the coming Sunday an interesting review of the conditions that have surrounded girlhood during the past seventy years.

TWO articles concerning Bulgaria and the Bulgarians will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday. One is descriptive of the country and the people generally, and the other relates personal experiences of the writer among the brigands.

MALT

This is the store that saves you money on all malt preparations and on all other drug store goods. A store with a reputation as high as its prices are low.

Canadian Malt Extract...
The richest and best extract sold. 15c a bottle; $1.75 a dozen.

Malt Nutrine 20c a bottle, $1.25 a dozen.
Weyeth's Malt 25c a bottle, $2.75 a dozen.
Pabst Malt 25 cents a bottle.
Trommer's Malt 25 cents a bottle.
Maltine, all kinds, 25 cents a bottle.

Boswell & Noyes Drug Co.,
Reliable Prescription Druggists,
THIRD AND BROADWAY.

Eye-strain
Brings three-fourths the headaches. Glasses to relieve the strain is the only radical cure—can't fail to cure if the fitting is right. Our optician is a graduate and the finest eye expert in Los Angeles. Eyes examined free.
Rimless Eyeglasses with finest lenses $2.00
Geneva Watch & Optical Co.
305 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Peerless Brand WINES
Noted for their purity and richness.
Port, Sherry, Angelica, 75c and $1 Gal.
Free delivery to all parts of Los Angeles.
So. Cal. Wine Co.,
220 W. Fourth St.
Phone M. 332.

J. Magnin & Co
251 South Broadway
Little Boys' Suits.
For the wee fellow who is just leaving his dresses—2, 3 and 4 year ages. We can dress him in the cutest little two-piece suits, with pants or kilt suits, of good wool serge or cheviot, in plain colors, daintily and prettily trimmed. Doesn't anyone show such styles or such suits for the smallest boy as these.
Mail orders filled—send for catalogue.

New Designs
In Oval, Square and Odd Shapes
.. In Frames ..

THE NEW FINISH.
Dead black, grays and greens, with the daintiest gold top ornaments and festoonings, fitted complete with gold beaded mats to match. We can suit your artistic taste here. Pyrography outfits and skins to burn.
SANBORN, VAIL & CO., 257 S. Broadway.

Dr. Whisky.
H. J. W. Old Bourbon Whisky imparts tone to the system and maintains a degree of health that would otherwise be lacking. H. J. W. is an absolutely pure medicinal whisky. Single bottles $1.00; 6 bottles $5, express paid to Southern California and Arizona points.
H. J. WOOLLACOTT,
124 North Spring Street,
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

MAKER TO WEARER DIRECT
FOOT-FORM SHOES
W. L. Cummings
Those Popular Business Shoes.
We can't say enough about Cummings' $3.00 footwear for men. Better styles not thought of; better leather not manufactured. Half the business men wouldn't wear them unless the shoes were decidedly superior.
Best men's shine 5c, repair your old shoe
Fourth and Broadway.

Sent on Trial.

MEN.—Stop taking medicine. Our Vacuum Developer will restore you if you are suffering from nervous debility, lost vitality, etc. No drugs. Stricture and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks; $5,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; effect immediate; no C.O.D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
Lord Manufg Co., 199 Third St., Indianapolis, Ind.

WHAT OTHERS ADVERTISE **We Sell For Less**
A. Hamburger & Sons Dept. J
SAFEST PLACE TO TRADE — Franklin St.
Books

Friday's Surprises

The biggest and best of all the Friday Surprise sales. We have ransacked every nook and corner this immense four-story building for the best values that our stock contains.

Shirting Prints 2c
One of the most remarkable Friday surprises will be the selling of American shirting prints at 2c a yard; this is a regular 5c quality; it comes in small figures and stripes.

$1 Flannelette Wrappers 79c
Perfect fitting, pretty styles, made of good quality flannelette; the skirt is finished with a flounce and the wrappers are of a regular $1.00 quality. Friday only 79c.
Second Floor.

$12.50 Taffeta Dress Skirt $7.95
Nice quality taffeta dress skirts made with flounces and trimmed with narrow ribbons in fancy patterns; come in black; our regular $12.50 skirts. For Friday at $7.95.
Second Floor.

$3.50 Boys' Overcoats $1.48.
Odd lines of detachable cape overcoats made of all-wool cassimeres, cheviots and tweeds; light and dark colorings, neatly trimmed with braid; ages 3 to 8 years and regular $2.50 and $3.50 values. They will surprise you at $1.48.
Second Floor.

Boys' $1.00 Sweaters 69c.
All-wool juvenile sweaters of medium weight; German knit; made with high roll collars and buttoned on side; come in white, plain blue, red and maroon; sizes 16 to 24 for boys of 2½ to 8 years; $1.00 and $1.25 values. For sale Friday at 69c.
Second Floor.

Men's $4.00 Shoes $2.60.
Choose between vici kid, box calf and velour calf, all of which are made on stylish lasts; there are all sizes in the combined lines; regular $4.00 shoes. Friday only at $2.60.

20c Linings for 8c.
Short lengths of silesia, canvas and percalines, worth up to 20c a yard, are to be sold as a surprise Friday at 8c.

$11 Dinner Sets for $6.98.
100-piece decorated dinner sets in good semi-porcelain ware; 3 shapes and decorations; a variety of colors; formerly sold at $9.00 to $11.00. Your choice Friday for $6.98.
Third Floor.

25c Writing Tablets 15c.
25c tablets in linen and satin finish and letter and packet sizes; we sell them other days for 25c. Friday at 15c.

50c Books, 10c,
Popular books by popular authors; clearly printed on good quality of paper and neatly bound in cloth with gilt tops; these books are published to sell at 50c. Friday 10c each.

$2 Flannel Waists $1.29
These waists come in all the new shades and are finished with tucks back and front and open in the back or front, as you prefer. For Friday we offer them at $1.29.
Second Floor.

$2.50 Chamber Sets $1.98
6-piece chamber sets consisting of bowl, pitcher, covered chamber, soap dish and mug; nice decorations and a regular $2.50 set. Offered as a Friday surprise at $1.98.
Third Floor.

50c Black Brilliantine 29c
This is a 40-inch black figured brilliantine in small figures and scroll designs; a very desirable fabric for serviceable light dresses; 50c quality. On Friday at 29c.

12½c Seersuckers 8½c.
1,200 yards will be sold at this price; medium stripes suitable for children's school aprons, dresses, men's shirts, kitchen dresses, aprons, etc.; an excellent washing fabric, $1.40 on Friday only.

20c Turkish Towels 12½c.
Fancy Turkish towels in all sorts of colored patterns suitable for tidies, chair backs, etc.; 20c quality. Friday Only at 12½c.

Boys' $3.00 Suits $1.98.
75 odd suits made with regulation double-breasted jackets and knee pants; brown and gray cassimeres and cheviots, also invisible plaids lined with plaid Italian cloth; trousers have double seats and knees; ages 8 to 16 years. Friday only at 1.98.
Second Floor.

$2.00 Walking Hats $1.50.
Ladies' plain felt walking hats in wide brim cowboy shape; trimmed with silk and velvet bands; come in black, castor and pearl; best $2.00 hats we ever sold. As a surprise at $1.50.
Second Floor.

$3.00 Smoker's Sets $1.98
Pretty dark wood tables with brass trimmings complete with cigar cutter, ash tray, match safe and tobacco jars; these make useful and acceptable Xmas gifts. On Friday the price is $1.98.
Fourth Floor.

50c Hose for 25c.
Women's fancy colored hose in pure linle thread with plain or fancy tops; plain black and tan hose with plain or fancy tops; these are regular 35c and 50c qualities. Will be sold Friday at 25c a pair.

$1.50 Corded Waistings $1.00.
This is a fine quality granite cloth in turquoise, tan, green, etc.; corded waistings are very popular and make up into attractive, stylish waists with very little expense, as they do not require other trimmings; regular $1.50 quality. For a surprise Friday at $1.00.

Children's $1.00 Gloves 49c.
Boys' and girl's real kid gloves of good $1.00 quality; tans, browns, blues and greens, made with one clasp. On sale Friday at 49c a pair.

Thackeray's Works $2.98.
A substantial edition well printed on good paper and bound in cloth; 10-volume sets; published at $10.00 a set. Friday at $2.98 a set.

20c Cretonne 10c.
36-inch cretonne in Oriental styles effective for cushions, curtains and draperies. About 1000 yards will be offered Friday at 10c a yard.
Fourth Floor.

25c Xmas Boxes 12½c.
A large assortment of handkerchief, glove and necktie boxes; you can make up matched sets from these or can buy them separately; pretty cover designs and boxes worth 25c. For 12½c Friday.
Fourth Floor.

$1.25 Gloves for 90c
Women's two-clasp kid gloves in black and colors; every pair will be warranted and carefully fitted. Friday only, $1.25 value for 90c.

Boys' $1.75 Shoes $1.15.
Sizes for boys and youths; our regular $1.75 grade of satin calf shoes made with good strong, wear-resisting soles; they are neat and sturdy. A Friday surprise at $1.15 a pair.

8c Canton Flannel 5c.
A full case of unbleached Canton flannel of good quality will be sold as a Friday surprise at 5c; this quality is generally used for infants' wear; 8 to 10c.

2 Boxes Hairpins 5c.
There are 72 pins in each box and they are fully worth a box. For Friday surprise you can get two boxes for 5c.

25c Dress Foulards 9c.
36-inch dress foulards in black, navy, French blue and heliotrope grounds with white stripes; sold at regular 25c fabric; very desirable for wrappers or house gowns. A Friday surprise at 9c.

Girls' $2.00 Shoes $1.65.
Splendid quality of kangaroo kid button shoes; spring heels and extension soles; our regular $2.00 grade; stylish shapes; sizes 12 to 2. Friday at $1.65.

15c Lawn Handkerchiefs 10c.
These handkerchiefs come in a variety of styles; some are embroidery corners, hem edges, hemstitch, etc.; all good values at 15c. A Friday surprise at 10c.

Hose Supporters 10c.
Ladies', misses' and children's black hose supporters with rubber buttons which prevent them from tearing stockings and do not cause unfastened seams; 15c quality. On Friday at 10c.

Men's Overalls 39c.
Men's blue denim overalls; full cut and made from heavy blue denim; copper riveted, sewed with linen thread and finished with five pockets; regular 50c quality. Friday only at 39c.

25c Hose 12½c
Misses' fine French and corduroy ribbed cotton hose with double knees and feet; very elastic and good 25c qualities. Friday we offer them at 12½c.

75c Night Gowns 43c.
Many pretty styles trimmed with lace and embroidery; cut high or low neck; regular 75c quality, slightly soiled and unused from handling. Friday at 43c.
Second Floor.

$1 Silks for 38c
200 short lengths of fancy stripes, lace stripes, brocades, plaids, figured silks, etc.; lengths from 1 to 6 yards; suitable for separate waists, fancy work, etc.; $1.00 and $1.50 qualities. Friday at 38c a yard.

$3.00—$5.00 Dolls for $1.98
An odd lot of fine jointed and kid dolls with bisque heads, moving eyes and hair; qualities we would sell at $3.00 and $5.00 for if the lines were complete. Choice at $1.98.
Third Floor.

$5.00 and $6.00 Dolls for $2.98
Beautiful jointed dolls with bisque heads, moving eyes and hair; also kid body dolls; fine dolls worth $5 and $6, but the assortment is not complete in some lines and we offer them to surprise you Friday at $2.98.
Third Floor.

15c Half Hose 8½c.
Men's natural wool and camel's hair half hose, medium heavy weight; our regular 15c quality. Friday at 8½c.

A Whole Drug Store on Special Sale.

THOUSANDS WILL WONDER AT THESE LITTLE PRICES.

Did you ever hear of an old-fashioned drug store having a special sale of hundreds of their staple and best selling sundries, toilet articles, etc.? Modern merchandising is years in advance of the usual drug store methods. Hamburger store is an immense monument, which has been erected in honor of advanced ideas. Our drug store is a complete one. It contains every wanted drug. It is capable of filling the most intricate and unusual prescription. It is thoroughly up-to-date. We enjoy immense sales and we buy often. Everything in the drug line is fresh and is fully guaranteed to be of the very best quality. By our modern methods we can give more for the same price or the same quantity for less price. The following articles will every one be guaranteed. You can have your money back if you are dissatisfied or suspicious of drugs, and we are not afraid to have them compared with any similar ones in the city, the State, or the entire country.

Household Drugs.

2 oz. bottle benzoin, glycerine and rose water	8c
½-pt. bottle benzoin, glycerine and rose water	17c
1-pt. bottle benzoin, glycerine and rose water	32c
¼-pt. bottle concentrated rose water	17c
1-pt. bottle concentrated rose water	32c
2-oz. bottle pure glycerine	8c
½-pt. bottle pure glycerine	17c
½-pound box chalk and orris root	10c
2-oz. bottle spirits of camphor	12c
¼-pt. bottle spirits of camphor	22c
½-pt. bottle spirits of camphor	42c
1-pt. bottle wood alcohol	18c
1 pt. pure alcohol, 95 per cent	32c
1 qt. pure alcohol, 95 per cent	60c
1-lb. box pure granulated phosphate soda	10c
25c bottle citrate magnesia	12c
1 pt. bay rum	27c
1 qt. bay rum	49c
1-lb. box pure bicarbonate soda	5c
1-lb. box cream of tartar, 99 per cent. pure	32c
1 pt. household ammonia	7c

Sundries.

Pt. bottle Castilian shampoo	14c
Sewing machine oil	2 1-2c
Pound best Persian insect powder	25c
½-pt. bottle cleansing fluid	14c
1 lb. Red Cross absorbent cotton	25c
1 doz. corn plasters in box	10c
25c condition powders	12c
1 box bird seed with cuttle bone	5c
10c Royal plate polish	5c
75c household bulb syringes, 2 hard rubber pipes	37c
50c hard rubber atomizer for toilet and medical purposes	37c
2, 3 or 4-qt. hot water rubber bags	45c
2, 3 and 4-qt. guaranteed fountain syringes, 2 hard rubber pipes	62c
5c roll toilet paper	2 1-2c

Medicines.

2-oz. bottle essence Jamaica ginger	12c
½-pt. bottle essence Jamaica ginger	27c
1-pt. bottle essence Jamaica ginger	45c
1 oz. essence peppermint	8c
½ oz. essence peppermint	5c
Dr. Koch's 'Little Liver pills'	5c
1 doz. 5-gr. Acetanilide tablets for headache	5c
$1 size compound syrup of hyphophosphites	45c
$1 size Dr. Markham's Kidney and Liver Cure	45c
$1 Dr. Koch's Emulsion of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, 50 per cent	35c
½ pt. Dickinson's extract of witch hazel	18c
25c 1 doz. Seidlitz powders in tin box	18c
½-lb. can petrolatum	8c
1-lb. can petrolatum	15c
1-lb. box Epsom salts	7c
1 doz. 5-grain Pyramidon tablets	35c
1-oz. bottle tincture of arnica	17c
½-pt. bottle tincture of arnica	28c
1-pt. bottle tincture of arnica	45c
1 oz. Rochelle salts	10c
1 lb. Rochelle salts	32c
2-oz. bottle paregoric	12c
2-oz. bottle castor oil, Baker's pure crystal	8c
½-pt. bottle castor oil, Baker's pure crystal	15c
10c 1-pt. bottle Antiseptin	5c
$1 size Mervaline or tasteless wine of cod liver oil	45c
1-pt. beef, iron and wine	32c
1 pt. beef, iron, wine and celery	37c
1 oz. Fellow's steam refined Cal. eucalyptus oil	12c
2 oz. Fellow's steam refined Cal. eucalyptus oil	20c
25c size Quaker Cough Remedy	17c
1 doz. 5-gr. quinine capsules	8c
1 doz. 10-gr. quinine capsules	15c
1 doz. 5-gr. quinine capsules	13c
1 oz. compound licorice powder	7c
25c size Dr. Koch's cough syrup	15c
$1 size Dr. Koch's German Sarsaparilla	45c

Toilet Articles.

1 bottle lavender toilet ammonia	12c
1 bottle Ilhe toilet ammonia	18c
25c size Uwanta Hair Grower	20c
75c size Uwanta Hair Grower	39c
25c mammoth size dentine tooth powder	15c
25c size Milk of California Almonds	17c
50c size Cucumber Cream	29c
2 oz. Florida water	12c
10c La Cigale Talcum powder, antiseptic	7c
25c Dentifoam, a liquid tooth powder	15c
25c Velveteen face powder	12½c
25c jar cheery tooth paste	12½c
25c size Violet Jelly for chapped and rough skin	9c
25c eiderdown face powder	15c
2 oz. glass stoppered bottle toilet mixture	15c
1 cake Mennen's Violet Blend soap and 10c cakes assorted toilet soaps	5c
Java rice powder	15c
25c La Cigale complexion powder	15c
1 Lander's smelling salts	15c
4-oz. bottle Dandoline for the hair	15c
3-oz. bottle rose hair oil	15c
25c Hance's Cream, ambrosia	15c
25c size Mrs. Cobb's Pasta Compound	15c
21 size Mrs. Cobb's Royal lotion	15c
15c and 25c tooth brushes	10c
25c and 50c hair brushes	15c
1 hair brushed	5c
2-lb. bar Francisco Bernadine's Castile soap	25c
25c Kay West bath sponges	15c
25c rosettes, a preparation for a natural color to gray hair	15c
½-lb. tin Theopian cold cream	15c
1-lb. tin Theopian cold cream	30c

Perfumery.

25c 1-oz. glass stoppered bottle perfumery	15c
45c 2-oz. glass stoppered bottle perfumery	25c
1 oz. Cavallaro's French odors	45c
$1.50 5-oz. glass stoppered bottle perfumes	75c
$1 opal bottles, Mission designed	45c

The McClellan-Kanst Co.,
Manufacturers and Jobbers.
Pictures, Frames, Mouldings, Mirrors and Art Novelties.
111-113-115 Winston St.
Opp. Main St. P. O.

THE POTOMAC OIL CO. is selling a small block of stock at 50c a share. It will pay you to investigate.
Potomac Oil Co.,
POTOMAC BUILDING, CITY.

FREE WARNER'S SAFE CURE
To all who suffer, or to the friends of those who suffer with Kidney, Liver, Heart, Bladder or Blood diseases, a sample bottle of Warner's Safe Cure (the pioneer Kidney and Liver remedy) will be sent absolutely Free of Cost. Address WARNER'S SAFE CURE CO., Dept. L, Rochester, N. Y.
Los Angeles Cutlery Co.,
229 South Spring Street.
Next to L. A. Theater.

Full Line of Doll Furniture.
All Kinds of Toys
THE FAIR 224-226 South Spring Street.

FOR SHOES.....
Go to a shoe store. For best shoes at right prices, go to Godin's, 441 South Broadway.
L. W. GODIN, MGR.

Removal Sale
—NOW ON—
PHILLIPS, The Tailor.
139 S. Spring St.

TAPE WORMS REMOVED
Or no pay by our herbal remedies.
Dr. Smith & Arnold, 203½ S. Broadway, Rooms 320-321.

A Gas Instantaneous Water Heater
Is a luxury, which when once used becomes a necessity, and is now so cheap that it is within the reach of all.
FREE CONNECTIONS NO DEPOSITS
DOLLAR GAS
FROM JANUARY FIRST
APPLIANCES AT COST
Los Angeles Lighting Co.,
BROADWAY AND FIFTH.

The Bennett Toilet
Fifth and Spring
Hair Goods.
Hair Dressing.
Hair Dressing.
Scalp Treatment.
Shampooing.
Gray Hair. Gray Restored. Gray Hair. Gray Restored.
Wigs. Toupees. Wigs. Toupees.
Curls. Specialties for Ladies. Curls. Specialties for Ladies.
Consultation free.

RATTAN THRONES

J. C. [illegible]

TURKISH
Direct from the Orient. [illegible] of our beautiful exterior [illegible] & BROS., 120-122 West

Have You Eaten too Much?
Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
If your dinner distresses you, half a teaspoon in half a glass of water gives quick relief.

BUSINESS SHEET.
City and Suburban.

Los Angeles Daily Times

IN TWO PARTS.
Part II—6 Pages.

XXTH YEAR. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1901. PRICE 3 CENTS

MEN OF STANFORD WIN AT FOOTBALL.

Brilliant Throng Watches Plucky Team of the Southland Go Down in Defeat—Dine the Victors.

BRAWN and brain of the South against brawn and a united, concentrated brain of the North, and the latter won: score 12 to 0.

Two hours before the football game between the Stanford eleven and the All-Southern California team, yesterday afternoon at Fiesta Park, the people started through the gates, and there was no let-up until the bleachers, grand stand and grounds were packed with a joyous, noisy holiday crowd.

There is something in football that makes men take sides, and girls, too, even more so; hence there was no lack of partisanship, but the black and gold of the home team easily predominated. There were sufficient admirers of the doughty collegians in the seats opposite the center of the field, though, to make the cardinal of the visitors seem the ruling color there.

BEAUTY THERE.

From this point to the grand stand on the east side of the field, the bleachers were a bower of beauty, for from here the ladies gazed on the battle, enamored. Red hats, red waists, red skirts and red—well, skirts daintily lifted told the tale.

The loyal and patriotic fair ones who beamed upon the brave men of the South were no whit less up to the proper thing, and so, feminine apparel, where black and gold were used most fetchingly, was also strongly in evidence.

JUST A JOLLY CROWD.

Of course, nearly every one predicted that Stanford would win, and so the betting, if any, was very light. It was not a betting crowd, but rather a jollying, roaring lot, and the well-fed man in the bleachers, who had a vein of humor, and who is always present, added much to his reputation as a "josher" by poking fun at people and made the girls nearly die laughing. Fortune's elect turned out en masse to see the carnage, in autos, tally-wheelers and victorias, and snorting steeds distended nostrils and looked wild, as though they scented a battle from afar.

ENTER FIGHTERS.

Shortly after 2 o'clock a tallyho and six entered the field by the south gate, and a great roar and blowing of tin horns announced the arrival of the wearers of the cardinal. It did not need the eye of an expert to discover the merit in those well-built athletes, as they sprang from the tallyho. When they got out on the gridiron for a little practice, many wearers of the black and gold saw to it that their colors were not too securely fastened.

Soon the yellow sweaters appeared at the north end of the field and then it was good to hear the noise that was made, for it left no one in doubt as to which side had the greater number of supporters. Some brisk and snappy practice play encouraged the natives so much that the air was full, for a while, of colors waved enthusiastically.

LOOKED EVEN.

When the two teams arranged themselves on the gridiron, Stanford on the north side and the home team on the south, not even an expert could have told, judging from appearances, with which team the advantage lay. Stanford may have been the heavier by a few pounds to the man (averaging 175 pounds,) but apparently there was no advantage while the men were at repose. But when the home team had kicked off from center, beginning the game, the superiority of machine methods and hard training were so evident that the ending of the game was at no time in doubt, for opposed to this united strength and brain of seven men was an aggregation of football players, every inch of them, but not sufficiently trained as to formation nor inured as to hardships.

LINED UP.

The line-up was as follows:

Stanford.		All Southern California.
	center	Oxnam
Barnhisel	right guard	Wheatley
Thompson	left guard	Morgan
McFadden	right tackle	Tappan
Traeger	left tackle	Bentley
Cooper	right end	Salisbury
Clark	left end	Klokke-Canfield
Brunback	quarter	Ryas
Fisher (capt.)	right half	Wilson
Hill	left half	Stephens-Harris
Bazata	full-back	Bazata

FAST AND HARD.

On both sides there was fast playing, hard playing and sure playing, but no sensational runs.

In the first half the ball was almost contantly in Stanford's possession (changing hands only twice,) and in the home team's territory. The local aggregation went forth to triumph rather gingerly, and with mincing step at first, but gradually their timidity wore off and then there was good playing.

For the locals, Bazata carried off the honors behind the line, easily outpointing Traeger, who is not very bad himself. His line bucking was also most effective, and he managed to be in every play and give a good account of himself.

Wheatley at right guard, was perhaps the strongest man in the line and out-played his opponent. Experts say that Wheatley could make any team in the country and yesterday's game no doubt proved this, as his work left little to be desired.

Salisbury, the right end of the locals, won plaudits and honor by his speedy and brainy plays, and did more, perhaps, than any other one man to check the onward rush of the collegians.

The playing of Ryas at quarter-back caused much favorable comment, for he was safe and sure with the ball, and did some very fine tackling.

Stanford's stars were undoubtedly Slaker, Hill, Fisher, Traeger and McFadden, for on them fell most of the aggressive plays, which were executed so well that the home aggregation was well battered and bruised after the dust of battle had cleared.

LINE-BUCKING GAME.

The tactics adopted by both sides was a line-bucking game, with small gains as a rule, but in Stanford's case, more progress toward the opponent's goal. End runs, when tried, were usually unsuccessful. The All-Southern Californias were forced to punt on several occasions, but by hard work the collegians always brought the ball back.

The two touchdowns made by Stanford were scored in the first half, but it was only done by the hardest kind of playing. Still, it is hardly likely, as many expressed themselves, that the locals could have held the collegians down even had they played with more vim at the start, for in the second half, when neither side scored, it was evident that Stanford had eased up considerably, and did not care to make the score any larger.

Only once was Stanford's goal in danger, and that was when Slaker fumbled a long punt from Bazata, and Bentley got the ball. If he had been a trifle quicker, the score would have read differently, but he stumbled and made only a few yards' gain when a bunch of Stanford brawn lit on his back, and then it was "all off."

The most sensational run of the game was made by Bazata in the second half, being a 20-yard dash through left tackle with practically no interference. Traeger and Hill, for the collegians, should also be credited with several fine runs which netted considerable ground.

Not one of the Stanford team met with any but slight injury, and no substitutes had to be put in. The home team was less fortunate; Klokke was rendered hors de combat in the first half, with a dislocated shoulder.

Noticeable on the side lines were eleven stalwart Indians from the Perris School, who will play Stanford on Saturday.

GAME IN DETAIL.

First half—The All-Southern California team kicked off to Stanford's 20-yard line. Hill carried the ball back 5 yards. Treager punted 25 yards to Bazata, who returned the kick, but the ball went outside. Slaker punted 40 yards to Bazata, who ran the ball in 10 yards. Salisbury was sent around the right end for 10 yards, Wheatley was given the ball, and bucked right tackle for 2 yards, but the All-Southern California boys could make no further gains, so Bazata punted 25 yards to Fisher, who was tackled in his tracks. Slaker bucked the line outside of left tackle for 5 yards, Fisher ran right end for 10 yards, and Traeger ran the same end for 25 yards more.

Fisher went through outside of left tackle for 2 yards, Hill punctured the center for 2 yards, and bucked outside of left tackle for 2 yards more, and then Slaker was sent through the line for the first touchdown. Traeger kicked the goal. Score: Stanford, 6; All-Southern California, 0.

All-Southern California kicked off to Stanford's 20-yard line; Slaker carried ball back 10 yards; Hill went through right tackle for 8 yards, Cooper gained 5 yards through the left guard, Slaker broke through the right tackle for 10 yards. Cooper went through left guard for 5 yards, Traeger hit the center for 5 yards more. Hill ran left end for 5 yards, Traeger went through right guard for 5 yards, Cooper bucked outside right tackle for 10 yards, Slaker bucked outside left tackle for 5 yards, Hill made 10 yards past left tackle, Clark went around right end for 3 yards, Slaker went through the line at right of center for the second touchdown. Score: Stanford, 12; All-Southern California, 0.

Oxnam kicked off to Stanford's 10-yard line, Slaker carried the ball back 25 yards. Traeger punted 45 yards to Bazata, who carried it back 10 yards. Wilson went through right guard for 20 yards, but Ryas lost the ball on a fumble.

Hill ran right end for 5 yards, Clark went through the center for 2 yards, Slaker hit the right tackle for 3 yards, Traeger made 3 yards through outside left tackle. Slaker made 5 yards in the same quarter.

Ball went to local eleven for off-side play, and first half ended with it in their possession on their 25-yard line.

Second half—Stanford kicked off to All-Southern California's 10-yard line, Bazata carried ball back 25 yards, Salisbury ran right end for 2 yards, Bazata punted 25 yards to Slaker, who ran ball back 10 yards. Ball forfeited to All-Southern California for off-side play. Wheatley hit line for 2 yards, Bazata got around the left tackle for 4 yards. Wilson went through the left tackle for 5 yards. The Stanford line held, and Bazata fell back and kicked 30 yards to Fisher, who was tackled where he stood.

Traeger punted 45 yards, and Bazata carried ball back 10 yards; Bazata punted, and Fisher returned kick, but ball went outside. Salisbury bucked outside right tackle for 5 yards, Bazata punted 25 yards to Hill, who returned kick 30 yards to Bazata. Wilson went through the center for 4 yards, Bazata bucked the line for 2 yards, Salisbury ran the right end for 8 yards. Bazata punted 30 yards, Slaker carried it back 15 yards. Hill punted to All-Southern California's 15-yard line. Wilson carried the ball back 15 yards. Tappan bucked outside right tackle for 5 yards. Bazata punted 20 yards. Stanford fumbled the ball, and Bentley carried it 5 yards farther. Wilson bucked right guard for 5 yards. The full backs exchanged punts with no advantage to either team, and the game ended with ball in possession of All-Southern-California team in the center of the field.

Final score:

Stanford, 12; All-Southern California, 0.

BANQUET TOMORROW.

The victorious Stanford team will be tendered a banquet tomorrow night at the Del Monte restaurant by the ex-students of the university. Any ex-student who has been missed by the Invitation Committee, is requested to be present.

Bakersfield Game.

In a football game yesterday at Bakersfield between the High School elevens of that town and Porterville, Tulare county, the latter won by a score of 5 to 0.

Bowling.

The tournament game scheduled for last night at the Chutes alleys between the Chutes team and the Ladies was postponed until Saturday night, by mutual consent.

The Washingtons and the Brunswicks will bowl tenpins tonight at the Washington alleys.

Target Shooting.

At the regular Wednesday night shoot of the Exposition Indoor Rifle and Pistol Club, the following scores were made:

Championship class, rifle: H. O. Barrett, 120 out of a possible 120; George Stephenson, 118; C. Elbing, 112; Charles Woodruff, 108.

Expert class, rifle: E. Remey, 110, first; G. Twitchell, 110, second; Mrs. H. O. Barrett, 100; D. Twitchell, 96; B. Salyer, 95; F. Bahrer, 83.

Cracks class, pistol: H. O. Barrett, 101; Mrs. H. O. Barrett, 100; C. Elbing, 98; George Stephenson, 90; E. Remey, 88.

Marksmen class, pistol: F. Bahrer, 62; D. Twitchell, 61; G. Twitchell, 45; Charles Woodruff, 42; B. Stayer, 40.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE the coming Sunday will be without a rival in interest for readers of Southern California and the Southwest.

SOCIETY AT RACE TRACK.

An Afternoon With the Flying Steeds.

Driving Club's Matinee Well Patronized.

Racing Card Seldom Equaled in Los Angeles—Potter Colors Lowered.

The whirl of sulky wheels and the thud, thud of flying hoofs again awoke the echoes at Agricultural Park yesterday, and again grand stand and bleachers reflected the tints of the rainbow, for society lent its aid to the success of the Los Angeles Driving Club's matinée.

In spite of numerous counter attractions found in yesterday's programme of sports, the matinée yesterday drew one of the largest crowds that have yet turned out to cheer the local roadsters to their utmost efforts. It was such a crowd that would have gladdened the hearts of those who figure sport at so much per head, and it was a racing card so far superior to any hung up at the last district-fair meet as to be simply incomparable.

There were five events arranged, and all but one were decided in heats. Twelve heats in all were contested, but in spite of the length of the programme, it was but a few minutes after 5 o'clock when the last sidewheeler steamed under the wire. Miles were paced in 2:16, 2:17½, and but two over a 2:30 gait.

The Potter stables ducked their colors yesterday, but it was not without a protest. Although the recently-elected benedict entered a starter in each event, he failed to land a single winner, a record that does not compare favorably with his successes in days gone by.

But it was in the last event that the blue and white came closest to victory, and so nearly successful was the stand made that an eyelash would have given Mr. Potter's Sweetheart the coveted decision.

The officers of the day, to whom much credit for the success of the meet is due, were: Judges, D. J. Desmond, H. N. Henderson, Lee Mabury; starter, A. W. Bruner; timers, Dr. W. W. Hitchcock, Dr. George L. Cole, Dr. H. Bert Ellis.

PACERS AND TROTTERS.

Seven starters were given the word in the first race, which was a mile dash for pacers and trotters. It was the largest field sent off, but there were only two of the entries that had a chance to win. The entries were Gen. H. G. Otis's Jingle (White Stockings,) driven by Dr. Ralph Hagan; A. C. Freeman's Lady Grace, driven by Dr. Edmonds; R. E. Muncey's George, M. M. Potter's Frank McKinney, A. W. Bruner's Billie Green, W. H. Stimson's Julia M., and J. L. Elgholz's Maxineer.

They got a fairly good start, but before the quarter had been reached it had simmered down to a close contest between Gen. Otis's steady pacer, Jingle, and Mr. Bruner's trotter, Billie Green. At the quarter they were on almost even terms, with a procession following. Down the back stretch Billie Green held a lead of half a length over the straight-going black, who was traveling strong and easily. The half was passed on almost even terms, but as they swung into the stretch Jingle began to pull away. Slowly the big fellow gained on his rival, but nevertheless surely. In the stretch he seemed to eat up the distance to the wire, under which he passed winner by a good length. Billie Green had to be contented with second place, and George third. The mile was clipped off in 2:28.

The second heat was almost a repetition of the first, as again Jingle showed his heels to the field. Billie Green again took the lead, and again the black pacer disputed his right so closely that they were on almost even terms the entire distance. The quarter was clipped off in 0:37½, the half in 1:14, while the three-quarters pole was passed in 1:59. In the stretch Billie Green was sent out with a fine burst of speed, but it was all too slow for the black, who wheeled under the wire a winner in 2:29½.

SUMMARY.

Pacers and trotters, mile heats, best two in three:

Jingle (Gen. H. G. Otis)	1	1
Billie Green (A. W. Bruner)	2	2
George (R. E. Muncey)	3	4
Maxineer (J. L. Elgholz)	4	3
Lady Grace (A. C. Freeman)	5	5
Julia M. (W. H. Stimson)	6	6
Frank McKinney (M. M. Potter)	7	7

Time, 2:28, 2:29½.

FREE-FOR-ALL TROT.

The free-for-all trot was a three-cornered fight between Maude McKinney, Medico and Maradine. This proved an easy victory for Mr. Reynolds's Medico, who took the race in two straight heats.

Both heats the gray gelding won in a jog, and in both Maradine demonstrated her right to second place.

SUMMARY.

Free-for-all trot, mile heats, two in three:

Medico (J. H. Reynolds)	1	1
Maradine (C. C. Seaman)	2	2
Maud McKinney (M. M. Potter)	3	3

Time, 2:26, 2:30½.

POLE TEAM DASH.

The third race was a mile dash for pole teams, with three contestants—Sister and Bessie, entered by M. M. Potter, Red Line and Hanford Medium, by P. B. Roy and A. W. Herwig, and Bastina and Gen. Wiles by G. B. Tibbott and K. V. Redpath.

This was a pretty three-cornered contest, which settled down to a drive between Red Line-Hanford Medium and Bastina-Gen. Wiles. It was the latter team, driven by G. B. Tibbott, that captured the prize, and the trick was well done. The former team driven by P. B. Roy, gave a good account of itself, and might have given the leaders a closer rub had it not broke in the stretch.

SUMMARY.

Pole team dash:

Bastina (K. V. Redpath,) Gen. Wiles (G. B. Tibbott)	1
Red Line (A. W. Herwig,) Hanford Medium (P. B. Roy)	2
Sister and Bessie (M. M. Potter)	3

Time, 2:34½

POTTER'S SPEEDY PRIMROSE.

The fastest heat of the day was paced in the free-for-all pace, and it was done by M. M. Potter's Primrose, who stepped the first mile in 2:18. There were four entries in this event, Montecito Boy, Scappoose, Coeur de Lion and Primrose.

The start gave Coeur de Lion a little the worst of it. Primrose was sent out early and captured the pole from Montecito boy, but the latter went right after Primrose. All the way down the back stretch it was a neck-and-neck affair. Into the stretch they swung, and it was there that Primrose showed her speed, pulling away from the big bay and taking the heat in 2:16. Montecito Boy second, Scappoose third.

Primrose was picked as the winner of the second heat, but she did not deliver the goods. It was Montecito Boy that passed first under the wire. In this heat Primrose got off well, but broke just as the quarter was reached. Before she could recover Montecito Boy had taken a good lead, but in spite of it Primrose went to work and at the three-quarter pole was on even terms with the leader and Scappoose. Even as they turned into the stretch Primrose might have won had she not got off her feet. She recovered quickly, but it had given Montecito Boy the chance, which he took advantage of, winning the heat by a half length.

The third and last heat was easy for Montecito Boy, who took it and the race. Just after the word was given Primrose broke, and from that stage was out of it entirely.

Coeur de Lion gave the favorite the brush in this event, and it was a pretty rub until the former went up in the air in the stretch. Scappoose captured second place and Coeur de Lion third.

It was some time before Mr. Potter's Primrose came under the wire, but when she did the driver was greeted with a storm of applause.

Free-for-all pace, mile heats, two in three.

Montecito Boy (L. J. Felton)	2	1	1
Scappoose (M. B. Mosher)	3	3	2
Coeur de Lion (Dr. W. L. Wills)	4	4	3
Primrose (M. M. Potter)	1	2	dis

Time 2:16, 2:17½, 2:20 3-5.

RACERS' DEAD HEAT.

A dead heat was the sensational feature of the 2:30 class pace the last, and one of the best, events on the card. This brought out a field of six starters, and before first honors could be placed four heats were necessary.

A bad start sent them off in the first heat, and at the quarter it was a procession, Polo, Sweetheart, Tom Moore, The Rover and Bessie B. being the order, with Russwood at the post. The tire of the latter's sulky met with a mishap, and she was drawn from the heat.

In the back stretch Sweetheart began to move up on the game little bay, and as they passed the three-quarters' pole it was a neck-and-neck affair. Once in the stretch, however, Sweetheart showed a clean set of heels, out-footing Polo for first place. The Rover steamed into third, with Tom Moore fourth and Bessie B. fifth.

Russwood was allowed to start in the second heat, and was very much of a factor, as she took the heat, but not until a well-disputed brush with Sweetheart. The latter was second, Rover third.

Polo didn't have a chance to show her speed in the third heat, which resulted in a dead race between Sweetheart and Bessie B., as Polo was left at the post. There was plenty of excitement in this event from the start. Bessie B. was out to win and took the lead, closely followed by Sweetheart. The half was clipped off in 1:09, and in the stretch it was neck and neck to the wire, under which they passed on even terms. Russwood was the next arrival. This mile was paced in 2:18 3-5.

There wasn't much of an argument in the fourth and last heat. But three starters got off, Bessie B., Russwood and Sweetheart. They were sent off on even terms, but in the back stretch Sweetheart broke and from that point was out of the race. This left the fight to Bessie B. and Russwood, the former taking the race easily.

SUMMARY.

The 2:30 class, pace, two in three heats:

Bessie B. (W. P. Book)	5	5	1
Sweetheart (M. M. Potter)	1	2	3
Russwood (J. W. Spooner)	6	1	2
The Rover (Godfrey Frits)	3	2	4
Tom Moore (Dr. M. L. Moore)	4	6	f
Polo (N. W. Myrick)	2	4	dis

*Dead heat.

Time, 2:21½, 2:23, 2:18 3-5, 2:22 3-5.

SOCIETY AT THE RACES.

Society was largely represented at the matinée, and the boxes were all filled. Among the prominent society, professional and business people were the following-named: Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel W. Myrick, Mr. and Mrs. Byron Erkenbrecher, Mr. and Mrs. Willard H. Stimson, Dr. and Mrs. W. L. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Vail; Dr. and Mrs. Ralph Hagan, Dr. and Mrs. H. Bert Ellis, Dr. and Mrs. W. W. Hitchcock, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Fay, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Potter, Gen. Harrison Gray Otis, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Fleming, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Jevne, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Stimson, Mrs. Mathilde Erkenbrecher, Miss Burke, Miss Susie Burkhart, Herman Burkhart, Miss Annie Coffey; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Kinney, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Volmer, Mrs. E. P. Buss, Miss Florence Dalrymple, Miss Pearl Dalrymple, Miss Nina Jones, J. H. Shankland, Miss Elizabeth Shankland, Fowler Shankland, John G. Mott, Mrs. Fred A. Hines, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Busch, Mr. and Mrs. George Hammer, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. McKee, Mrs. Charles F. Sloane, Miss Gladys Edmans, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Book, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Bryan, Miss Patterson, Miss Hendricks, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus L. Horton, Dr. and Mrs. Walter Jarvis Barlow, Maj. and Mrs. John T. Jones, Maj. and Mrs. John H. Norton, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Sumner, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Bundrem, R. A. Rendall, Mrs. George D. Roberts, George D. Roberts, Jr., Miss Clara Geaussen, Miss Gussie Seaman, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Bundrem, Mrs. Loran D. Sale, Mrs. A. H. Braly, Mrs. Charles Praeger, Gen. and Mrs. Charles D. Viele, Mrs. Long, Miss Miriam North, Miss Edna Wyman, Mrs. L. E. Chandler, Mr. and Mrs. Claude Holman, Willard M. Worster, S. Grant Smith, Dr. Merritt Hitt, Gus Holman, D. J. Desmond, H. N. Henderson, Dr. George L. Cole, Lee Mabury, Frank Schumacher, A. W. Bruner, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Off, Miss Georgia Off, Dr. W. Le Moyne Wills, Miss Wills, Miss Lou Winder, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Harrison and children, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Withey, Mrs. Logil, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Moorehead, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Spring, Mrs. W. G. Durfee, Miss Leonora Moorehead, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Hutchinson, Mrs. W. N. Bucklin and sons, Bruce Urmston, Miss Praeger, Miss Whelan, C. L. King, D. C. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Kendall, Miss Weatherholt, Miss May Weatherholt, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Durbsow, Mr. and Mrs. Ferd K. Rule, John Llewellyn, Reese Llewellyn, Oscar Morgan, Mrs. Ellert, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Burnham, W. R. Burnham, Miss Washburn, Beatrix Burnham, H. N. Henderson, Miss Zimmerman, Mrs. L. R. Hoagland, Carleton Hoagland, Fred Hoagland, James Smith, L. A. Grant, John R. Grant, Mrs. John R. Grant, R. Bender, Mr. and Mrs. A. Smith, George Snell, Miss Kate Snedaker, Mr. and Mrs. Sam T. Clover, Mrs. E. A. Woodcock, Dr. John C. Ferbert, Arthur Hebbard, Miss Josephine McKay, Miss Claire Wyneken, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Vail, Miss Mary C. Vail, C. C. Desmond, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Albee, Mr. and Mrs. Redpath, Dr. J. A. Edmonds, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Carlos Jones, Mrs. Oliver, Mrs. Wilson, Miss Clara Voyless, Mrs. De Forest, Miss Minor, Miss Mary Vail, W. R. Vail.

BAZATA MAKES A SENSATIONAL TWENTY-YARD DASH.

COURSING.

CROWD THERE, TOO.

Notwithstanding the many counter attractions a good-sized crowd went to the coursing park yesterday. The sport was good, the card consisting of a twenty-eight dog open stake and a consolation. Mollie Haskins won the final in the stake, and Red Hind took first money in the consolation.

The run-down in the stake resulted as follows:

Cicely Boy beat Red Hind; Mollie Haskins beat Milano, Fox beat Frosty Morn, Evershore beat Lady D., Miss Ormonde beat Victor King, Angie Mac beat Julius Caesar; Young George Dixon beat Perseus, St. Louis beat Pazassas, Saw Buck beat Rocklin Kid, Jolly Nash beat Queen Rosalind, Dingwall Die beat Thornhill Comet, Dick L. beat Blue Girl, Portia beat Jim Choate, John Wildwood beat Dan.

First ties: Mollie Haskins beat Cicely Boy, Evershore beat Fox, Miss Ormonde beat Angie Mac, St. Louis beat Young Dixon, Saw Buck beat Jolly Nash, Dingwall Die beat Dick L, John Wildwood beat Portia.

Second ties: Mollie Haskins beat Miss Ormonde; St. Louis beat Evershore, Saw Buck beat Dingwall Die, John Wildwood a bye.

Third ties: Mollie Haskins, a bye, Saw Buck beat John Wildwood.

Final: Mollie Haskins beat Saw Buck.

In the consolation the first round was as follows: Red Hind beat Milano, Lady D. beat Frosty Morn; Julius Caesar beat Victor King, Perseus beat Pazassas, Queen Rosalind beat Rocklin Kid; Thornhill Comet, a bye; Dan beat Jim Choate.

First ties—Red Hind beat Lady D., Julius Caesar beat Perseus, Queen beat Thirnhill Comet, Dan, a bye.

Second ties: Red Hind, a bye; Dan Beat Queen Rosalind.

Final: Red Hind beat Dan.

A drawing will be held tonight for the coursing next Sunday.

HUNGRY THOUSAND GOBBLE TURKEY.

Best of Free Dinners Served to the Poor of the City Yesterday by Volunteers and Missions.

FREE dinners are savagely pathetic. They harrow the hearts of the hosts and giggle at the gizzards of the guests—guests who seldom eat.

No exception was the elaborate free dinner spread yesterday by the Volunteers of America in their army hall at No. 123 East First street. You could hardly keep back the tears to watch the hungry poor eat. They seemed to think it a long time till Christmas. My, how they stuffed the good things away! Men, women and toddling children—500 of them—left the tables with all sorts of stomachs feeling jolly comfortable. That's why they could forget their woes for a moment and make the old Volunteer hall the happiest Thanksgiving place in Los Angeles.

Capt. Anderson, a blue-eyed Swede, is in charge of the Volunteers in this city. He was the prime spirit in yesterday's festivities. His heart is afire for down-trodden humanity. So is that of his little wife. The captain is a whirlwind of enthusiasm.

Yesterday he had the women and children fed in one room, and the men and big boys in another.

FEAST BEGINS.

It was a little past noon when the doors were thrown open, and in rushed the tide of devouring hunger. The boys were asked to wait until the blessing had been said, before they began their work of destruction, but that was an awful request when you remember that all the goodies were right there on the long table in front of them. Some of them just couldn't wait.

One little fellow stuck his thumb in the cranberry sauce, and that tided him over.

A curly-headed pickaninny spotted a sliver of turkey breast on one side of his plate, and thunder from Sinai couldn't have persuaded him to wait for the blessing.

One tough-looking man thought to improve his time by slipping a ham sandwich into his pocket while he waited.

Finally, the bountiful Father was thanked for His goodness, and then you ought to have seen them start off. Nobody was in the lead for a long time. Men used to hand-outs began with bread and butter and coffee, leaving the turkey and the olives till the last, but the children began on one side of the plate and swept everything before them, leaving bread and butter for the crevices.

At one of the tables sat a bent old woman with "rheumatics," who says her children are wealthy in the East, but refuse to help her. She tries to make 25 cents a week for expenses selling soap.

Up at the other end, squeezed in among a lot of boys, sat a little girl alone, with a wizen face and terribly hungry eyes. She just had to smile a little faint smile, because she was so happy. In her dirty hair was a soiled blue ribbon, in honor of the occasion.

Up and down the long tables walked Capt Anderson, asking the busy little tots how they fared.

"Love Jesus, little children," he would shout every once in a while, "and grow up to be good children."

Then he would separate two little fellows who were fast arriving at blows in a dispute over a well-gnawed turkey leg.

In where the men ate sat two well-dressed young men, who looked as if they might have had a bank account.

"Look up, men, look up," shouted the captain as he passed along the table, clapping his hands. "You're down on your luck now, maybe, but it's doubtless your own fault. Start again. Keep a-lookin' up."

All this time there were a dozen Volunteers up on the platform singing gospel songs and praising God.

THANKSGIVING BOXES.

But the free dinner is the least part of the work that Capt. Anderson has done at this Thanksgiving time. In fact, he said yesterday that he doubts whether he will ever give any more free dinners.

"I thoroughly believe," he said to a Times reporter, "that I can do more good by sending out boxes of groceries to poor deserving families in the city with the same money and far less work. Yes, sir, with one box we can reach a whole family, while a free dinner is no good to a man dying with consumption, or to his faithful wife."

About a hundred boxes were placed by the Volunteers yesterday and the day before. These boxes contain a dressed chicken, sugar, coffee, butter, fruit, jelly, mustard, rolled oats, twenty-five pounds of flour, some potatoes, beef, milk, tea, apples and bread. Your groceryman would charge you about $3.50 for the articles put up in each box.

"People thank us with tears in their eyes when they get a box of these good things," remarked the captain. "We took one this morning to a widowed woman with eight children and an aged mother to support. You ought to have seen the eyes of those little tots. Then there was a sick Mexican and his wife who didn't have a thing in the house to eat. I tell you, the people who give us money and supplies ought to go along with us and see how grateful are the suffering ones whom we relieve by this means."

"How many families are there in this city needing such help as this?" the captain was asked.

"About two hundred and fifty, I think, but I have only been here since August. You know, we don't just take a box to a family and never go near them again. No, sir; in a few days we go again, and the box has unlocked many a door that has always been shut to ordinary religious workers. Then on a third visit we furnish children with clothing if they need it. Thus do we get a powerful hold on people, who may be enabled to get on their feet before another Thanksgiving Day."

CONTRIBUTORS THANKED.

"Then you'll not give a free dinner at Christmas?" said the reporter.

"No," was the reply, "but the Salvation Army will. They are not giving one today. But we shall distribute about fifty boxes, if we can purchase the supplies with the aid of our prominent business men and smaller contributors. And, by the way, I wish that The Times would extend the hearty thanks of the Volunteers of America to the many men and women who at this time have so nobly and generously assisted in the great work of lifting the load of sorrow from the aching hearts of the unfortunate poor in our city. God bless both those that give and those that receive."

For yesterday's charity Christopher, the candy man, sent candy for the children; Parmelee, Dohrman & Co., gave the dishes; Craig & Co., fruit; Barclay, Preston & Gray, canned fruit; Patterson & Co., potatoes; the Puritas Coffee and Tea Company, coffee; George H. Stoll & Co., coffee and tea; Newmark Bros., coffee, and many other other smaller contributors.

Buttonhole bouquets, with a text attached, added color to the plain tables yesterday, and gladdened many a sad heart. This was the work of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Oliver Johnson, the converted blacksmith of San José, is the guest of the Volunteers, and will hold revival services with them here until after Christmas.

ALL NATIONALITIES.

BETHLEHEM MISSION HOST.

Church services and dinner, one following hot and fast on the other, was the Thanksgiving programme yesterday at the Bethlehem Mission on Vignes street. The church building—its big rooms, little rooms, every corner of it—was the dining hall for soul and body, and entertained between 200 and 300 people; people of many nationalities, and no nationality at all. Mexican, German, French, Italian, Basque, negro and mixtures of them all, in incongrous array, listened to the gospel of the American Thanksgiving, and then all together fell unhesitatingly upon the American meal of turkey; hungering men forget the palate of their fatherland, and are content to eat at any country's table.

The religious service undoubtedly seemed long and tantalizing to the poor folk, who consider their stomachs of a good deal more consequence along toward noon than their souls; but those who were in church knew that they were nearer the turkey than those outside, so there were no empty seats.

All the large rooms that look into the auditorium were thrown open and set with long tables, as was also the dispensary, reading-room and every other nook that was "seatable." A dozen turkeys, seven hams, six sacks of potatoes, nuts and apples by the bag and box full and countless pies—piles and piles of 'em—were some of the items for which the crowd gave thanks after about an hour and a half of hard work with knife and fork. Though undoubtedly the forks could have been dispensed with—there were feats of knife swallowing performed that would put a juggler to shame. Grub slides so easily off a knife into a hungry man's throat—forks are not really a success when you are starving.

Scores of children literally made things howl. A crowd of hungry, untaught children with the sniff of new food in their nostrils is the wildest crowd in the world. They are liable to stampede at any moment in any direction, and they trample on anything that gets in the way, including themselves. Just between church and dinner yesterday scores of them were crowded into the entrance to the mission having their pictures taken en masse. Suddenly, about as the camera clicked, things began to happen. Nobody knows just what was the cause—either an extra big whiff of turkey came suddenly down the wind, or in a witless moment some one called dinner—but with a surge the mass of boys and girls turned and broke for the tables within. Over benches, platforms, stools straight to their goal they went, and in a moment the tables were being swept of their primary "fixin's." The small and the clumsy went down in the charge, and many heads were bumped, but none of the stragglers were long in covering the distance they had lost. The amount of food the children consumed was enormous. Despite careful management and bountiful helpings, some of "de kids" worked the repeater system—they ate a square meal at the first table, slipped to the next one, when a seat was vacated, and took another round, and sometimes made a third table before they called it enough. Two little girls ate all the pie they could, and when they each got stalled in the middle of a big, juicy piece, they beckoned a waiter and pathetically asked if they could take the rest home.

The meal served to all alike was a full turkey dinner, with all the customary relishes, including cranberry sauce in unlimited supply.

The Bethlehem Mission is in one of the poorest sections of the city. The work is almost exclusively among needy families; there were few of the hobo clan fed yesterday; poverty-stricken, out-at-the-elbow families gathered around the board and ate in sincere, distressing hunger.

Rumors have been circulated, and some published in an evening paper, criticising Rev. Dana Bartlett, the promoter and manager of the Bethlehem work, for this year refusing the Thanksgiving contributions usually donated by the city schools. Some have understood him to say that there are no longer any needy in the city, because of the prosperous times. He has even been accused of gathering articles on the outside and selling them for personal gain. He deplores this, and states that the work which he is doing in the neighborhood of the church has grown so large that he could not take upon himself the burden of distributing over a large area the school contributions this year, which distribution takes several days to accomplish.

SONORATOWN SPREAD.

ANOTHER BIG "FEED."

One of the prettiest of yesterday's free turkey dinners was spread down in Sonoratown by the institution known as the San Fernando-street Mission. A large, airy hall in the rear of the mission quarters, corner of Ord and San Fernando streets, was set with a half dozen improvised tables of immense length. Attractive dishes of fruits and small dainties made the humble banquet boards, spread for the poorest of a city's poor, look attractive and appetizing. Instead of leaving the big room bare and unhomelike, it was tastefully trimmed throughout with palm branches, flowers and conventional decorations. It presented a pretty sight, holding the white tables and lace-capped waitresses, just before the inpouring of the dark, greedy throng.

As early as 4 o'clock a motley gathering waited, hungering, about the door. The ends of the earth mingled there before the house of charity to partake of promised food that was designated by the wondrous word "free." As the hour of dinner neared strange folk emerged from the adobe house and made their way toward the feasting place; types, both old and young, that are seen thus gathered together in profusion in the oldest of the city's streets only on the beckoning of some great occasion.

Yesterday's turkey dinner was one of these great occasions; everybody agreed it was, before, after and during its savory course. Mexicans and Italians predominated at the board, while many men of the roughest type and members of the transient, can-carrying tribe of the earth, took advantage of Thanksgiving charity.

It is hard to tell just how many were fed in the hall, but it was one of the day's big "feeds." Thirty turkeys, more than a dozen hams, several sacks of potatoes and twenty dozen or more pies were devoured by almost the first relay.

The superintendent of the mission stated that this year so few supplies had been donated for the dinner by the public that many of the necessities had to be bought outright, which bore down heavily on those directly connected with the work. A first-class dinner was served, however, as originally planned, and the hungering multitude ywere not allowed to go unsatisfied.

Before the applicants for dinner were allowed entrance to the dining hall they were all gathered in a front room where hymns were sung and prayers offered. Many of roughest-looking members of the crowd joined in the singing of the old songs.

CHING WING FEASTS PIG-TAILED FRIENDS.

ONE CHINATOWN RESIDENT GIVES UNUSUAL DINNER.

Celestial Who Helped Stow Away the Turkey and Rice Says He is Thankful for "Clismas"—Poor Man's Empty Can.

Thanksgiving is not known to the Chinese in their native land, and it is observed by only a few of the Chinese in this country. But it was celebrated yesterday in Los Angeles Chinatown; not generally, it is true, but by a few of the residents there who have adopted American customs.

Others would have observed the day had they thought of it, but Thanksgiving has no significance to le Chinaman. One of the Celestials, when asked for what he was thankful, said "Clismas." His ideas of turkey and holidays were slightly mixed, as was shown by what he said later, when he explained that only on "Clismas" does he eat turkey.

There was one grand Thanksgiving dinner in Chinatown yesterday. There was turkey, cranberry sauce, celery and all the other appurtenances to an American Thanksgiving dinner, and there was also rice. This dinner was given by Ching Wing to ten of his friends. Eleven men seated at a small card table, which would hardly accommodate four Americans at a meal, enjoyed their turkey and their chopsticks. There was scant ceremony at this dinner. Each guest, as he finished his bowl of rice, left his place at the table and walked to the stove to replenish. The stove was on the rear end of a counter, and the dining table was in the rear end of Ching Wing's drug store.

When Ching Wing finished his meal—and he was the first one through—he left the table without a word and walked to the street, never returning until all the others had finished eating.

Of course there was tea with the dinner. It was in dainty little china cups, and the diners drank in unison, first putting their cups together and each one uttering a few words, which interpreted might mean, "Here's how." Probably they mean something else.

Like their host, each of the diners left the table as soon as he was satiated, and putting spoon, cup and chopsticks in his rice bowl, carried it to the kitchen. The last man carried away the center dishes, which contained all food save the rice. Be it known that there are no individual dishes at a Chinese dinner, save the rice bowl. The center dishes contained the meats and relishes. They were full to the brim, in the center of the table, and each of the men partook from them with chopsticks.

There were other dinners in Chinatown, but that of Ching Wing was the only real Thanksgiving meal with turkey as the chief edible (excepting rice.)

While some of the Chinese were dining, surrounded with opulence, there were others who had neither meat nor bread.

The Chinese, like the disciples of the Lord, have the poor with them always. The poor of Chinatown are poor indeed, and to the observer it would seem that they have little to be thankful for. One pauper inmate of the Chinese hospital, which is in truth a poorhouse, wandered through the narrow streets of Chinatown carrying a fire-burned and blackened tin can for the reception of crumbs from the tables of the rich. He got no crumbs, and as day turned to night he wandered back toward the poorhouse with an empty can.

A few of the Celestials burned punk sticks and paper in front of their doors, to appease their God, but this had no Thanksgiving significance.

"LYNCH THE MOTORMAN."

Feeble Effort Made to Harm a Man Whose Car Had Injured Two Intoxicated Men.

Because he had been unfortunate enough to run his car into a wagon at Third and San Pedro streets yesterday afternoon and injure two men who were almost too drunk to care for themselves, the crowd which collected at the scene made a feeble effort to harm one of the motormen of the Los Angeles Traction Company.

J. Wiles of No. 116 Carr street had taken too much liquor with his Thanksgiving dinner to be able to drive a horse safely, and Albert Stuer of No. 220 East Second street was in such condition that he did not know that Wiles was unfit to drive. The two got on a fruit wagon and started across the Traction company's lines at San Pedro street, just when they should not have done so, for two cars were approaching in opposite directions. One struck the wagon and threw both men into the street and splintered the vehicle. Fruit was scattered in every direction, and the crowd helped itself. Both men were unconscious, and it was thought Wiles had been killed. A woman called for water, and took her handkerchief and bathed Wiles's head.

Some one started the report that the accident was due to the carelessness of the motorman, and another man started the cry "lynch the motorman." Several men and boys ran into a neighboring yard, and securing a clothes line, returned with it. Meantime another car had reached the scene, and its conductor saw only the approaching crowd carrying the rope and heard the cries. He did not know that the motorman was in little, if any danger, so he left his car, faced the crowd, and placing his hand on his gun pocket, shouted: "When any of you —— fools touches a hair of that man's head, six of you will drop."

It was all a bluff, for the conductor was not armed, but it had the effect of making those carrying the rope drop it and disperse, while others hooted at them and at the conductor. All the time the motorman was sitting on his car coolly mincing an orange which had been knocked from the demolished wagon. He was not excited, but he had his heavy iron car-hook handy. When the obstruction on the track had been removed, the car passed on.

The injured men were taken to the Receiving Hospital. Their hurts are not serious, although Wiles suffered great pain.

POSITIVE PROOF.

Conviction Bound to Be Carried on This Evidence.

The number of men who have testified to the great proficiency of "Mormon Bishop's Pills" proves that they are among the greatest manhood builders. They cleanse the system from the effects of sickness, overwork and early indiscretions. To try them is to prove them. They have no equal, for the price is 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50. For sale by Off & Vaughn Drug Co., Fourth and Spring streets, Los Angeles, Cal.

TWO articles concerning Bulgaria and the Bulgarians will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday. One is descriptive of the country and the people generally, and the other relates personal experiences of the writer among the brigands.

JULIA WARD HOWE has written for The Times Magazine the coming Sunday an interesting review of the conditions that have surrounded girlhood during the past seventy years.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE the coming Sunday will be without a rival in interest for readers of Southern California and the Southwest.

A MERCHANTS' lunch nicely served, 35c, at the Del Monte on Third street.

THE Sun Drug Co.

INCORPORATED FOR A QUARTER OF A MILLION. CAPITAL PAID IN ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND.

C. LAUX, Pres. J. H. TROUT, Vice-Pres. F. D. OWEN. H. G. CHILSON, Treas. F. C. WOLF, Gen. Mgr.

Early Shoppers

Are Making Their Selections at The Sun's Stores.

LEATHER GOODS SPECIALS.

The Sun Stores show the most extensive and at the same time the newest stock of Leather Goods in town. Bought direct from the best manufacturers the trade knows. Every new shape, style and finish in Purses, Pocketbooks and Chatelaines, Belts, and the hundred and one other things in leather, and all marked at prices no other firm can meet. We buy for seven stores, instead of one; that makes the difference in price. Goods laid aside for you until you want them.

Second and Broadway.	H. G. CHILSON, Manager.	Phones Main 261 and 378.
231 South Broadway.	F. D. OWEN, Manager.	Phone Main 308.
N. W. Cor. Fourth and Spring.	A. W. ELLINGTON, Manager.	Phone Main 1218.
Sixth and Broadway.	J. H. TROUT, Manager.	Phone Main 786.
1658 Temple Street.	N. N. MILLER, Manager.	Phone Main 507.
2316 South Grand Ave.	F. N. DRAKE, Manager.	Phone White 6411.

Walk-Over Shoes for Men and Women.

"Shoes may come and shoes may go, but the Walk-Over goes on forever."

Always $3.50.

You may be told that there are other $3.50 shoes "just as good" as Walk-Overs. It isn't so. There never was and never will be a shoe built to sell for $3.50 that can compare with the Walk-Over.

Walk-Over shoes come direct from the factory to your feet in Los Angeles. You pay no unnecessary profits.

If you pay less you cannot get a good shoe. If you pay more you pay too much. All sizes—all widths—all the good shapes.

You are sure of a perfect fit and complete shoe satisfaction if you wear Walk-Overs.

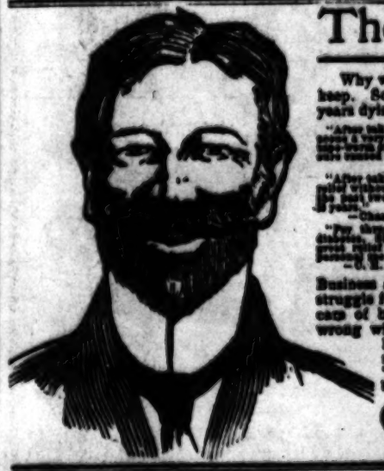
Walk-Over Shoe Store

F. F. Wright, Prop. J. F. Hughes, Mgr.

111 S. Spring St., Under Nadeau Hotel.

San Francisco Store, Baldwin Annex.

The Health of a Manly M



Why will not all men insist upon having it, when it is so easy to keep. Some men are eaten alive by tape-worms, others wander years dying slow deaths from bowel disease.

"After taking two Cascarets, there came on the second day a very unexpected relief in the shape of a large worm. I had taken [illegible] and had never seen [illegible]. —Geo. W. Bowles, Biloxi, Miss.

"After taking Cascarets I have had a natural movement every morning for the first time in [illegible] years. This has not occurred [illegible] years. —Chas. S. Pelsey, 68 Tiemann Ave., Brooklyn.

"For three years I have been afflicted with dandruff, which would [illegible] I have tried [illegible] and [illegible], but I must say [illegible] Cascarets. —C. H. Lynch, 88 West Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

"I have been using Cascarets for [illegible] and find them a most excellent [illegible]. —Mrs. H. M. Wilson, [illegible].

"Cascarets cured me of the most [illegible] had long suffered. —L. L. Watkins, [illegible].

"I used Cascarets for [illegible] have been [illegible] for [illegible]. —[illegible].

"Cascarets are the only remedy [illegible] that gives a lasting benefit. —Chas. S. Campbell, Southern [illegible].

Business as well as social life of today is one of strain and struggle for existence in competition makes life a fight day in day out. Lack of body, nerves, blood is more or less neglected. Men [illegible] wrong with them. No man can stand such unnatural [illegible] he counteracts them by using Cascarets Candy Cathartic. Regularity of body in spite of irregularity of habits. Any man who "feels bad" should take Cascarets, find out what's wrong and be cured.

Cascarets

Must for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Teeth Require Care.

Trusting eyes in the rows of pearls are very repulsive. An early call is a wise one—I make it to your advantage. A poor tooth that can not be mended is better out than in. You may come to me without fear of suffering. Satisfaction guaranteed. Over 20 years practice. Tel. John 3191.

Open Sunday 9 to 12. DR. CICERO STEVENS, 217½ South Spring St.

Cleaver's Laundry Rough Dry, 3c Pound. Domestic Finish. 514-518 SO. MAIN. TEL. MAIN 1300.

ALFALFA Local hay, large bales. Northern hay, small bales WELL CURED Los Angeles Hay Storage Co., 335 Central Avenue,

CONSUMPTION CURED SANATORIUM at PASADENA. The only Sanatorium on the Coast Devoted exclusively to the treatment of tuberculosis. Write or literature DR. W. HARRISON BALLARD, 416½ S. Spring St.

$5.00, $6.00 and $7.00 Real Tortoise Shell Side Combs, $4.00 the Pair. MRS. WEAVER-JACKSON, 318 S. Spring Street. Branch Store—31 E. Colorado St., Pasadena

BAJA CALIFORNIA DAMIANA BITTERS It is a great Restorative, Invigorator and Nervine. The most wonderful aphrodisiac and Special Tonic for the Sexual Organs of both sexes. The Mexican Remedy for diseases of the Kidney and Bladder. Sold on its own merits. HABER, ALPS & BRUNE, Agents. 323 Market street, S. F.—(Send for circular.)

Government

Imperial entitlement. Value. Per full pertinent

Oakley-Paulin

304-8 Douglas Bldg.

Notice of Me

OF STOCKHOLDERS OF TER COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY meeting of the stockholders of per Company No. 1 will be pay's office, room 326, SE South Spring street, upon Saturday, the 7th day of 1907, at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m. The business to be transacted at meeting is the amendment of the company, the removal of rectors, the consideration of a tract between this company fornia Development Company, struction of a main canal system for this company, and of such other business as may the meeting.

Dated this 21st day of N

R. D. M'PHERRIN, Secretary.

HARRY R. E. T. W. A. M.

The Times Magazine

Next Sunday's issue will be a most interesting one. Among the features will be:

"Bulgaria and the Bulgarians," by Stephen Bonsal, who has just returned from a visit to the Balkan States.

"Girlhood Fifty Years Ago," by Julia Ward Howe.

"Some Famous Women Writers," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Artists," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Singers," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Actresses," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Dancers," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Musicians," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Sculptors," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Painters," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Composers," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Poets," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Novelists," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Orators," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Statesmen," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Soldiers," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Sailors," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Explorers," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Scientists," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Inventors," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Philanthropists," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Reformers," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Educators," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Physicians," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Nurses," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Missionaries," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Librarians," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Librarians," by Mrs. Frederick Schoff.

"Some Famous Women Librarians

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
Los Angeles, Nov. 28, 1901.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICA, CREDITOR. The American share of the final installment of 15 per cent. on the British war loan, due December 6, is said to amount to about $30,000,000.

TEXTILE MILLS DIVIDENDS. Forty-six Fall River mill corporations paid an average of 1.98 per cent. in dividends during the past quarter as compared with 1.79 per cent., the corresponding quarter of last year. Nine corporations passed their dividends as compared with ten the previous quarter.

COMMERCIAL.

SICILY LEMONS. Writing from Catania, Sicily, under date of October 15, Consul Heingartner tells that the conditions and prospects of the lemon crop in that district were good, its quality excellent and size normal—about 1,600,000 boxes—but drought has delayed gathering beyond the usual time. At time of writing shipments had not commenced, hence prices could not be agiven. Unless prices rule higher in New York than last year no shipments (probably) will be made from Catania, the value of lemons shipped one January being only $825.09. The freight per box to New York is 23.3 cents. During the first eight months of this year 133,592,540 pounds of oranges, 257,334,255 pounds of lemons and 2,574,784 pounds of limes have been shipped from Italy and provinces. North America is credited with takings of 102,700,240 pounds, England with 83,542,688 pounds, Austria-Hungary with 93,094,224 pounds, Russia with 42,756,012 pounds, Germany with 23,500,440 pounds and Holland with 11,113,168 pounds. Belgium, Denmark, France, Malta, Sweden and Norway, Turkey, Australia and other countries are credited with 26,774,424 pounds.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

PROFIT SHARING IN BUSINESS. According to the view of the Washington Post, anything like a general system of profit sharing is utterly impracticable. If all great industrial enterprises could be safely relied upon to yield a certain percentage of profit every year it might be practicable to divide it between the owners and their workmen. But that would not be the best plan. An increase of wages so as to make a fair division of profits between labor and capital would best meet the just demands of so happy a situation. If, as is always the case in a great manufacturing establishment, some men render service of exceptional value it were better to pay them accordingly than to hold out the hope of a gift. Let such men be their own backers. But there is no absolute certainty of continuous success in any business. Hard times follow good times. Large profits are succeeded by small profits, and the latter dwindle until losses show up. Many a corporation has carried on a business for months and even years, without making a cent, and that experience must, in the nature of things, be repeated. Every wage worker has a right to as high wages as he can get, and there his pecuniary claim ends. No man who is not bound and able to meet his share of losses has any right or reason to expect a share of profits. Only those who respond to assessment can be permitted to take dividends.

MAINE SARDINES. The sardine-packing season now drawing to a close on the eastern coast of Maine has been one of the most successful in the history of the industry, the catch of herrings having been very large, and all the factories operated to their full capacity. The only drawback has been the high price of tin plate, vast quantities of which are used in the manufacture of little boxes in which the fish are packed.

Eastport supplies the bulk of the sardine trade of the United States, and the extent of the business may be estimated from the fact that last season $80,000 was paid in freight charges on shipments to various parts of the country from this port alone.

The cost of the materials used in the packing of fish at Eastport last season was as follows: Tin plate, $600,000; solder, $260,000; oil, $280,000; mustard, $60,000; herrings, known in commerce as sardines, $375,000; packing boxes, $30,000; decorating tin cans, $30,000; labor, $80,000; bringing the total cost of the productions for 1900 up to $2,550,000.—St. Joseph Journal of Commerce.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

Yesterday, the wholesale market was closed all day long, and proprietors, clerks, salesmen, porters and delivery-wagon drivers—yes, and the horses, too—enjoyed the great national holiday. There being nothing doing, prices remain the same as before.

Dried Fruits, Nuts and Raisins.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, choice fancy, 7@8; apricots, 10@11; peaches, fancy, 6@7; choice, 5@6½; pears, fancy evaporated, 6@7; prunes, pitted, choice, 7½@8; prunes, fancy, 8@9; fancy, 9@10; dates, 4; figs, sacks, California, white, per lb., 6@7; California, black, per lb., 5@6; California, fancy layers, per lb., 6@7½; imported Smyrna, 8.

RAISINS—Fancy Clusters, per box, 2.00; London Layers, per box, 1.60@2.10; loose, 4½@4¾c lb.; Seedless Sultanas, 6@7c.

NUTS—Almonds, paper-shell, 14; softshell, hardshell, 11; Brazils, 10@16; filberts, 12@14; walnuts, raw, eastern, 9½; roasted, 10½; California, choice raw, 9½; California, fancy raw, 10½; California, roasted, 10@11½; walnuts, softshell, grade, 10½@11; hardshell, first grade, 9½; pinenuts, New Mexico, 7.

Potatoes, Onions and Vegetables.

POTATOES—Per ctl., new, choice to fancy, 1.75; fair to good, 1.25@1.50; sweets, 75@

ONIONS—New, per ctl., 2.00@2.75.

VEGETABLES—Beets, per ctwt., 50@75; cabbage, 1.00@1.50; carrots, 50@75 per ctwt.; green peas, 3@5 per lb.; dry chiles, per string, 10@ per dozen, 25; parsnips, 1.25@1.75; green peas, 4@5; radishes, per dozen bunches, 20; string beans, 5@6; turnips, 50@60 per ctl.; garlic, 6@7½; tomatoes, 50@75; asparagus, 5@6 per lb., 8@9; celery, per doz., 25@30; per doz., 1.00@1.50.

Fresh Fruits and Berries.

APPLES—Per box, choice to fancy, 1.50@2.75; common, 1.00@1.25.

ORANGES—Navels, 2.00@2.50.

LEMONS—Per doz., 1.00.

BANANAS—Per doz., 50@1.00.

PINEAPPLES—Per doz., 4.00@5.00.

OTHER FRUIT—Per box, 1.50@1.75.

STRAWBERRIES — Per doz., common, 75@; choice to fancy, 1.25@1.75.

GRAPES—Per bunch, 2.00@3.00.

CRANBERRIES—Per bbl., 11.00.

Hay and Grain.

BARLEY—Mill price, 85.

BARLEY—Jobbing price, 1.25@1.40.

CHOPS—1.40.

BARLEY—New barley, 8.00@10.00; alfalfa, 8.00@ 9.00; straw, 7.00@8.00.

WHEAT—Mill price, per cental, 1.00@1.15.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

BUTTER—Fancy Board of Trade creamery, 25c; extra, 25; southern creamery, 21½@22½; fancy, 20@22½; Coast creamery, 27½.

CHEESE—Per doz., fresh ranch, 30@35; eastern, 20.

CHEESE—California, Downey or Anchor, per lb., 12½; California, Young America, per lb., 12½; California, 3-lb. hand, per lb., 17½; Coast cream, per lb., 12½@14; domestic Swiss, per lb., 17@17½; imported Swiss, per lb., 27; full cream, per doz., 2.50; Martin's New cream, per lb., 15½@16; Wisconsin, full cream, per lb., 13½@14; Magaw, 13@15½.

Poultry.

POULTRY—Dealers pay live weight for stock in good condition: broilers, per lb., for poultry; 9@10; for turkeys, 10@11; geese, 8@10.

Live Stock.

HOGS—Per cwt., 4.00@4.25.

CATTLE—Per cwt., 2.75@4.00 for prime steers; 3.00@3.50 for cows and heifers; calves, 4.50@5.00.

SHEEP—Per head, wethers, 4.00@4.50; ewes, 3.00@3.50; lambs, 2.50@3.50.

Beans.

BEANS — Pink, 2.00@2.00; Lima, 3.50; Lady Washington, 3.75; white, small, 4.00@4.10.

Fresh Meats.

BEEF—Per lb., 6½@7.
VEAL—@10.
MUTTON—Per lb., 7½; lamb, 8.
PORK—Per lb., 8.

Flour and Feedstuffs.

FLOUR—Per bbl., local extra roller process, 2.80@3.00; northern, 3.00; eastern, Pillsbury's Best, 5.00; other brands, 3.75@4.50; graham flour, 3.50 per 100 lbs.

FEEDSTUFFS — Bran, per ton, 20.00; rolled barley, 28.00; cracked corn, 1.50 per cwt.

Provisions.

HAMS—Per lb., Rex, 13½; Gilbert, 13½; picnic, 9½@10½; Winchester, medium, 10½; do., light, 14; Premium, 14½; skinned, 14½@15½; 4-er, 13½@14; Gold Band, 15.

DRY SALT PORK — Per lb., clear bellies, 11½@11½; short clears, 11½@11½; clear backs, 10½@11½.

DRIED BEEF—Per lb., insides, 15@17½.

PICKLED BEEF—Per bbl., 16.00; rump butts, 17.00.

PICKLED PORK—Per bbl., Sunderland, 12.00.

BACON — Per lb., Rex breakfast, 14@14½; mild cured do., 13@13½; special fancy, 16; bacon backs, 12½; Winchester, medium, 13½@14; light, 15; Empire, 10½; Premium, 17½; 12-er, medium, 14@14½; light, 15; Gold Band, 17½.

LARD—Pure, per lb., Silver Leaf, tierces, 11½; 50-lb. tins, 11½; 10s, 12½; 5s, 12½; 2s, 13½; Rex, tierces, 11½; 50s, 12½; 10s, 12½; 5s, 12½; 2s, 13½; White Label, tierces, 13½; 50s, 11½; 10s, 12½; 5s, 12½; 2s, 13½.

Honey and Beeswax.

BEESWAX—Per lb., 21@23.

HONEY—Per lb., in comb, frames, 11@12½; extracted, 5@6.

London Wool Sales.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—At the wool auction sales today, there were 14,061 bales offered. The attendance was good, the home and continental buyers being the chief operators. Low, inferior sorts were in buyers' favor. Competition for fine grades was spirited. Cross-breds sold well at full opening rates. Americans purchased suitable lots of cross-breds. The sale in detail was as follows: New South Wales, 3500 bales; scoured, 4½@6½d; greasy, 4½@6d. Queensland, 1500 bales; scoured, 5½@7½d; greasy, 7½@9½d. Victoria, 3300 bales; scoured, 8½@9½d; greasy, 7½@10½d. South Australia, 400 bales; greasy, 5@6½d. West Australia, 900 bales; scoured, 9 3/4d; greasy, 4½@7½d. New Zealand, 4700 bales; scoured, 8½@9 3/4d; greasy, 5½@8d. Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 900 bales; scoured, 7d@9 1/4d; greasy, 4@7¾d.

THE OIL INDUSTRY.

SUNSET'S RAILROAD MAY BE EXTENDED.

MIDWAY OPERATORS NOW ANXIOUS FOR TRANSPORTATION.

Still a Car Shortage in Northern Oil District—Postoffice Wanted at Superior Camp, Sunset—Latest from the Beaumont Fields of Texas.

Again the rumor is abroad that an extension of the new Sunset railway is really contemplated by the directors of that corporation. The report comes from the north that this time the matter is being considered seriously, and that it is not at all improbable that it will be decided to supply much needed transportation facilities to northwestern Sunset and the Midway fields.

The production of both these districts has increased to such an extent the past few months as to be an inducement which the company is said to appreciate.

The completion of the road to the lower Sunset field has provided good shipping facilities to the producers of that end, and the result is much activity there. Some months ago there was talk in local oil circles of the construction of a pipe line from the present terminus of the road to the Midway field, but the scheme failed to interest capital. On the whole the extension of the railroad for a distance of ten to a dozen miles would be a better solution of the problem.

CAR SHORTAGE STILL ON.

The oil-car shortage is still apparent in the northern fields, and what is worse, there is little indication of an early relief. It is said that on account of the falling out of the Southern Pacific company and the Standard, the U.T.L. cars, which are under the supervision of the latter company, will be taken from the coast trade and returned east. If this rumor is true the question of transportation will become more perplexing than ever, and the shipments of oil from the Kern River field will decrease.

AFTER A NEW POSTOFFICE.

The operators and workmen in the Sunset district are diligently working to have a postoffice established at Superior Camp, says the Bakersfield Californian. The service at Pioneer is said to be good, but the distance from the south end of the field is great.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

There is much more oil in the local field than there is a market for, and for that reason prices are very erratic. For instance oil of average gravity is quoted at 50 to 60 cents a barrel, although much of the product is finding a market at considerably less, very near 40 cents.

Large jobbers of oil find it hard to secure very long time contracts at much under 60 cents, but if it is only a load or two that is wanted, it can be secured at a figure that would astonish eastern speculators in California oil stock securities.

INDIANA WANTS ANOTHER.

Another well is to be drilled by the Indiana Oil Company on its property on the southeast quarter of section 30, 28, 28, of the Kern River field. The company leases its ground of the Euclid company of this city, and has one good well completed that is a first-class producer. It was, on account of the encouragement in its first attempt that induced the company to try again.

BEAUMONT FIELD.

CAPITAL POURING IN.

BEAUMONT (Tex.) Nov. 27.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The clouds which were cast over the Beaumont oil field by litigation, have, in a measure, been dispelled by the improvement in the situation in other lines. Capital has been pouring into Beaumont, and this alone has, in a measure, restored the confidence of those who are interested in the field. None of the work which has been planned for the field has been delayed or suspended because of the suits that are pending.

The sales of stocks on the Beaumont Oil Exchange have broken the record for recent months in the variety of stocks handled, and while no very large sales were made, the total for the week amounts to many thousand shares. Few sales are made to Beaumont parties, and in the main the sales to outside parties are for investors and not for speculators. With the coming of cold weather northern and eastern prospectors are flocking to the city, and several good-sized parties have been entertained in the city this week.

The only development in the law courts has been the filing of the motion to transfer the Anderson vs. Lucas case from the County District Court to the United States District Court. The time for hearing the arguments on the motion was set twice during the week, but the matter was finally allowed to go over by agreement to the regular December term of the District Court. Judge J. D. Martin refused to grant the injunction prayed for by Anderson against A. F. Lucas and others, who have holdings in the Humphries League, and the present motion is made in order to get the trial of the claims of Anderson into another court. Both courts will be in session during December, and a hearing of the case on its merits may be had soon.

From reliable sources comes the story that the first steps in a great consolidation have been taken. Beaumont parties, who are interested in the deal, refuse to confirm the story, but it is generally believed that the official announcement of the sale of the controlling interest in the Higgins company to New York parties, represented by Patrick Calhoun, will be made on the 1st of December, and that the transfer of the property will be made on the first day of the year. An option, which will expire the first day of the year, has been given, and it is stated that the price to be paid for the stock is $66 per share, of a par value of $100. The Higgins has been selling this week for $72 or a little more. The Houston Oil Company, of which John H. Kirby is the head, has been included in the parties interested in the purchase, but Kirby has denied any knowledge of the deal. Those on the inside are not shaken in the opinion that the Houston Oil Company is a party. This is believed to be the first step in a consolidation of some of the Spindle Top interests. The Keith-Ward company is expected to give up its holdings at the same time the Higgins company is transferred, and some of the smaller companies may be included.

Neither of the above-named companies is believed to have any Standard Oil connections, and the parties who are expected to take hold of these and other companies are believed to be entirely independent. What the Standard is doing, and will do, in the local field are two problems that every one in the field is trying to solve. One company is reputed to be in the control of Standard Oil, and its agents are received as Standard representatives, though they have never admitted the connection. The words "Standard Oil" are spoken in lowered tones in discussing the affairs of the Beaumont field and the stockholders in the smaller companies tremble at the mention of the name. So far, the Standard company has not shown its hand, but every story of a consolidation is followed by a query if the Standard is engineering the deal.

With the wells which have come in this week the number of gushers on Spindle Top has passed the century mark.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE the coming Sunday will be without a rival in interest for readers of Southern California and the Southwest.

Doctors Say;

Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels

The Secret of Health.

The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result.

Tutt's Liver Pills
Cure all Liver Troubles.

IF you want to be a strong, husky fellow, with lots of steam in your pipes, you ought to read my book on the subject of physical development. My business is making men strong, especially those men who have thrown away their strength by excesses, overwork and dissipation. My electric belt is making such men happy every day. My book (illustrated) tells how. It's free.

DR. M. A. McLAUGHLIN
129½ W. Second Street,
Cor. Spring. LOS ANGELES, CAL.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 a.m. to 8:30 p.m.
Sundays 10 to 1.

A BALD HEAD

is never handsome nor comfortable. When you see one, you sympathize with the owner and hope to save your own from such a fate. If your hair is falling, thin, gray or faded,

Hay's Hair-Health

will restore it to its original thickness and color. It will prevent baldness and bring back the hair to bald spots when the hair root has not been destroyed.

HAY'S HAIR-HEALTH is equally good for men and women. It is a hair food, nourishes the scalp, fertilizes the roots, forces new growth. IT IS NOT A DYE; will not discolor the skin nor the most delicate fabric. Is not greasy, but gives gloss and life to the hair.

Large 50c Bottles. At Leading Druggists.

Silent Sufferers

LAPIDAIRE'S VITAL RESTORATIVE will stop all Losses in 24 hours. You will feel an improvement from the first dose. It will restore Lost Vitality, cure Varicocele, Nervous Debility, Drains, Despondency and other diseases wearing on Body and Mind arising from errors of youth, excesses or mental worry. It will cure your Weakness as sure as water quenches thirst. Correspondence strictly confidential. Send sealed $2—5 for $5. Pill or liquid forms.

H. LAPIDAIRE MEDICINE CO.
129 W. 2nd St., Rooms 8-9

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

MALARIA,
Fevers. Chills. Coughs Colds, Dyspepsia

Of whatever form, quickly cured by taking DUFFY'S MALT. A tablespoonful in a glass of water three times a day. All druggists and grocers. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Vacuum Developer for Men.

Investigate this Nature-Cure for Weakness, Lost Vitality or Varicocele. Write for literature.

APPLIANCE CO.,
6 O'Farrell St., San Francisco, Cal.

THE PERSONAL ATTENTION OF

DR. JOSLEN

IS GIVEN EVERY PATIENT.

The benefit of all the knowledge and skill that has come through fifteen years of constant devotion to my specialty, is given to every patient who comes to me for treatment. I take a personal interest in each case and carefully watch every stage of progress until a cure is complete.

My Colored Chart is free for the asking, and will help you to understand men's diseases and anatomy.

O. C. JOSLEN, M. D.
Strictly Reliable.

"WEAKNESS"

My treatment for so-called weakness is original with me, and is the only scientific and certain method being employed. The fact that loss of physical power is merely a symptom resulting from a disordered prostate gland was discovered by myself, and my treatment is based upon this truth and conforms to every requirement essential to a thorough and lasting cure. I employ no electrical contrivances, nor do I stimulate the organs by the use of internal tonics. Such treatment only results in further harm to the tender prostate, thus increasing the functional derangement. I treat by a local process entirely, and one that cannot fail to permanently restore that degree of strength and vigor that nature intended every man should possess.

CONTRACTED DISORDERS

Under the treatment pursued before irritations were established, six weeks was deemed the duration of an acute contracted disorder. If it proceeded beyond six weeks, it was considered to have gone into chronic condition. From statistics compiled from my practice in the past five years, covering 6500 cases. I can show that 90 per cent. of my patients have recovered in fourteen days or less. It is, therefore, equally proper to hold that a case not entirely cured within two weeks must be considered a chronic one, and some complication has arisen for which the patient should see a specialist. I offer an experience of over fifteen years devoted to this specialty.

DR. O. C. JOSLEN, Corner Third and Main Street.
Entire building over Wells-Fargo Express Office.

AFTER GRIP WHAT?

The Perilous Period Which Follows an Attack of this Mysterious Malady.

Grip is bad enough with its aching bones, inflamed eyes, painful back, and fever. But its after effects are perhaps even more to be dreaded than the misery attendant on an attack of the disease itself. The person who comes safely through an attack of grip, man, woman, or child, is left in a condition of peculiar debility and prostration from which it is difficult to rally. A slight cold or cough may find speedy termination in lung disease. Ordinary exposure results in pneumonia. The disease seems to deplete the vitality, undermine the strength, and affect the balance of the mind. It is one of the sad experiences of the grip, that the convalescent supposed to be rallying well, has been found in a condition of complete collapse.

As a result of the grip the lungs, and other organs of respiration seem peculiarly liable to be affected and consumption may easily be the after consequence of the malady. It needs no argument therefore to urge the building up of the system weakened by grip to enable it to resist and throw off these sequent diseases which so frequently prove fatal.

In actual test Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has proved itself peculiarly valuable not only in the quick cure of the disease but also in rebuilding the body which grip has undermined and in curing diseases which are prone to fasten on the enfeebled system. It strengthens the stomach, heals the lungs, and purifies the blood. It puts the whole body on a plane of sound and vigorous health.

A VICTIM OF GRIP.

"Two years ago this month I had an attack of grip which left my throat and lungs in bad condition," writes Mrs. M. H. Stewart, of Center, Chickasaw Nation, Ind. Ter. The doctor said I had disease of the bronchial tubes, but confessed to my husband (unknown to me), that I had consumption in the first stage and could never be cured; but, thanks to God and to Dr. Pierce, to-day I feel well, and am better now than I have been for many years. I can do as much work now as any woman of my age, which is forty-seven. One of my neighbor women advised me to get Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, so I sent and got it, and then I was not satisfied with it alone, hardly believing it would cure me, so I wrote to Dr. Pierce and gave him my symptoms. He replied that I had catarrh of the head, extending to my lungs, and told what would cure me. I took his advice—never neglected it for anything. I have taken seventeen bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' eight vials of Dr. Pierce's Pellets, and ten packages of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. I do not regret that I spent the money paid for the medicines. I have gained twenty-four pounds. Indeed Dr. Pierce's medicines have been wonderful for me. It is no use for me to try to tell my feelings. It would take time and space, but I was a skeleton, so poor and so downhearted I could not look at one of my little children without shedding tears, thinking that they would soon be left without a mother."

HOW STRENGTH IS RESTORED.

What makes me strong? Ask yourself that question and you will find that the answer will be, I am made strong by food.

How does food make me strong? By passing through the processes of digestion and being converted into nutrition, which, in the form of blood, nourishes the body. So that noble blood is the life of the body, food is the life of the blood.

Every red vein and artery of the body leads like a scarlet clue back to the stomach. If the body is weak, therefore, we must look to the stomach first for the cause of weakness, and then to the blood. The same result of physical weakness will follow the opening of an artery, or starvation. You may bleed to death or starve to death. Think of starving to death in a land of plenty. The first question in investigating disease is the condition of the stomach. If the stomach is weak the body can't be strong. If the stomach is weak, that weakness will surely find an echo in some other organ dependent on the stomach for its nutrition—such as heart, liver, lungs, kidneys, etc. If you starve a mother, you starve the child at her breast. If you starve the stomach, you starve the organs it feeds. But starvation of the body can be accomplished even where food is plentifully supplied, because if the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased, then the food will not be converted into nutrition or only partly so, and the body inadequately nourished will begin to grow weak. The first attempt, then, in dealing with a weak body is to nourish it into strength. The general method of this attempt is to try and bring the food down to the level of the weak stomach. This is done by the use of prepared foods, cod liver oil, and its emulsions. But this doesn't cure the disease of the stomach or put the organs of nutrition into a condition to build up the body.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery deals directly with the stomach and blood. It seeks to bring the stomach up to the level of strong, healthful food, when this is done the body gains in strength, puts on flesh, throws off disease, and enters on a new life. That these results follow the use of 'Golden Medical Discovery' is proved by the testimony of thousands of weak, rundown, men and women and by their cure, by the use of 'Discovery,' of diseases of lungs, heart, kidneys, liver, etc., which originated in the disease of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition.

"Three years ago I had the grip," writes Mrs. Tillie Lisney, of Gravel Switch, Marion Co., Ky. "It settled on my lungs, and the doctor said I had consumption. I took six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and am thankful to say I am entirely well."

Sick people are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All correspondence is strictly private and confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

A FREE OFFER.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing over a thousand large pages, is sent *free*, on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

$ TOMORROW MAY NEVER COME. $

You intend to insure tomorrow. How do you know there will be a tomorrow—for you? Insure today. The new 5 per cent. Gold Bonds of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, the strongest financial institution in the world, will protect your family in case of your death and will prove a gilt edged investment for you if you live. Full information if you write or call.

A. M. JONES, Gen. Agt.
418 Wilcox Block.

Jos. K. Ralph's 601 S. SPRING. TEL. M. 516
Easy to Trade Here.

6 pkgs. Pearline	25c	1 lb. pkg. Armour's Washing Powder	5c
6 pkgs. Kleeno	25c	8 cans Red Seal or Rabbit's Lye	25c
1 pkg. Gold Dust	20c	Chloride of Lime, per lb. can	10c
2 pkgs. Borax-Aid	15c	¼-lb. box Ball Blueing	5c

ENGRAVED INVITATIONS, Calling Cards, Monograms, Address Dies.
Fine Stationery. WHEDON & SPRENG, SOCIETY STATIONERS. 353 S. Spring Street. Holsenbeck Hotel Building.

BONDS AND INVESTMENTS.

NOTHING has been found better than "Clipping Coupons." Successful people prefer the safety and constant earning power of reliable First Mortgage bonds over every other form of investment. As dealers at first hand in First Mortgage notes, we invite calls for investigation.

TEL. MAIN 997. ADAMS-PHILLIPS COMPANY (Established August, 1893)
215 S. BROADWAY.

5 PER CENT. PAID ON SUMS OF $100.00 AND UPWARD—Paid in Capital and Surplus, $750,000. DIRECTORS—W. G. Cochran, Pres.; J. G. Mossin, Treas.; A. E. Pomeroy, Vice-Pres.; W. D. Woolwine; C. J. Wade, Secretary. Send for booklet and statement. State Mutual Building and Loan Association, 121 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

BANKS.

FARMERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK.
OLDEST AND LARGEST BANK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Capital $500,000.00
Surplus..... $1,000,000.00
Deposits..... $5,500,000.00

OFFICERS—DIRECTORS: I. W. Hellman, President; H. W. Hellman, Vice-President; A. Graves, Second Vice-President; E. J. Fleishman, Cashier; O. Heilman, Assistant Cashier. W. S. Perry, J. F. Francis, J. A. Graves, I. W. Hellman, Jr., C. E. Thom, O. W. Childs, I. N. Van Nuys, H. W. Hellman, I. W. Hellman, Jr. Haas and Wm. Lacy.

Drafts and Letters of Credit Issued and Telegraphic and Cable Transfers Made to All Parts of the World.
Special Safety Deposit Department and Storage Vaults.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK. CORNER SECOND AND SPRING STREETS.
LARGEST NATIONAL BANK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Capital, Surplus and Profits - - - - - - - - - $730,000.00
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - $3,000,000.00

J. M. ELLIOTT, President
W. G. KERCKHOFF, Vice-President
J. C. DRAKE, 2nd Vice-President
W. T. S. HAMMOND, Asst. Cashier

Letters of Credit — Buy and sell Bills of Exchange and make Cable Transfers on all points. Issue Commercial and Travelers' Credits, available in all parts of the world.

NO PUBLIC FUNDS OR OTHER PREFERRED DEPOSITS RECEIVED.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA.
At Los Angeles, Corner of Spring and Second Sts.
Capital Stock, $200,000.00; Surplus and Undivided Profits, $94,000.00.
JOHN M. C. MARBLE, President; J. E. PISHBURN, Vice-President;
JOHN E. MARBLE, Vice-President; E. L. ROGERS, Assistant Cashier.

THE LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $500,000. Surplus $100,000.
W. C. PATTERSON, President; W. D. WOOLWINE, Cashier;
F. M. GREEN, Vice-President; E. W. COE, Assistant Cashier;
FRANK P. FLINT, Second Vice-President. O. J. WIGDAL, Assistant Cashier.
United States Depository. Letters of Credit issued on London and Paris, and Drafts drawn available in all parts of the world.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK, CORNER MAIN AND SECOND STREETS.
LARGEST SAVINGS BANK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.
J. F. SARTORI.....President
MAURICE S. HELLMAN..Vice-President
W. D. LONGYEAR.....Cashier
DIRECTORS—H. W. Hellman, J. F. Sartori, E. J. Fleishman, P. O. Johnson, J. H. Shankland, J. A. Graves, M. L. Fleming, W. L. Graves, M. S. Hellman, W. D. Longyear, Hon. Gerson Hayward.
Interest paid on term and ordinary deposits. Money loaned on real estate.

CALIFORNIA BANK, LOS ANGELES, CAL.
OFFICERS: W. F. BOTSFORD, President; J. NEWTON, Vice-President; J. G. MOSSIN, Cashier; T. W. PHELPS, Assistant Cashier.
DIRECTORS—W. F. Botsford, Wm. H. Bonebrake, John M. Miller, W. Newton, R. F. Rogers, Spencer, Homer Laughlin, I. B. Newton, W. A. Newhall, H. C. Witmer. Capital, $500,000.00. Surplus and undivided profits, $61,000.00.

MAIN STREET SAVINGS BANK. Paid-up Capital, $100,000. Junction Main, Spring and Temple streets. (Temple Block.) Los Angeles. Money loaned on real estate. Interest paid on deposits. Officers: T. L. DUQUE, President; I. M. VAN NUYS, Vice-President; E. J. VAWTER, Jr., Cashier. Directors: H. W. Hellman, Eugene Corn, H. W. O'Melveny, L. Winter, O. T. Johnson, Harris Newmark, W. G. Kerckhoff.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA SAVINGS BANK. Loans on Real Estate. Interest on Deposits. 132 N. Spring Street. Capital paid up $100,000.00. Deposits over $2,000,000.00. Directors: J. H. Braly, President; Chas. H. Toll, Cashier; J. M. Elliott, H. Jevne, F. A. Gibson, W. D. Woolwine, W. C. Patterson, A. H. Braly. Safety Boxes for Rent.

GERMAN AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK Cor. First and Main Sts. Pays more than $50,000.00 annually as interest to its depositors. This bank especially solicits the patronage of the regular depositor of small savings. Assets, $3,500,000.00.

A. H. CONGER, SUITE 321 WILCOX BLDG. Dealer in Municipal School and Corporation Bonds, Local Bank Stocks and negotiator of Real Estate Mortgages. Money to loan and financial trusts executed.

COLUMBIA SAVINGS BANK. 224 SOUTH BROADWAY. INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS. President, A. F. West; Vice-President, Robert Hale; Cashier, E. H. Sanborn.

EQUITABLE LOAN SOCIETY. Office with BANK OF COMMERCE, Corner First and Broadway. Real Estate Loans payable any time.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

6 PER CENT. PAID ON DEPOSITS. THE PROTECTIVE SAVINGS Mutual Building and Loan Association, 101 North Broadway. Money to loan on Real Estate.

Vitalized Air

"I didn't know you pulled it out!"

So say all our patients when we extract their teeth—a boon for nervous people.

Good Set Teeth..... .....$5.00
Good Fillings..... .....$1.00 and up
Silver Fillings..... ....75c
Extracting..... .....25c
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work $5.00

Dr. Hutchason's Perfect Suction Plate is what the people want. Our charges are reasonable and we guarantee all our work.

SPINKS DENTAL PARLORS,
DR. W. E. HUTCHASON, Prop. Corner Fifth and Hill.
Open Sunday 9 to 1.

Only **$2.50**
For a Short Time Only.
Take Advantage of This Opportunity.
Suction Plates
And
Adhesive Plates
$4.50 Up

To Dr. Schiffman—Dear Sir: It gives me pleasure to state that you extracted fourteen teeth for me without the slightest pain, that the gums healed quickly, that the set of flexible teeth you fitted me with gave perfect satisfaction from the first, and after twenty-two months' wear are seemingly just as good as new. Yours truly,
J. W. GASKIN, 1012 Temple Street.

From this date on we will keep all our work in repair FREE of charge.
Beware of Cheap Imitators.
SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO.,
107 N. Spring, Over Hale's Dry Goods Store.

WINE OF CARDUI
Regulates the menstrual flow, cures leucorrhoea, falling of the womb and all the other ailments peculiar to women. Buy a $1 bottle from your druggist to-day.

$100.
For one hundred dollars Mr. W. D. Curtis will prepare a complete plan for an advertising campaign. This will include certain consultation and advice at his office.
Office consultation (by appointment)..... $ 1.00
Letter of business advice..... 5.00
Detailed report upon any line of advertising..... 10.00
Plan for "Special Sale"..... 25.00
Ads written and placed in newspapers and magazines everywhere.
Catalogues, Trade Marks, Follow-Up-Systems, Illustrations, Engravings, Stock Cuts.
Estab. 1895
CURTIS-NEWHALL ADVERTISING CO.
218 Hellman Blk., 2d and Broadway
Los Angeles, Cal. Tel. Main 1469
Pacific Coast Advertising $1 per year. Single copies 10 cents.

Telephone Main 942. FRANK P. BURCH, Cashier.
Southern California Grain and Stock Co.
Share and Grain Broker, New York Markets.
Room 118, Stimson Blk. Cor. Third and Spring Sts.

BEST FITTING TAILOR GOWNS IN CITY.
PARISIAN LADIES' TAILOR
522 South Broadway. Tel. Brown 1295.

Orange County Towns—Santa Ana and Fullerton.

THANKSGIVING WEDDING AT SANTA ANA.

WALTER V. WHITSON MARRIED TO MISS MULLINIX.

Boy Accidentally Shot in Hand While Hunting—Jake Markwalder Arrested on Charge of Stealing Jewelry—Santa Ana Brevities.

SANTA ANA, Nov. 28.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] There was a pretty Thanksgiving wedding today at noon at the home of Mrs. Susan Mullinix of North Main street, the contracting parties being Walter Verne Whitson of Fullerton and Miss Tieseau Theresa Mullinix, one of Santa Ana's most charming young ladies. The ceremony was performed by Rev. McClain W. Davis of the First Presbyterian Church. The parlors were beautifully decorated with ferns, smilax and Henrietta roses. There were many presents received by the bridal couple, among which was a gold watch and chain from the bride's mother. Mr. and Mrs. Whitson left on the afternoon train for Mount Lowe, where they will remain for a week, after which they will return to Fullerton and be at home to their many friends, in their new home on Commonwealth avenue, after January 1, 1902.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Erwin Fickas, son of David Fickas, residing south of Santa Ana, was accidentally shot this afternoon while climbing over a fence. In company with Charlie Felton, the lad had gone out to shoot doves, and just before coming to what is known as the "Willows," the Fickas boy sighted a pair of doves on a limb some little distance away. In climbing over an intervening fence to get within shooting distance, the gun was accidentally discharged, the whole of the charge of small shot passing through the fleshy part of the lad's right hand. It was thought this afternoon that the hand would have to be amputated.

SERIOUS CHARGE.

Jake Markwalder of this city is again in trouble, this time for a more serious offense than has usually been preferred against him. He has been before the courts time and again for being drunk and has served numerous sentences in the County Jail for these offenses, but he is now wanted on the charge of grand larceny. Several months ago a local jewelry firm mailed a package of jewelry addressed to a Los Angeles firm, but the package never arrived at its destination. The matter was taken up with the local postoffice officials and finally the services of City Marshal Maxwell were enlisted, with the result that Markwalder was arrested yesterday. He first denied any knowledge of the jewelry, but later it was learned that a portion of the stuff had been recovered. It is also claimed that Markwalder's wife admits that her husband gave her the package containing the valuables, but that he claimed at the time that he had picked it up on the street. The prisoner was taken before Justice Wilson, who fixed his bonds in the sum of $500, to appear Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock for trial.

SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday as follows: Charles Stohr and Mary M. Miller, residents of Westminster; Frank E. Smith and Blanch A. Wright, residents of Santa Ana; Lewis J. Jeffs of Fullerton and Lucy Irene Ingram of Garden Grove.

But eleven jurors were secured yesterday in the Green liquor case. On account of the attorneys for the defense having other matters for trial in a higher court, the case has been adjourned to December 4.

The initial concert of the High School lyceum course last night in the auditorium of the High School building was a pronounced success. The entertainment was given by the Katherine de Vere company.

The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Cornelia E. Morgan were held this morning from the family residence. Deceased was 89 years of age and the mother of George E. Morgan.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hughes of Orange died yesterday and the funeral services were held today from the family residence, the Rev. A. Parker officiating.

At a recent meeting of the City Board of Education it was decided to have no school in this city Friday, thus making a vacation from Wednesday to the following Monday.

Dan Murphy and wife of Los Angeles, and sister-in-law, Miss Sue Sinnot of San José, visited the family of Frank Monaghan on North Main street today.

Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Snow of Tustin are entertaining Mrs. Alec Danston and daughter, Miss Margaret Danston, of Los Angeles for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Rice of Pomona and Miss Myra Cleaver of Los Angeles spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. K. Cleaver of this city.

Miss Constance Peterman of Jackson, Mo., has arrived here to be the guest of Miss Edinger at the home of Mrs. R. H. Cartwright.

Nearly all the business houses in Santa Ana closed their doors early this morning and they remained closed during the entire day.

There was a large attendance at the First Baptist Church this morning to hear the Thanksgiving sermon by Rev. B. C. Cory.

T. H. Thompson has purchased land at the corner of Chestnut and Orange avenues upon which he will erect a fine residence.

Mrs. L. E. Kiefhaber and sister, Miss May Neill of Redlands are in the city, the guests of friends, for a few days.

Miss Helen Adams of Tustin has gone to Los Angeles to be the guest of relatives for a few days.

Miss Catherine Dryer has been appointed substitute teacher in the Santa Ana High School.

Mrs. W. C. Clark is entertaining her brother, G. M. Cooper of Monrovia, for a few days.

Mrs. A. H. Lacy is entertaining Mrs. Ella Douhett of San Diego for a few days.

ANAHEIM.

LOCAL NEWS SUMMARY.

ANAHEIM, Nov. 28.—[From The Times' Correspondent.] It is believed the race for postmaster will be decided within a few days, and that Mr. Littlefield, the incumbent, will be appointed, notwithstanding that there are two other candidates in the race. News has reached here that a prominent official, who stands very close to the President, favors Mr. Littlefield, whose term expires soon. The other applicants for the place are Joseph Hatfield and A. H. Cargill.

The desks being placed in the new High School building are the finest in Orange county. The building will be occupied some time next month, and arrangements are now under way for a grand dedication, which will take place in the evening.

Miss Nutt, daughter of Senator Nutt of San Diego, arrived here yesterday and is visiting her father.

Prof. and Mrs. Athearn are spending Thanksgiving in Los Angeles with relatives.

If the Battle Creek, Mich., people do not accept the offer of the Hotel Del Campo here, it is reported that another party stands ready to take it and open a large sanitarium.

Ben Briggs of the Santa Fé oil wells was arrested here a few days ago on a charge of using obscene language and disturbing the peace. He deposited $10 for his appearance, but as he failed to show up at the hour set for the hearing, the justice declared his ten shekels forfeited.

Senator Jones has made contracts for 4000 acres of sugar beets, and seeding operations will begin early in December.

St. Michael's Guild of the Episcopal Church will meet with Mrs. Otto Rust next Thursday evening.

Mrs. Jack Holmes of Los Angeles is visiting Mrs. John Hartung.

H. E. Huntington passed through Anaheim, Fullerton and La Habra a few days ago, going over the proposed route of the electric line.

FULLERTON.

STRONG ANTI-BOSS FEELING.

FULLERTON, Nov. 28.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] During the past two days a number of prominent Republicans have been interviewed in the northern part of Orange county, and with one or two exceptions all are heartily in favor of Senator Flint for Governor, and he is gaining ground every day in northern Orange county. Some of the old-time Republicans interviewed denounced bossism in the State, and are bitterly opposed to the present administration, saying the correspondent could use their names if he so desired. One prominent man who has been in the mercantile business over six years, said yesterday: "I have voted the Republican ticket all my life, but if Gage is renominated, I shall certainly cast my ballot for the Democratic nominee. Our party has had enough of Gageism, Burnsism and bossism in this State, and now is the time to put an end to it. We have not forgotten when Gage tried to have Dan Burns elected United States Senator. Give us no more sweeledheadism; Flint is the man, and he can be elected, too."

E. R. Amerige, the "father of Fullerton," who laid out the town fifteen years ago, and who is well posted on matters political in this county, said yesterday: "I have known Flint nearly fifteen years, and he is a man of whom we are all proud; he is no machine politician; he has a clean record, and if nominated he will be elected by one of the biggest majorities ever rolled up for a candidate in California. Yes, he is gaining strength in this county daily, and I believe he will get a good part, if not all, of the Orange county delegation. I am bitterly opposed to the ring now running things to suit itself in this State, and I will use what influence I have to down it, and to support Senator Flint."

F. R. Aldrich, Republican County Central Committeeman from La Habra, yesterday said: "Speaking for myself, I am most decidedly in favor of Senator Flint for Governor, and believe he will be nominated and elected. Yes, I am opposed to bossism, as are all good Republicans."

"Well, you went to the horse show?"
"You bet I did."
"What do you think of it?"
"Prettiest women in the country."
—[Atlanta Constitution.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

est ever harvested in the valley. The yield was principally the small white bean, large consignments of which will go to the Philippines, the government having contracted for the same to be used in the army. Of the total yield about 5 per cent. are pinks. Lima beans were not grown this year, as they have proven unsuccessful in past years. The growers were exceptionally fortunate with their crops this year, both in having good crops and getting good prices. With the exception of slight damage from early rains, the weather at no time was injurious to the crop. In former years the hot weather during the blooming period in July inflicted serious damage, while this year the weather was as favorable as could be desired. Owing to the somewhat unsettled condition of the bean market, no large shipments have been made yet. About thirty thousand sacks have been sold so far, bringing from $3.50 to $4 a hundred pounds. However, this price has been paid only where the demand has been for immediate delivery. The ranging price at present is $3.85 to $3 and as high as $3.25 for extra choice. At present there are about sixty thousand sacks stored in the Pacific Coast warehouse and over 90,000 in the Southern Pacific warehouse in Guadalupe, while the balance is scattered throughout the valley.

SANTA MARIA BREVITIES.

The creamery in the lower end of the valley near Guadalupe, which has been shut down for a number of years, will be reopened in the near future. James Boyce, an experienced dairyman from Fresno, has obtained possession of the property and will operate it. This is one of the largest dairies in the country and its output in former years has run as high as 3000 pounds of butter per day. The dry seasons in past years caused the creamery to shut down.

Vagrants and their ilk disguised as peddlers have been overrunning the town during the past week, and it has been all that the officers could do to prevent serious trouble. Several of the party are purporting to be selling stolen jewelry, which in reality is worthless trash. The gang was arrested, but as no evidence could be obtained against them, were released. Their audacious conduct finally resulted in their being run out of town.

The Pacific Coast Railroad Company is going to erect a depot at Blake station, eight miles south of Santa Maria, and put in a telegraph office and express accommodations. Blake, at present, is the point from which the Western Union Oil Company makes its shipments, the oil being piped there from the field, about four miles distant. There is nothing at Blake at present to indicate that it is a station.

Mrs. Mary Jessee died here last week at the age of 79 years. Mrs. Jessee was the widow of the late Archer Jessee, who was an officer under Gen. Fremont at the battle of Salinas, and also taking part in the release of prisoners at Santa Barbara. The deceased was the mother of ten children, all of whom are now residents of this valley.

William Logan, the foreman of the Western Union Oil Company, lost his eye while working at the forge on one of the company's tools. A red-hot splinter burnt the eye so badly that it had to be removed. This is the first accident that has occurred at the Western Union wells during the two years' operation.

John Campbell, an employé on the Harloe ranch, was bitten by a poisonous woodtick, known as "parjorole." Medical aid was summoned, and as the bite is equal to that of a venomous serpent, his condition is serious.

COMET IN SOUTHERN SKY.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—A comet was visible here in the southern sky this evening. There was a head which was plainly visible to the naked eye. There was also a well-defined tail.

Mellin's Infants' Food and good fresh milk make a combination that is like mother's milk.

Send for a free sample of Mellin's Food.

Mellin's Food Company, Boston, Mass.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Conquers Croup, Grippe and Consumption. FREE—A Beautiful Calendar sent free. Mention this paper. A.C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md.

For Downright Goodness Our Wines Are in A Class by Themselves.

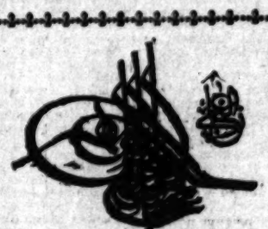
A fine table Claret, equal to imported, per gal.... 50c
Five-year-old Port, the great bargain, per gal..... 50c
Five-year-old Sherry, Angelica or Muscat, per gal. 65c
A superior Grape Brandy, per gal $2.00

EDWARD GERMAIN WINE CO.,

397-399 Los Angeles St., cor. Fourth.

No Bar. Open Evenings. Tel. Main 919.

Our Price List Has a Magnetism Which Keeps Drawing Trade Our Way.



At Auction

$150,000 Worth of

Oriental Rugs, Carpets, etc.

This is the collection mentioned in the papers of our city which Mr. Courian, the proprietor of the Imperial Persian Rug Co., has secured for Los Angeles direct from the marts of Turkey, Persia and Egypt. On account of his store being rented in his absence to other parties, he has decided to sell the entire stock at auction before leaving the store. Every piece will be sold

AT AUCTION

Positively Without Reserve.

It has been demonstrated that when the goods are really sold without reserve, then it is sure to sell them; therefore, in order to dispose of this immense stock, we have decided to make this auction sale without the slightest restriction. We invite the citizens of Southern California to come and see for themselves and secure valuable rugs, which will be sold to the highest bidder, no matter what they bring.

The sale will commence Monday, Dec. 2. AT 2 P.M. DAILY.

330 South Broadway.

Imperial Persian Rug Co.

B.B. SELF RAISING BUCKWHEAT

"Barker's" is Synonymous with Good Furniture since 1881.

420-424 S. Spring Street.

Sherman & Henshey, THE NEW STORE FOR WOMEN. Corner Third and Broadway.

Bailey JEWELER AND OPTICIAN 353 S. Broadway

AUCTIONS.

Auction

Administrator's Sale.

Estate of Albert Jenks.

Monday, Dec. 2, 10 o'clock a.m., at

133 S. Broadway,

Collection of

Oil Paintings

Consisting of about 250 framed and unframed Oil Paintings.

CHAS. H. KELLOGG, Administrator of said Estate.

THOS. B. CLARK, Auctioneer.

AUCTION

40 Horses---311 Aliso St., Saturday, Nov. 30, 10 a.m.

We are instructed by the owner to sell by auction 40 head good young stock, thoroughly broke, all-purpose work and driving horses, including 8 single drivers, 1 matched team, blacks, weighing 2000 pounds; 2 matched driving carriage teams, blacks, together with other teams and single drivers suitable for farm, truck and work horses. This stock, shipped from Tulare County in care of the Golden Gate Feed Stables, to be closed out without limit or reserve. No humbug.

RHOADES & REED.

Auction

Continued sale of the J. D. Beach & Son's Stock of New Furniture, at

531 S. Broadway, Friday at 10 a.m., 2 and 7:30 p.m.,

Consisting of Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Dressers, Handsome Quartered Oak Rockers, Beautiful Brass and Iron Beds, Secretaries, Book Cases, China Closets, Mattresses, Springs, Extension Tables, Dining Chairs, Etc. All of which must be closed out by Saturday night. Horse and Wagon and Fixtures to be sold Saturday at 11 a.m.

C. M. STEVENS, Auctioneer.

Office 421 S. Spring.

Only $2.50

For a Short Time Only. Take Advantage of This Offer.

Suction Plates And Adhesive Plates

$4.50 Up

I have worn a plate over [illegible] years old. Have had plates made by different dentists, and must say my plate made by Dr. Schiffman is the best I ever had, and satisfactory in every respect.

MISS IDA SHEDD, 325 South Spring.

From this date on we will have our work in repair FREE of charge.

Beware of Cheap Imitations.

SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO., 107 N. Spring, Over Hale's Drug Store.

Diseases of Men

Dr. Harrison & Co.

Cures Varicocele in Five Days

We treat every form of weakness, blood taint, contracted diseases of a private nature, kidney and bladder troubles. These conditions are brought on mainly by chronic contracted disorders, social dissipation and excesses.

Why Old Chronic Disorders Are Not Cured by the Treatment Usually Employed.

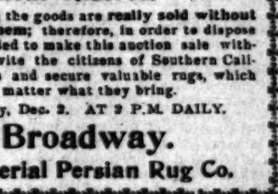
In the more chronic cases of urethral trouble we find spots, patches and areas of inflamed surface, due to neglected and badly treated conditions, which have become localized and are the sources of continual annoyance and irritation.

The first essential in the treatment of these cases is to locate the trouble and to determine its nature and to ascertain if there is superficial ulceration and thickening of the walls of the canal, which is a mass of diseased tissue, producing disordered function of the organ. By the direct application of our local treatment we remove and cure these conditions in a few treatments.

We especially invite cases that do not yield to other methods of treatment. Fees arranged to suit convenience of patients.

129 West Second Street, Opposite First National Bank.

HOURS—9 to 4, 7 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 12.



Dandruff and Falling Hair vanish

before the magic touch of Newbro's Herpicide, the latest scientific discovery. It kills the dandruff germs. Destroy the cause, you remove the effect. Kill the dandruff germ, and your hair will grow abundantly.

Dr. Antooty, Idaho, Dec. 5, '98. Herpicide does all that you claim for it. It has cleansed my head from dandruff, and left my hair fine and soft. Orange M. Chowns.

For Sale at all First-Class Drug Stores.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

HOLLAND-AMERICAN LINE

New York, Boulogne Sur Mer, (Paris,) Rotterdam. Officers and attendants speak English, French and German. Steamers carry an experienced physician and stewardesses.

POTSDAM, Dec. 7. (New twin screw, 12,500 tons.)

MAASDAM, Dec. 14.

ROTTERDAM, Dec. 21. (New twin screw steamer, 5200 tons.)

1st Cabin, $60.00 and upwards.
2nd Cabin, $40.00 and upwards.
Steerage accommodation unsurpassed.

Thos. Cook & Son, Gen'l. Pass. Agents Pacific Coast, 32 Market street, San Francisco, or to any authorized tickets agent.

Santa Barbara County Towns.

SANTA BARBARA THE MASONS' MECCA.

PROGRAMME FOR HIGH SCHOOL CORNER-STONE LAYING.

Death of a Naples Pioneer—Santa Barbara Business Man Dies at His Old Home in Maine—Mrs. Hayford Well Supplied With Money.

SANTA BARBARA, Nov. 28.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The final meeting of the committee of the two local Masonic lodges met last night at the Arlington Hotel to perfect arrangements for the laying of the corner-stone of the new High School building. Reports from the various lodges outside of the city were received and preparations are being made for the accommodation of fully five hundred Masonic visitors, besides the Grand Lodge and the excursion from Los Angeles. Next to the ceremony of laying the corner-stone, the chief feature of the day will be the procession from Fithian Block to the High School grounds. The procession will be formed of two divisions. The first division, headed by the Hayerly Band, will form on East Ortega street, and will include the Mayor, City Council, Board of Education and children of the city schools. The second division will form on West Ortega street, headed by the Santa Barbara Military Band, and will include St. Omer Commandery and visiting Knights acting as escorts to the Grand Lodge of the State. Members of the local lodges and visiting Masons will follow the commandery and precede the Grand Lodge. Sir Knight John Kennedy Harrington will be grand marshal. Thomas D. Wood, William A. Wilson and Ronald Thomas will act as aides in charge of the first division, and F. A. Conant as aide of the second division. The line of march will be from the corner of State and Ortega street up State to Victoria, thence on Victoria to De la Vina, and down De la Vina to the grounds of the High School. After the ceremony of laying the corner-stone, which will be the ritualistic service of the Masons, the procession will reform, without the school children, and will proceed to the Arlington, where lunch will be served at 2:30 o'clock to those forming the procession.

DEATH OF JULIUS DOTY.

The death was reported yesterday of Julius G. Doty, a Naples pioneer, at his home in Doty Cañon, on Tuesday night at 10 o'clock, after a long illness of consumption, growing out of a cold contracted while Mr. Doty was acting as ranger on the forest reserve last winter. For many years Mr. Doty had been one of the prominent farmers of this part of the country, and had been quite successful. His farm of over 200 acres is one of the best cultivated farms in the county, and his strawberries, of which he raised many, were famous. Mr. Doty was born in Knoxville, Knox county, Ill., in 1850. In 1852 he was brought to California with his father's family, the family settling in Santa Clara county. In 1883 Julius Doty came to this county, settling on the ranch where he died. He leaves a widow and nine children. The funeral will take place at the family residence tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in the Montecito Cemetery.

THOMAS CLARK DEAD.

A telegram was received Tuesday afternoon by C. S. Bond announcing the death of Thomas Clark at Auburn, Me. Mr. Clark had been a respected and influential citizen of Santa Barbara for about fourteen years. Failing health caused him to give up active business, to travel in quest of health. A few weeks ago he was ordered by his physician to a cold climate for the winter, and he returned to his former home in Maine. Two weeks ago he telegraphed his wife and daughter, who were at Berkeley during Miss Clark's undergraduate residence at the University, of his serious turn for the worse. They reached his bedside several days ago. Mr. Clark was a native of England, and was 53 years of age. His early life was spent at New Gloucester, Me., where he followed the lumber business. With Mr. Bond as partner, a fellow-townsman in Maine, he established the Union Mill Company here thirteen years ago. Mr. Clark was interested in city property in Santa Barbara and also held large interests in the oil fields of Summerland and Bakersfield.

MRS. HAYFORD HAS MONEY.

Although George Hayford, the swindling attorney, seems to be badly in need of money, and that almost continuously, when the officers searched the Hayford residence they found $2000 in gold hidden away in a bureau drawer. When questioned as to how she came into possession of the money, Mrs. Hayford stated that a friend, of recent arrival in the city, learning that she was in need, gave the money to her. Mrs. Hayford has taken a deep interest in the case of George Stankweather, now in the County Jail under $500 bond, to answer to the charge of burglary, and declares that he shall not return to the penitentiary if she can prevent it, even if she has to bring witnesses from the East to prove that Stankweather was in another State when the crime with which he is charged was committed.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.

An interesting pool tournament began at the Arlington last evening, in which the six best players here are taking part. Proprietor Dunn of the Arlington has offered a cup for the winning team. Last evening Sam Stanwood and Arthur Alexander were defeated by I. G. Waterman and Arthur Wilson, by a score of 90 to 100. The losing team will play Frederick Hamsch and W. W. Burton this evening. The winners of tonight's contest will play last night's victors for the cup tomorrow evening.

The wife of Frank Moran, whose name was signed to a paper found in a bottle on the beach recently, giving a brief account of a shipwreck, in which it is supposed he was lost, has been heard from. The letter is from Marion, Ind., the journals of which city Moran requested to be notified of the find. Mrs. Moran asks that the message be forwarded to her, and says that they have no intelligence, other than the note, from Moran. She feels satisfied that he was really lost at sea.

Mrs. C. T. Thayer met with a painful accident Tuesday afternoon while driving on de la Vina street. She was driving a single horse attached to an open buggy, and had her two small children with her. Immediately after turning off from Cañon Perdido street the horse stumbled and fell, the buggy rushing upon him, throwing Mrs. Thayer out clear over the horse. She sustained several serious bruises, besides other injuries. The children were not thrown out, and were not hurt.

By the request of Judge Day, Judge B. T. Williams of Ventura county heard the case of Eliza P. Elizalde against P. W. Murphy and others, involving a land suit. Upon motion of the plaintiff the suit was dismissed without prejudice to the defendant, Murphy. The remaining defendant, Luigi Marre, was given five days in which to file an amended answer to the complaint. The hearing was set for December 10.

E. S. McGrew of Honolulu, H. I., and bride, who left yesterday for San Francisco, and will sail for the islands December 5. Mr. McGrew is in the customhouse service at Honolulu, and came over for the purpose of wedding Miss Grace M. Heckman of Ventura county, which happy event occurred at the Anacapa Hotel, in Ventura, on Saturday last.

ANOTHER ELOPEMENT FROM SANTA MARIA.

WEALTHY RANCHER'S DAUGHTER RUNS AWAY WITH A MAN.

Mystery as to Identity of Girl's Lover. Bean Harvesting Finished—Blacksmith Loses an Eye—Creamery to Resume Operations—Brevities.

SANTA MARIA, Nov. 27.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Another sensation was caused this week by a young girl named Clara Lopez leaving her parents' home during the still hours of the night and running away with an unknown man. The girl's absence was not discovered until the following morning, when the parents at once made every effort to locate her. The deputy sheriff notified all officers north and south of this place to be on the alert for this pair, but this far not a single clew to the missing girl's whereabouts has been found, excepting that she and a stranger boarded the midnight train at Guadalupe and went as far as San Luis Obispo. Lopez, the girl's father, is a wealthy rancher and has offered a liberal reward for the return of the girl. As to who the man is with whom the girl ran away, neither the girl's father nor any of the residents have any idea.

BEAN HARVESTING DONE.

The phenomenally large bean crop of this season has been harvested at last and the thrashing machines stored under the winter sheds. The last pile of beans was thrashed yesterday at Oso Flaco. The crop amounted to 200,000 sacks and is considered the largest ever harvested in the valley. The yield was principally the small white bean, large consignments of which will go to the Philippines, the government having contracted for the same to be used in the army. Of the total yield about 5 per cent. are pinks. Lima beans were not grown this year, as they have proven unsuccessful in past years. The growers were exceptionally fortunate with their crops this year, both in having good crops and getting good prices. With the exception of slight damage from early rains, the weather at no time was injurious to the crop. In former years the hot weather during the blooming period in July inflicted serious damage, while this year the weather was as favorable as could be desired. Owing to the somewhat unsettled condition of the bean market, no large shipments have been made yet. About thirty thousand sacks have been sold so far, bringing from $3.50 to $4 a hundred pounds. However, this price has been paid only where the demand has been for immediate delivery. The ranging price at present is $3.85 to $3 and as high as $3.25 for extra choice. At present there are about sixty thousand sacks stored in the Pacific Coast warehouse and over 90,000 in the Southern Pacific warehouse in Guadalupe, while the balance is scattered throughout the valley.

The Malted Cereals Co. Malt Breakfast Food

Siphonia Rubber THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST NO SOUP. Call in. Painless Dentistry. DR. G. H. KRIECHBAUM 344 S. Broadway Tel. Main 1147

Climax Folding Chairs Given Away Free. Final announcement Solar Realty Co. 239 Broadway

Rupture Can be cured PROF. Fay 642 S. Main

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS

Pears' is the cheapest and best soap in all the world.

Stricture CURED WHILE YOU SLEEP. Every sufferer from Stricture or VARICOCELE, Prostatitis and Blood Poison, is invited to write to Dr. J. Sanden Sargent, 1051 Market street, San Francisco, and they will send their Illustrated Book, explaining the parts of the male system, and the cause of 90 per cent. of all diseases of the genito-urinary organs, and in urethral ailments. Sealed free. ST. JAMES MEDICAL ASSOCIATION 223 St. James Building, Los Angeles, Cal.

Opened for Business Fine Merchant Tailoring H. GOLDBERG, 344 S. Broadway

ABEL'S WHITE PINE BALSAM is the best for coughs.

20 Second-Hand Sewing Machines $3 up R. B. MOOREHEAD, 239 S. Broadway

Your Liver Will be roused to its work and your biliousness, headache, constipation be cured by Hood's Pills. Sold by all druggists. 25c

If you don't feel just right Figprune Cereal for coffee. A perfect food beverage. Figprune Cereal is an unequaled healthful substitute. Ask your grocer for the new health Cereal, a California product.

FOR SALE OR TRADE. Stock and Grain Ranch of [illegible] acres. A bargain. This splendid ranch has the past an exceptionally good record, and has made money for its owners. It is located in Riverside county, in the best valleys; near railroad town; has necessary buildings, with wells, etc. For particulars, see the CHAPIN-TIBBOT COMPANY, 437 South Broadway.

Los Angeles County—Its Cities and Towns.

PASADENA PAINTER FELL TO HIS DEATH.

[illegible]HORN DIES WITHOUT REGAINING CONSCIOUSNESS.

He Leaves a Sick Wife and Three Children—Union Thanksgiving Day Services—Maccabees Defeat Elks at Baseball—Young Lady Struck by Ball.

PASADENA, Office of The Times, No. [illegible] South Raymond avenue, Nov. 28.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Charles C. Cleghorn, the painter who fell from a ladder yesterday morning, fracturing his skull, died at about 6 o'clock this morning without having regained consciousness since the accident. Cleghorn was working on E. H. Pinney's house on South Marengo avenue, when the ladder slipped, causing him fall about twenty feet. Besides fracturing his skull in two places he broke both arms.

The dead man came here just a year ago yesterday from Milwaukee. He had been a traveling man, but adopted the business of painting after coming here. He leaves a widow and three children. His widow, who resides at No. 339 Summit avenue, has been very ill, so ill that it was at first feared the shock of her husband's accident might cause her a dangerous relapse. Two sons attend Pomona College. They are Ben and Arthur Cleghorn. The daughter, Miss Vera Cleghorn, lives here. Cleghorn was 45 years of age.

An inquest will be held tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the parlors of Ives & Warren. Rev. C. H. Hebart will officiate, assisted by Rev. C. E. Tebbetts.

UNION THANKSGIVING.

The Ministers' Union arranges each year special Thanksgiving Day services, at which all the preachers of the city are in attendance to hear a nonsectarian sermon. This morning Rev. Malcolm J. McLeod, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, preached in the Christian Church. The church was so crowded that many could not find seats.

Rev. McLeod's text was: "Offer unto God thanksgiving and pay thy vows unto the Most High." Psalms 50, 14.

The preacher mentioned a few of the innumerable things for which the American citizen should feel thankful today. "We are thankful, first of all, for our country," he said. "It is the best country in the world. Other countries surpass us in churches, cathedrals, cemeteries, art galleries, museums and homes of antiquity; but in all the things that go to form a part of daily living this is the best country of them all. It is the largest country; it is the most fertile country; it is the richest country. Russia's vast territory is only about half the size of ours. William Sloane says that you could put every American citizen in the State of Texas and they would not be as crowded as the people are in England. Bishop Fellows claims that if our land were brought under tillage it would feed half a billion of people. We ought to be profoundly thankful that God has pitched our tent for us here in this great America, with its 3,000,000 square miles of territory, with its 28,000 miles of riverway, its 12,000 miles of indented shore, its 50,000,000 of people, its temperate climate and arable meadows, a land where famine has never yet been known and where peace and plenty rain a ouniversally.

"Other things for which we should be thankful, said the preacher, are prosperity, good wages, high plane of civilization, and our government. Perhaps it is not wise," he added, "to paint everything in colors over-hopeful, for I know there are dangers confronting us as a people, dangers desperate and dark, but ever let us remember that one with God is a majority."

ELKS VS. MACCABEES.

It took the Maccabees only five innings to pile up twenty-four runs against the Elks' seven this morning in the baseball game on the Terminal grounds. It was a great game from every point of view except that of the critical baseball crank. As a jolly entertainment and fun-maker the game was a success, and people from far and near came, afoot, horseback, on bicycles and in carriages. No baseball or football game has drawn such a crowd in Pasadena in many years. The people were so thick that when a ball passed the diamond it usually struck a spectator. There were lots of pretty girls on the reserved seats that had been set aside for the ladies, and one of these, Miss Mary Morse of Lincoln avenue, was struck on the cheek by a swift foul hot off the bat of one of the Maccabees. The young lady was so seriously hurt that she had to be taken home in a carriage.

The players were:

Maccabees.		Elks.
Wearing	catcher	Jones
Applegate	pitcher	Langworthy
Thorburg	first base	Miller
Baker	second base	Granger
Shaver	third base	Lippencott
Heydenrich	shortstop	Smith
Gay	left field	Leland
Webb	center field.	Rowray
Clark	right field	Gentry

George Robinson umpired. A return game is talked of for Christmas. By that time the Elks think they can get in practice so as to make a better showing against their more experienced rivals.

TOURNAMENT PROGRESS.

President James R. H. Wagner of the Tournament of Roses Association announced that Dixey Thompson of Santa Barbara has signified his intention to appear in the parade upon his celebrated saddle horse, bedecked with a handsome saddle and bridle that are noted for their beauty. A feature of the parade will be a Chinese six-in-hand coach with a dozen or fifteen Chinese children in oriental attire. Oscar Chaves, secretary of the Mexican Harmonic Club has secured the attendance of sixty of the most expert horsemen in Southern California, who will exhibit feats in horsemanship. C. Reynolds has been appointed grand marshal of the parade.

The classification of prizes for vehicles and equestrians is as follows: One-horse runabouts, three prizes; one-horse carts, two prizes; one-horse surreys, three prizes; one-horse buggies, phaetons and buckboards, three prizes; two-horse basket, mail and spider phaetons, three prizes; two-horse surreys and victorias, three prizes; two-horse brakes and golf wagons, two prizes; two-horse tandems, two prizes; four-in-hand brakes and coaches, one prize; four-in-hand tallyhos, one prize; six-in-hand brakes and coaches, one prize; six-in-hand tallyhos, one prize automobiles, steam, one seat, two prizes; automobiles, steam, two seats, two prizes; automobiles, steam, electric and gasoline, one seat, two prizes; automobiles, electric and gasoline, two seats, two prizes; autocycles, two prizes; child pony or burro cart; two prizes; novelties in vehicles, two prizes; school four and six-in-hand, two prizes; school, other vehicles, two prizes; man equestrian, two prizes; woman, equestrienne, two prizes; boy, equestrian, two prizes; girl, equestrienne, two prizes; man, bicycle, two prizes; woman, bicycle, two prizes; boy, bicycle, two prizes; girl, bicycle, two prizes; tandem, two prizes; novelty bicycle, two prizes; floats, three prizes; fire department, one prize; best-decorated private vehicle, $100 cup, to be won twice successively.

Persons who have subscribed money are respectfully requested to pay, as the plans have gotten so far along that cash is needed by the management. Decorations will be a great feature of the parade of New Year's Day, and the directors announce that if citizens intending to trim their palm trees will communicate with the association, a favor will be conferred.

TURKEY SHOOT.

At the turkey shoot at the Country Club this morning Charles S. Cristy won first prize; Seymour Locke second, C. B. Scoville third, Walter Hansen fourth, H. H. Sinclair fifth, F. E. Wilcox, sixth, and Ed Groenendyke, booby. Col. I. P. Hansen was awarded a special prize for making the best single shot at the bullseye. The first prize was a thirty-five pound turkey, the other prizes being graded down at the rate of five pounds each. The booby prize was a small bantam rooster, arrayed in a red coat and green trousers. About twenty-five contestants took part in the shoot, each man having ten shots.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

Co. I, with Capt. Collins in command, marched to the Patton ranch this morning and held a field day with jumping, running, base, ball and the like. Thus they worked up a good appetite for a Thanksgiving dinner, which was served upon improvised tables in the open air. Prizes were awarded the winners in the athletics.

Over seven hundred postal cards have been received by the Board of Trade's Committee of Sixteen in answer to requests for the intention of voters on the bond issue. The campaign work is going steadily on, citizens of each ward making detailed canvasses of their neighbors, whose attitude is reported at periodical meetings.

Conductor C. Sparks of the electric road was caught between two cars while coupling them this evening on Chestnut street. His hip was painfully bruised, but he was not seriously hurt.

Mme. Calvé returned on the Owl train to San Francisco tonight, after spending about a week at the Green, and visiting surrounding points of interest. She expects to sing on Saturday night.

Hotel La Pintoresca reopened for the season with Thanksgiving dinner today. There are many guests in the house and a number are expected to arrive on Saturday.

A. F. Keyes of South Los Robles avenue is quite ill.

Miss Beth Sill of North Vernon avenue has been suffering with pneumonia.

TROPICO.

SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT.

TROPICO, Nov. 28.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] A very interesting entertainment was given at the Tropico public school Wednesday afternoon, under the direction of the principal, J. N. Stewart, and his assistants, Isabel Travis and May Norris. The programme consisted of recitations, vocal and instrumental music and closed with a farce-comedy entitled "Dr. Cure-all and His Patients."

The Tropico Improvement Society met at Richardson's Hall last Friday evening. The Chinese exclusion question was among the subjects discussed.

J. G. Bennett is erecting a cottage on his recently-purchased lot, corner San Fernando road and Park lane.

COVINA.

THANKSGIVING SERMON.

COVINA, Nov. 28.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Union Thanksgiving services were conducted this morning in the Christian Church, this sacred edifice being crowded to the doors. The Rev. S. H. Enyeart, pastor of the Methodist Church of this place, taking as the foundation for his remarks Proverbs xiv, 34, "Righteousness exalteth a nation; but sin is a reproach to any people," delivered a masterful address, showing a thorough knowledge of things political, social and religious, as they exist in America today. He said, in part:

"We hail with delight and thanksgiving the courage of the President of the United States, who has declared his purpose to make merit the grounds of preferment in his appointments of men to responsible positions, and not party politics. Long live President Roosevelt to carry out the purposes and wishes of the nation's martyred President, the great and good William McKinley! To lead the nation out into a large place, God gave us McKinley, for which we devoutly thank Him. Let us also equally thank Him for one to take his place so competent to administer the affairs of our nation as not to create a ripple in our continued prosperity by the sudden change in the head of the government.

"Let us thank God for our common school system, where the Bible has a place, where the masses of children and youth from American homes of all creeds and no creeds, come in contact with, and are consciously, or unconsciously, influenced by that righteous sentiment which is always inculcated by a moral and upright faculty, and of which the word of God is the foundation.

"Let us thank God for the religious, moral and secular press, which are powerful agencies in moulding for righteousness the sentiment of the nation, counteracting the influence of the corrupt and immoral press that is a reproach to any people.

"But let us remember that the God of nations and individuals will not be slow to rebuke sin that is a reproach to any people; that righteousness is the preserving and elevating element of nations; that what saviour is to salt, righteousness is to our free American institutions. So we will thank God for that righteous sentiment that is emphasized by our churches and our Sunday-schools, by our colleges and seminaries, by our Christian and moral press, and by any other God-ordained means by which righteousness is stamped upon our national life. It is to this we owe our prosperity, and upon this we base our hopes and expect the perpetuation of our glorious republic. May it continue to ascend to heaven in the lump social and political, until the whole lump is purified. With gratitude we mark the prosperity of the past: the new independence of other nations achieved by us; the new and advanced place we have taken among the great powers of the world; our greater commercial independence with the balance of trade immensely in our favor; and all the great blessings that have come to both church and State."

For Durability, Economy in Fuel.

Utica, N. Y., "Superior" furnace has no equal. Heating and ventilating a specialty. Estimates given. Los Angeles Heating Co., No. 522 West Seventh. Tel. Peter 652.

OLD GLORY UNFURLED AT SANTA CATALINA.

AVALON PUBLIC SCHOOL HOLDS PATRIOTIC EXERCISES.

New School Building is Credit to Island—Relic Hunters Return from San Nicolas—La Gironde Still on Rocks—Avalon Brevities.

AVALON, Nov. 28.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The new schoolhouse was the scene of patriotic exercises yesterday afternoon. It was the raising of the flag purchased by contributions of the citizens through the efforts of Mrs. V. Gray, and the school availed itself of the opportunity of giving a popular entertainment which sparkled with patriotism and thanksgivings. There were numerous songs and recitations in the schoolroom, and then an adjournment was had to the yard in front of the building, where a dialogue in costume was given, entitled "Columbia's Reception," with the following characters: Columbia, Miss Mylle Nelson; Columbus, Clarence Hinkle; Washington, Lance Bolton; Pilgrim, Edrick Moore; Cuba, Gladys Cosgrove; soldier, Harold Rider; Fairy Queen, Miss Lottie Donaldson.

The flag was then run up to its place, and the exercises were concluded with a stirring address by Rev. C. M. Williams.

Avalon now has a school building of which it can well be proud. It was erected at a cost of $5000, and its two ample rooms are furnished with the latest school paraphernalia. It also contains a library room and the nucleus of both a library and a museum. There are now sixty-five pupils enrolled, and nine grades are taught. Mrs. M. E. McFarland, who has for a number of years been the only teacher, is now assisted by Miss Eva Riggins, who has charge of the smaller scholars.

SAN NICOLAS RELICS.

The party of relic hunters which went over to San Nicolas two weeks ago, on the Mascot, consisting of Messrs. Crose, Murphy, Vith and Capt. Holbrook, returned this morning with an extensive collection of curios and remains of the ancient inhabitants of that once densely-populated island. The collection is said to be the best ever procured in so short a time. They report that the stranded schooner, La Gironde, remains still in her old position, notwithstanding a force of fifteen men has for some time been at work trying to float her, on the high tide at full moon. The workers have all left the scene except three, who are encamped on the island. The San Pedro party which took possession of the schooner made no resistance to the wreckers who bought her subject to salvage, at auction in San Francisco, but gave possession and left the island.

AVALON BREVITIES.

A purse of $100 collected by Mrs. J. S. Pitman from the citizens of Avalon, was presented to Miss E. P. Williams as a Thanksgiving remembrance this morning. Miss Williams is a sister to Rev. C. M. Williams, and has been very active in church work and musical circles.

Judge Allen, who has been a resident and business man on the island for many years, has at length become a property owner, having purchased the Avalon Inn, a hostelry of some forty rooms.

Mr. and Mrs. William F. Robertson of Denver are greatly enjoying the Catalina fishing. Yesterday morning while out with the Queen they captured seven albicore and three sharks. One of the albicore, taken by Mrs. Robinson, weighed 36 pounds.

The resounding crack of the rifle has been incessant all day at the rifle range, where some fifty turkeys and chickens were shot for.

POMONA.

CHURCH BAZAAR.

POMONA, Nov. 28.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The grand bazaar of St. Joseph's Church and the Academy of Holy Names opened auspiciously at the operahouse last evening, the attendance being good. A number of attractive booths, where fancy articles, confections, etc., are sold, have been arranged about the hall, which has been artistically decorated. The programme last evening consisted of some well-rendered descriptive songs, sung by Miss Lillian Scanlon of Los Angeles, and illustrated with stereopticon slides; a cornet solo by S. D. Loucks, vocal solo by Miss Marie Rawson of Ramona Convent, a vocal solo by a member of the Ruble Theater Company, and selections by an orchestra composed of Messrs. Dowse, Drumm, Sisson, Young, Clogston and Mrs. L. S. Androus.

THANKSGIVING SERVICE.

The union Thanksgiving services at the Methodist Church were attended by a large audience. Rev. Dr. L. H. Frary of the Congregational Church presided, and the opening prayer was offered by Rev. C. D. Williamson of the Presbyterian Church. Rev. W. C. Clatworthy of the Baptist Church and Rev. C. J. French of St. Paul's Episcopal Church read the scripture lessons, and Rev. Dr. G. W. White of the Methodist Church the President's proclamation. The sermon was delivered by Rev. Grant K. Lewis of the Christian Church. Rev. G. L. Taylor of the Methodist Church, South, offered the closing prayer, and Rev. J. D. Ilig of the German Evangelical Church pronounced the benediction.

POMONA BREVITIES.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Arrowsmith.

Every department of the Pomona public schools, from the kindergarten to the High School pupils, contributed generously of clothing and provisions to the Fruit and Flower Mission's annual Thanksgiving disbursements to the poor in this locality yesterday. The young ladies of the mission report that there is little real want and poverty existing here this year. They have supplied about fifteen families with Thanksgiving dinners.

The Rathbone sisters had a pleasant meeting here last evening. Mrs. George Samuels of Oakland, Grand Chief of the order, and the Past Chief, Mrs. S. Stibbens of Riverside, were present. Bountiful refreshments were served.

SOCIALIST DEPUTIES DISORDERLY.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 28.—Amid scenes of violent disorder, the Socialists forced an adjournment of the Chamber of Deputies, owing to the refusal of the government to consider a universal suffrage resolution. The Socialists announced they would continue their obstruction indefinitely, and prevent a vote on the budget until their demands are granted.

FOR a really fine French dinner at 75c (wine included,) go to the Del Monte.

DESPONDENT YOUTH TAKES HIS LIFE.

N. CHRIS NIELSON ENDS IT ALL WITH A REVOLVER.

Came Here from Iowa Without Means, Was Unable to Find Work, and Committed Suicide by Shooting Himself Through the Heart.

Two thousand miles from home, without money, unable to get work and with only one friend, N. Chris Nielson, aged 23 years, ended his life in a room at Mrs. F. Kelly's lodging house, No. 243½ South Spring street, Wednesday night by shooting himself through the heart. No one heard the shot. Yesterday morning the dead body was found lying in the middle of the room.

Nielson's home was in Mason City, Iowa, and most of his life had been spent on a farm. He knew little of the ways of the world, but being confident of his ability to better his condition, he decided to come to California. He induced a boyhood friend, Egloff Anderson, to come with him. They had no special place in view, but to them California meant prosperity. They arrived last Monday with less than $2. Then they began a tedious hunt for work. Little did they know that there are many places where they could have secured employment, but it so happened that they did not find any of those places. Nielson's mind was none too strong, and on Tuesday night he appeared at the Police Station and told the officers that he was the victim of a plot to kill him. He was placed in the Receiving Hospital until the next day. After having been well fed he seemed to recover from the depression which had almost overcome him when he applied there. Now it is believed that his condition was largely due to hunger.

Wednesday afternoon Nielson again met his friend Anderson. They had 70 cents between them, and Anderson insisted that Nielson take the money and secure a room for the night. The room cost 50 cents and Anderson took the remaining 20 cents and bought some food, which he shared with Nielson. The latter went to the room and Anderson walked the streets all night. Whether it was a return of the fit of desperation upon Nielson which caused him to end his life, or whether it was the prompting of a mind half insane, will never be known, but Nielson never went to bed. Instead he took off his clothes and standing in the center of the room, placed a pistol at his breast, fired a 32-caliber bullet through his heart and fell dead. By order of the Coroner the body was taken to Booth & Boylson's undertaking establishment, where an inquest will be held today.

Anderson was taken in charge by the police after the tragedy and will be cared for until a reply is received to a telegram sent to his relatives at Mason City, Iowa, asking for money with which to return home.

FROM MINING FIELDS.

Activity in Dragon District of Arizona—Sale of Blue Bell Group—Huachua Mountain Field.

The Blue Bell group of mines located in the Dragon district, in Southern Arizona, has been sold to Hugh McKay & Co. of Denver for $30,000 cash. The property was owned jointly by J. H. and L. H. Wein and L. H. Mitchel, the latter being well known in local business circles.

A deal has also been closed in that section which involves large water interests. A. E. Hoggott, superintendent of the Blue Bell mine, has purchased for the Del Rio Smelting Company two ranches at El Rio. From these ranches, twenty miles north of Prescott, that city obtains its water supply. Under the terms of the purchase Prescott has the right to the water two days of every four.

A large deal was also closed this week which involves extensive mining interests in New Mexico. This deal includes the sale of the Lead King, the Lead Queen and the Salinas Peak mines in the San Andreas Mountains to the General Concentrates Company of New York.

The properties are fully developed, the Lead Queen showing twelve feet of concentrating ore and hundreds of tons of ore on the dump. The cash payment was $37,000, and the royalty payments will total $80,000.

IN HUACHUA MOUNTAINS.

The Huachua Consolidated Development Company in driving a tunnel on its property, situated in the Huachua Mountains of Arizona, encountered at a depth of seventy-five feet its first ledge of high-grade ore. The ore, it is reported, carries about $50 in gold to the ton, and further work on the vein shows it to be a very rich streak.

In the same mountains Mr. Curtiss has a tunnel in 375 feet, and at that point encountered a flow of water, but from the mine he has already taken 1000 tons of high-grade copper ore.

The Exposed Reef Mining Company is now planning to erect a 1000-ton reduction plant at the base of the mountains, to handle its ore, which carries high values in gold.

The Sonora Mining and Milling Company, operating in the Altar district, Sonora, is making preparations to install a fifty-ton lixiviation plant.

PROGRESS OF NEW COMSTOCK.

S. C. Bagg, general manager of the New Comstock mines on the Colorado River above Needles, is in the city for a few days. He reports great activity along the river on the Arizona side, and states that the New Comstock is developing a group of claims near the Gold Road properties. The latter mine sold last month for a quarter of a million dollars. The New Comstock has leased a twenty-stamp mill on the river, and will begin milling its ore next week.

FROM DOUGLAS TO EL PASO.

Fifty-five miles of the new railroad has been built from Douglas toward El Paso, and nineteen miles only remains unfinished from Nacosari to the present terminus of the road being built south of Douglas. The road is complete from Deming to Deming Junction, a distance of thirty-five miles, and the company expects to have through connections to Douglas by February 1, 1902.

BISBEE GROWING.

Bisbee continues to grow in a most wonderful manner, and on every side new buildings are being erected. Strangers are daily arriving, and a general era of prosperity prevails here and in the surrounding country. The new hotel being erected by the Copper Queen Consolidated Mining Company is nearing completion, and will soon be ready for the furnishings, which have arrived from Grand Rapids, Mich. It is said this will be the finest hotel in the Territory when thrown open to the public in the near future. The new building of the Bank of Bisbee is nearing completion. It is a handsome building made of pressed brick, and is situated in the heart of the town. The $25,000 gymnasium being erected by the Copper Queen company is being built as rapidly as supplies can be obtained.

STRIKE OF POTTER'S CLAY.

Several important beds of kaolin, or potter's clay, has been discovered in Santa Barbara county by Dr. Wray of this city, who has filed locations on the same. The clay is said to be a superior white product, and is adapted to the manufacture of a fine quality of china ware.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P. M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta	4	Mexican	17
Belcher	4	Occidental Con	2
Best & Belcher	14	Ophir	75
Bullion	2	Overman	8
Caledonia	21	Potosi	4
Challenge Con	12	Savage	5
Chollar	5	Sierra Nevada	8
Confidence	62	Silver Hill	21
Con. Cal. & Va.	165	Standard	325
Crown Point	2	Union Con	11
Gould & Curry	7	Utah Con	11
Hale & Norcross	17	Yellow Jacket	9

WOMEN'S CLUBS.

Ruskin Art Club.

The Ruskin Art Club Wednesday continued the study of the art environment of the age of Charlemagne, begun at the preceding meeting. Mrs. Lyman Farwell led the club in its work. Mrs. F. H. Snowdon sketched the life of Bagdad, ancient and modern, the personality of Haroun al Raschid and his successors, and his relations with Charles and with the Emperor of China. Mrs. W. H. Housh read a paper by Mrs. N. P. Conrey, which reviewed in like manner the life of Cordova and the character of Abdur Rahman. Mrs. Farwell described the great mosque of Cordova, the bridge and the city as it is today. Mrs. D. C. Barber read a paper on Constantinople. Miss A. M. Donovan, turning to western life again, spoke on the subject of some of the Swiss monasteries and convents, their services to history and art. Mr. W. T. McFie gave a résumé of Italian history in the age of Charles. Miss Bertha Judson read an extract on Cordova, and Miss A. E. Waddleigh gave a brief, comprehensive talk on mediaeval painting.

Covina Monday Afternoon Club.

Monday was social afternoon with the women of the Covina Monday Afternoon Club, and a full membership and a number of invited guests were present—over seventy-five in all. The hall was decorated with autumn flowers and foliage. Appropriate to the Thanksgiving season were large clumps of chrysanthemums supported in jardinieres made from mammoth squash. Mrs. B. F. Cook read a paper on "Thanksgiving, Past and Present." This was followed by a lecture on "Hygiene in the Home," by Dr. Fredora Keep of Los Angeles. At the close of her talk the doctor was tendered a vote of thanks. The literary programme was followed by refreshments of pumpkin and mince pies, served by the hostess of the afternoon, Mrs. E. G. Prather, assisted by Mmes. Silent, Clark, Clapp, Burpee, Cook and Thorne.

Wednesday Morning Club.

The Shakespeare section of the Wednesday Morning Club met as usual with the leader, Mrs. Anna S. Averill. The reading and analysis of the play of "Coriolanus" was completed. A paper on "Coriolanus" was read by Mrs. O. H. Hubbard. "Twelfth Night" is the next play to be studied, and will be taken up in two weeks.

Pomona Club.

The Pomona Woman's Club has held its sessions for the current year once in two weeks, beginning October 7. It has adopted as the subject for the year's study some poems of John Milton—the first six books of "Paradise Lost," "The Hymn on the Nativity" and "Comus." The history of England during the period during which Milton lived and wrote is considered in connection with the literary study of the poet. At the last meeting of the club book II of the "Paradise Lost" was commenced. Mrs. C. C. Zittes and Mrs. L. H. Frary were the editors for the day, while the history quiz questions for the period between the momentous years, 1649 and 1660, were prepared and distributed by Mrs. Elizabeth Ninde. Mrs. Ninde also gave an abstract of the historical events leading up to this period.

The characters described in Milton's account of the infernal Senate which held its first convention in Pandomonium had been introduced at the previous meeting by Mrs. Mitchell, and the history quiz upon the period 1640 to 1649 was conducted by Mrs. Mitchell at the same time. Mrs. J. Wilkinson had given the last part of book I previously on that day.

At an earlier date, on October 21, Mrs. A. J. Bartlett and Mrs. F. L. Palmer had made the first part of the first book very interesting to the club. On October 7 Prof. Spaulding of Pomona College was with the club, and gave a critical estimate of the value of the subject of study for the year, and of Milton's place in literature.

PRINCESS VIROQUA, M. D.

Endorses Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound After Following Its Record For Years.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Health is the greatest boon bestowed on humanity and therefore anything that can restore lost health is a blessing. I consider **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** as a blessing to State and Nation. It cures her mothers and daughters and makes them well and strong.

PRINCESS VIROQUA.
Practicing Physician and Lecturer.

"For fifteen years I have noted the effect of your Vegetable Compound in curing special diseases of women.

"I know of nothing superior for ovarian trouble, barrenness, and it has prevented hundreds of dangerous operations where physicians claimed it was the only chance to get well. Ulceration and inflammation of the womb has been cured in two or three weeks through its use, and as I find it purely an herbal remedy, I unhesitatingly give it my highest endorsement. —Fraternally yours, DR. P. VIROQUA, Lansing, Mich."—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

If you are ill do not hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. for special advice; it is entirely free.

Established a Generation Ago.

In this field the methods of Dr. Meyers & Co. are so different and superior from those used by the regular physician as to make comparison hardly necessary. We cure such diseases readily and permanently, driving every trace of disease from the system and afflicted parts. Moreover, we cure and build up the health and constitution at the same time.

Contracted Diseases.

Not only is our method painless and infallible, but it removes even the possibility of evil results or complications.

Fees for treatment are moderate, and payment may be arranged to suit each patient's convenience. Write for particulars regarding our Home Treatment and our Free Book.

DR. MEYERS & CO., 218 South Broadway, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

HOURS—Daily, 9 to 12, 1 to 4; Evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 12.

Only $2.50

For a Short Time Only.

Take Advantage of This Opportunity.

Suction Plates

And

Adhesive Plates

$4.50 Up

I had my upper and lower teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman without any pain. I have since had an upper and lower set made, and they fit fine. They fit so tight that it is with difficulty that I can remove them. I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Schiffman and his work, and advise every one needing work done to patronize him.

MRS. E. J. KELLOGG, 148 W. 18th St.

From this date on we will keep all our work in repair FREE of charge.

Beware of Cheap Imitators.

SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO.,
107 N. Spring, Over Hale's Dry Goods Store.

$100

TO ANYONE who will prove that it is not more economical to distribute and deliver water in Southern California or Arizona with Pack-asphalt Fibre Pipe than by any other method.

We will give you complete figures for comparison and catalogue free.

A. P. PIPE COMPANY,
201 N. Los Angeles St.,
Los Angeles, Cal.

Air Tight Heaters

are the best to use these nippy mornings. Your money will buy more heat here than anywhere else.

H. Guyot. 114 S. Spring.

Established 1854

Williamson Bros.,

Sole Agents for Southern California.
327 S. Spring St.

The Equitable Gas and Electric Company
217 New High St.

PIANOS 25 Broadway AT **SALYER'S**

Berlin Dye Works

—CLEANERS AND DYERS—
242 S. BROADWAY. Tel. M. 693

NEW OLIVES.

Large size and finest flavor.
NATIONAL VINEGAR AND PICKLE CO.
230 E. Fourth St. Tel. South 17.

New Idea Patterns Are the Best. Try Them—Price 10c.

GOODENOW'S, 123½ and 125 S. Spring Street, through to 111 West Second Street.

Diamonds are Tramps

Something exclusive in rings and brooches.

O. L. WURKER,
229 S. Spring Street.

SHOES.

You will find the best Shoes at right prices.
HAMILTON & BAKER, 229 S. SPRING ST.

THE W. H. PERRY LUMBER MFG. CO.

LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL.
234-239 COMMERCIAL ST.

WHY NOT? THE YALE BICYCLE & H. RIEDEN CYCLE HOUSE.
452 SOUTH BROADWAY.

—FORD TRACT—

Maple Ave. and San Pedro St., between 30th and 37th Sts. Cars run direct to it. For a short time, lots will be sold at $600. R. A. ROWAN, 419 and 420 Douglas Building.

ORIENTAL RUGS

At cost, marked in plain figures. Call 320 S Broadway.

Dr. C. C. Logan, oculist, has removed his office from Laughlin bldg. to 324 S. Spring street, with Los Angeles Optical Co.

Diamonds, Watches, AND SILVERWARE. A. CONRADI, Jeweler 328 S. Spring St.

MEN WEAKNESS CURED BY DR. KING & CO. Quick treatment for skin, blood, kidney, private diseases. Write for book and question list. 130½ S. SPRING ST. LOS ANGELES.

Blood and Skin Diseases

Positively Cures from 4 to 40 Days

I HAVE secured the services and treatment of an old specialist of 30 years' experience in the treatment of all Blood and Skin Diseases. Our Remedies are entirely new and contain no mercury or iodide of potash, and we positively cure Syphilis, Cancer, Indolent Ulcers, Eczema, Pimples, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Stricture, Piles, and all private diseases. A trial treatment free in any typical case. Office: 324½ SOUTH BROADWAY, over Wall & Chilson's drug store, rooms 311 to 312, hours from 9:30 A.M. to 4:30 P.M.; 7 P.M. to 9:30 P.M. MELVIN E. SYKES, M. D.

PLANT

Garden and Flower Seeds and Set Out Shrubs, Plants and Bulbs

this month. The rain has used things just right for you.

Our stock is largest and most reliable in the Southwest.

Germain Seed and Plant Co.,
216-220 S. MAIN ST.
Tel. Main 106.

Ask for Catalogue

BLOOD POISON

PRIMARY, SECONDARY OR TERTIARY Blood Poison Permanently Cured. You can be treated at home under same guarantee. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows, falling out, write

Cook Remedy Co.

1072 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital $500,000. We solicit the most obstinate cases. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. 100-page book Free.

THE FOO AND WING HERB COMPANY

(An Incorporation)
T. Foo Yuen, President, physician to the Emperor of China.
933 SOUTH OLIVE ST., LOS ANGELES.

This company manufactures and sells the celebrated IMPERIAL REMEDIES, prepared strictly from the most approved formulas of Oriental physicians, many of them famed by centuries of use, and constituting the most complete and valuable series of specifics for the cure of disease ever placed before the world.

For catarrh, or other poisons used. For further particulars call or write.

The Dr. Wong Co. AND CHINESE HERBS

INVESTIGATE

The famous Wong remedies improved and perfected for all disorders, have a record of 19 years in Los Angeles. Thousands have tried them as a last resort and been restored to health. Herbs and medicine for sale. Sanitarium and office

713 S. Main St.

V-E-R-U-S

PILE CURE.

GUARANTEED by reliable druggists..... $2.00

ONE BOTTLE CURES McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure

Is a positive cure for RHEUMATISM.

One dose relieves. One bottle cures. Send 50c to W. F. McBurney, 118 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal., for five days' treatment. Express prepaid. Druggists.

A Common Cause of Sickness.

When the liver is sluggish and inactive the stomach will not digest food, and constipation, headaches and a general state of ill health result. In this condition use nothing but Wells' English Pills. They regulate the stomach and give vital forces and energy; they drive away drowsiness, tired feelings and all troubles caused by an inactive liver.

We Clean Clothes and Clean Them Right.

CITY DYE WORKS, 240 S. Broadway. Tel. M. 351

Guns for Rent.

All makes—50 cents per day.
J. H. MASTERS, 139 South Main Street.

Jones' Book Store,

226 West First.

Books bought, sold, exchanged. Late novels rented for 10c.

THE LAND.

Orchard, Farm, Garden, Rancho and Stockyard.

[J. W. JEFFREY, AGRICULTURAL EDITOR.]

NOTES AFIELD.

Shortage of Cars.

ALREADY the complaint is heard of the difficulty experienced in getting cars for orange shipments. Can it be possible that the experiences of last year are to be repeated? Of all things this would be the most fatal. If there is a disarrangement of all shipping eastward again it requires little thought to discover whom the principal sufferers shall be. Is there no remedy, no relief? If the trouble is chargeable to general disorganization upon the part of the carriers, that will not make the loss to fall less heavily upon the growers of perishable products. Though the transcontinental lines be doing their utmost that only makes the situation the more alarming.

Timely Hints.

The apple growers who will assemble at Downey in a few days to consider the best means of a general onslaught upon their enemies, the San José scale and the codling moth, should remember that they will barely have time to organize and prepare for the work in time for it to be effective. The deciduous period of the year is the season in which to attack the San José scale. Space does not appear here in which to give the lye formula, or the kerosene method or the recipe for the lime-sulphur-salt wash. But many interested readers of The Times may be reminded that the time for preparations for next season's campaign is almost here.

Good Roads in Sight.

It has been suggested to me by one who had visited the new rock-crushing machine at Azusa, that, while it works to perfection, it is folly to advocate such an expensive process till the State takes hold of the matter by providing the crushing machines to be loaned out to enterprising communities which were anxious to build macadamized roads. This is too broad by far. Tired of waiting for an effective road law, there may be many communities ready to secure a crusher and build their own roads under direction of the authorities. They would not have to build on the Azusa basis twice in a generation. The section recently constructed on San Gabriel avenue is as near perfect as roadways can be constructed. Ordinary rotten granite roads may be cheap at 9 cents a running foot. But they would be cheaper at 90 cents constructed upon the basis of a generation of life.

Tree Road Sprinklers.

It has been suggested that the streets running north and south should be planted to evergreen trees, such as Monterey pine, English and live oak, grevellia robusta, or "black acacia;" that streets running east and west be aligned with deciduous trees, as the maples, elms and others. If we have four million roadside shade trees in Southern California, which is the only estimate I have ever seen, that means a large mileage of roads to shade in summer and protect from muddy conditions in winter. Great, towering shade trees are supposed by the unobservant to irrigate their own roots by leaf condensation. They perhaps do make considerable wetness of foggy weather by that means, but that only increases their injury to roads in winter. As an extractor of water in dry times they are more effective, as all growers of fruits know. As oranges develop largely in winter, the suggestion concerning the introduction of deciduous roadside trees is good.

Orange Caterpillar.

This incipient pest promises to leave us entirely. As soon as the growers discovered that it was the larvae of a small moth, and not of a fly, apprehension ceased. This season no complaint is heard of this worm. Like most of the moths, all in fact, but the codling moth, there is something in our boasted climate that does not agree with him. The Mexican orange worm has not found lodgment in the orchards of Southern California. Alexander Craw's reports for the current year show that infested importations are still intercepted at San Francisco. No Mexican steamers now touch at our local ports, and the vigilance of the State quarantine officials promises efficiency in keeping out this great pest. The State authorities under Mr. Craw are handling this threatened invasion must effectively, and the present line of policy will be continued to the end.

Disfiguring the Landscape.

There are two classes of neglected orchards in Southern California, both eyesores to the prospect abroad and each a detriment to the fruit interests of the country. One is that class of trees planted years ago, and, through the unadaptability of varieties or the shiftlessness of the owners, left in a neglected, run-down condition to disgrace the neighborhood. These orchards are gradually disappearing. In some cases better farmers have purchased the land; in others the owners have taken courage toward the cleaning up of the nuisance or bringing them up to date again by cultivation. In many localities the owners of adjacent property have discovered that the law has provided a swift, sure means for the abatement of these infectious properties.

The other class of orchards that breed disgrace and infection to surrounding lands were planted years ago purely to sell the land on which they find a half-starved existence. This is the hardest class to reach, for public opinion has no effect upon the owners who hold them ready to sell to suckers "unsight unseen." In numerous instances these decoy orchards have been the vehicle of downright frauds and The Times has paid respects to their promoters on many occasions. In one neighborhood near Los Angeles these decoys are doing duty in old-time style. Dirty, scaly, half-dead trees they contain, and there they have stood till surrounding property owners have reached the limit of endurance, and the places that once knew these infected trees will soon know them no more.

No sensible investor will buy raw land before giving it a critical examination, much less pay a premium of $50 or $100 an acre for an alleged orchard. Rather should he judge for himself as to the kinds of fruit he should propagate, varieties that should be grown and as to general orchard conditions. It has been said that orcharding in Southern California, like gold mining, has cost more through mistakes in location than has been made in actual achievement altogether. This was true ten years ago—now such a statement is supremely ridiculous. And yet I know of one large territory in which $10 has been spent for every dollar of income—and nine-tenths of the orchards are more or less neglected and many of them abandoned altogether. All the orchards built to boom land are of olives, peaches, apricots and prunes, and a sorry lot they are from every point of view. Nor is this trouble confined to waterless, neglected territory. Alhambra has organized an improvement society which is now preparing for a crusade against the non-residents, and indifferents at home who care little how poorly they provide for their trees. Mapped out in black and white will these horticultural misfits soon be at Alhambra and placarded for everybody to view them. Pasadena is joining the crusade, and other localities will discover how damaging is the toleration of these vegetable skeletons in their midst. The law does not recognize the right to own property subject to quarantine on sight and has provided an easy remedy. So vigorously has Alhambra taken hold of this measure of riddance that the people have formed a fund to be used in taking out old, useless orchards as quickly as they get the legal right to do so. Strength to the arm.

Extremes Meet.

A short distance south of Covina the blocks of evergreen orchard trees are cut off as with a great knife, leaving the land to the southward, brown and bare, save in the growing and harvest time, when the plains abound in cereal life second to nothing in beauty and productiveness. The line marks the bounds of the irrigated district, and is the contrast of the old and the new—the extensive and the intensive condition, as extreme from each other as the landscape they cover. For the use of our contrast it so happens that two brothers are planting together about four thousand acres of grain, and that an adjoining irrigation district has been planted to 4000 acres of citrus fruits.

The grain land is to be plowed, sown, reaped and thrashed with one immense traction engine. This machine is to be run by four men, who will put in but a small portion of the year in actual field work. It is safe to say that two men working all the year can plant, care for, harvest and thrash the crop of this large body of land by the use of the improved machinery with which they are provided.

Here is the astonishing contrast: It requires the constant labor of at least four hundred men to cultivate, irrigate, prune, fertilise and otherwise care for the 4000 acres of citrus fruits—and this is what makes Southern California unique in the records of the world upon intensive cultivation. In these figures upon the citrus fruit section of this contrast no account is taken of the large number of hands required to gather and prepare for market the 600 or 800 carloads of fruit grown upon the irrigated section. The exact figures cannot be obtained, but enough are given to show to what extremes we may find lands differing only in the one element—water. It requires little imagination to suggest the teeming life of the orchard district, and the open, broad, lifeless vista of the farm lands save in the times when the great traction engine is engaged in seeding or harvesting the grain fields.

Coming of the King.

I drove over the semi-artesian belt near Glendale a few days ago, and was informed that the near future may see the really frostless foothill belt of that section supplied with water pumped from the water-bearing area below. The discovery of oil in this section has made these developments possible. Soil, salubrity, situation—everything but water. Yet so favorable are the natural conditions that the uplands of Glendale have the assurance that their warm alluvium may soon be supplied with water, when there will be an awakening equal to that of Glendora. It is said that there is not a scrap of land at Glendora—town lot, boom railroad reservation or strip of wash land—that has not had its title investigated within the last sixty days. The State has been given notice of application to redeem lots bought in ten years ago for taxes. Oil and water will not run together, but oil has made the water run to Glendora, and hence the transformation.

Indio is a living example of the vivifying influence of water, and the plains of the New River country an emerald object lesson of what follows the irrigating conduit. All over the country this summer the slumbering auxiliaries of the gravity flow have mutely pointed to the return of the wet seasons, and stood as pledges of the richness these engines stood ready to raise should drought appear. Their treasuries are newly-discovered reservoirs that for three years have not only sustained the life of the orchards, but furnished water for the production of the largest fruit crops ever produced. "Water is king" is trite, but it has a wholesome sound to Southern California, for the king now reigns whether it rains or not.

To Be the Potato Man.

The song about the ice man was written too soon. It should have had for its subject the potato man. I saw an orange grower at Azusa last Saturday night pay 50 cents for a twenty-pound bag of potatoes and they weighed bag in besides. Last fall I saw him gathering October oranges at Glendora for which he received cash at the rate of $1 per twenty-pound bag, in carload lots. He and his confederates sold seven cars of oranges at that rate. He was like the Hebrew who said: "I buys for vun tollar und sells for two, and I yoost make vun per cend."

But the potato question is a serious matter to the buyer and should not be treated as a joke. The favorable conditions of weather this fall are maturing hundreds of acres in Southern California. I have not seen a poor field anywhere. Unfortunately the area in which potatoes are uniformly successful is limited, and the growers could not foresee the extraordinary demand that has accrued from the general drought in the East. All soils of ordinary fertility contain sufficient available food for successful potato growing, but fall rains cannot be depended upon, and the crop very often does not pay expenses. I would suggest that since the discovery of so many new water-bearing lands that potato culture could be made profitable under average circumstances, and by watching the eastern conditions more closely made lucrative in such seasons as the last. The plant is not liable to so many diseases as it is in trans-montane regions, and I believe is entirely exempt from the ravages of the Colorado beetle which is still doing great damage upon the Atlantic Coast. The revenue to the potato farmers of Southern California this fall will recoup them for previous failures and give them the last laugh at their customers, the orange men.

Pruning the Lemon.

What is now known as the Baronio method of pruning lemon trees is finding favor everywhere. It does not have a tendency to stunt or dwarf the plant as some suppose. The only way to do that without injuring the health of the tree would be to limit its feeding area by continuous root trimming. This is not done. There is one feature of lemon pruning that has not been mentioned. The citrus fruit growers are not taking into consideration the difficulties of fumigating big trees. There are tens of thousands of orange trees in this county beyond the fumigating stage now, but they are not of the navel variety. Only in extreme cases have navel trees grown to large size. The oldest trees of this kind I have seen in Los Angeles county are not larger than surrounding navel trees planted ten years ago. But the orange has not been successfully pruned on the Baronio system. With lemons that plan is proving of great economy in fumigation, for it gives the lemon greater bearing powers and yet curtails its foliage area to such an extent that there is no fear of its getting beyond the covering of ordinary tents. For that alone the new method is worth adoption.

Thanksgiving Farmers.

The day just closed brought rich cause for giving thanks for the propitious season now advancing. This improved era began one year ago. The three years preceding had brought little comfort to the average farmer in the discharge of his daily work, but much anxiety as to the future. Four dry years in succession would have ruined any other country. There is nothing that disconcerts the soil tiller more than the uncertainty of adequate rainfall. In unirrigated countries lack of rain means ruin to all kinds of crops. Here it meant merely an additional outlay for wells and machinery.

This season the sower may go forth to sow with unusual confidence of a harvest and the fruit grower plant with the assurance that he shall have moisture to mature his crops. These prospects, with the delights of living in an ideal climate, enjoying continual vistas of winter greens and the encouragement of prosperous times give the day we have just kept more than perfunctory interest as a day of thanksgiving. It does not require the gifts of a prophet to see successful crops growing all over Southern California this winter. The orange crop is already in evidence, and the seed is germinating all over the area of cereal crops. All summer long have the legumes grown and fallow timber sprung up to vivify the soil. This insures large plantings of grain and fine orchard conditions. Withal the farmer has due cause to rejoice and give thanks for the good things of the past season and the prospects of the future.

FRUIT INTERESTS.

Orange Outlook.

W. S. J. Overstreet, who represents the New York commission house of Smith & Holden, has favored the Valley Gazette, with his views of the orange market. We have no hesitation in quoting Mr. Overstreet, because he is perfectly reliable and is incapable of consciously misleading any one. He has been traveling through the orange districts and is well informed as to the prospects.

This year's crop will not be larger than last year's, he thinks, but prices will not be so high, for the reason that the buyers lost money on last year's crop. Not one in ten came out ahead, and few came out even. Prices last year averaged from $1.50 to $1.65 on the tree. This year prices will average from $1 to $1.15 on the tree. In the lower counties, where large sales are made in bulk, prices run from 75 cents to $1. At least two-thirds of the present crop have already been sold at these prices. The crop this year is about the same as last year's in appearance, there being as many russets as last year, but the keeping quality of the fruit this year is superior. This is the effect of the dry fall weather. Last year it was a wet fall, the fruit was sappy and spongy and a large percentage was spoiled after shipment.

The grape-fruit market crop will not exceed last year's, but prices will be better, the market being very strong. Last year prices averaged from $4 to $7.

Tangerines are scarce and will bring good prices, if shipped early. By January tangerines begin to dry up and the price drops.

The future of the orange business is uncertain. If Florida had the push and enterprise of California she would soon drive California out of the field, barring freezes. California is now just where Florida was before the big freeze, so far as the size of the crop is concerned, but California is years ahead of Florida in the matter of handling and marketing the crop. Before the big freeze California oranges the new crop have already been shipped to the East from California this season.

There is no question about the superiority in flavor of the Florida over the California orange, but the latter keeps much better than the Florida. Our growers must produce a better shipping orange in order to compete with California, and they must pack their fruit better.—[Kissimmee Gazette.

About Olives.

A large percentage of the olives coming to this country, the dealers say, suffer with human malady of seasickness on their ocean voyage. As in the human being, the seasickness of the olive is the result of the vessel's rolling and pitching, which in some way affects the strength of the brine in which they are packed, and in consequence the olive turns dark and sick, and must be cured quickly or it will succumb to the attack.

A large importing house in New York City has two expert chemists or "doctors" who examine all olives at the steamer dock upon their arrival. The seasick olives are at once taken from the brine, carefully washed and deposited in strong clean brine, which, in most cases, has the salutary effect desired. Some olives revive and are often improved in quality. The importation of olives reached 1,300,000 gallons here last year.

The finest olives grown come to the United States. In France they eat the crescent olive, which is home grown. About sixteen thousand gallons of these come to this country, but they are considered inferior to the Spanish. In England the edible olive is small, cheap and oily. Most of the fine Spanish queen olives, which grow within a fifty-mile radius of Seville, and nowhere else, come to this country and constitute between 60 and 70 per cent. of the entire importation. They are not popular in Spain, as they are deemed too expensive, and the Spanish people prefer to ship them and obtain the money. The constitution of the olive is very delicate. From the time the crop is gathered until it is finally packed in the bottle there is not a moment which is not fraught with the intensest anxiety on the part of all who handle the fruit.

Some three years ago there was a 70 per cent. advance in the price of olives owing to the shortage of the crop. The price, however, has been maintained, and importers believe it will remain high. Olives are usually imported in bulk, as the duty on bottled olives is 40 per cent. ad valorem, while in barrels there is a specific duty of 15 cents a gallon, which is much cheaper.—[New York Commercial Advertiser.

THE FARM.

The Farm Horse.

My mind has changed very materially on this question. I was educated to think that horses had passed their best usefulness at 10 years. I say now that the last half of a horse's life is worth more than the first half. That is, if a horse lives to be 20 years old. His services from 10 to 20 will be of more value to the farmer than from birth to 10. I speak from the standpoint of horses that work hard nearly every day and are driven by hired men. Horses in early life are more nervy and active, but they cannot, if they have not previously been inured, stand as much feed and strain as the more mature animals. Then again, farm work is of such a nature that much time is saved if the horses will stand at the door or anywhere for a moment without hitching. We are keeping these horses as long as they will be useful and then giving them a decent burial. We have one at the present time 22 years old, which will be given his long rest before this is printed. He could not be bought—faithful old fellow—he shall not have abuse. I bought a pair of horses a few days ago; one of them has galls and collar bunches. When looking at the collars it was all explained; dirty collars. A few minutes each day will keep them clean, and then with a hard, smooth collar—the harder the better—few breasts will get sore. The cheap "sweats" which are sold and used so generally in our section are a curse to horses. They get wet from rain or perspiration, and then, like a wet glove, make a sore. I have cured sore neck and breasts with a new collar of the best quality, without ointments. A noble animal is the horse, but some farm horses are shamefully treated, not only from poor driving and sometimes light feed, but from ill-fitting harness. Have the collar to fit close to the neck; if too large, cut it down.—[H. E. Cook, in Rural New Yorker.

Work for Farmers.

The forthcoming annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture promises to be of exceptional interest, as the department, now in its fifth year, under Mr. Wilson is beginning to realize some of the results of the policy instituted at an earlier day by the present Secretary. Mr. Wilson has in every way endeavored to get into close touch with farmers and their needs, and has made the Department of Agriculture an instrument to supply those needs, in so far as they come within the scope authorized by law. The department has been and is today carrying out the broad policy of encouraging and assisting Americans to grow those things which the United States imports from foreign lands, and at the same time to find markets in distant countries where American farmers may sell their surplus products.

In the last four years the Department of Agriculture has substantially expanded. Last year the Secretary conceived a scheme of reorganizing the department into bureaus, and this resulted in the establishment by Congress of four new bureaus under the Department of Agriculture. These are:

First—A bureau of plant industry, which includes work on plant diseases and physiological investigations, work on fruits, nuts and general pomological investigations, practical botanical investigations and experiments, and grass and forage plant investigations.

Second—A bureau of forestry, with work covering the entire field of forest reserves, forest fires, lumbering, tree planting, etc.—a subject which has sprung into great prominence within the last few years.

Third—A bureau of chemistry, covering work relating to the adulteration of foods, drinks and liquors, food preservatives and coloring matters and analysis of imported products.

Fourth—A bureau of soils, covering the work of investigation of soils and tobacco growth in Cuba, Sumatra and other tobacco competing countries, the cause and prevention of the rise of alkali in irrigated soils of the arid region, analysis of soils, fertilizers, etc.

THE DAIRY.

Notes.

The heifer with her first calf should be kept in milk for at least twelve months, and that this may be so, there should be at least fourteen months between the first and the second calf, and it will be better if she is not dry more than a month, and better than that if she does not go dry at all. Such treatment is what makes the continuous milkers, some of which have not been dry for a day for five or six years at a time. It is under such treatment, combined with liberal feed and good care, that cows have lived and proved profitable milk producers until over twenty years old. The heifer that dries off, after giving milk six or seven months from dropping her first calf, will always do so, and there will usually be three or four months when all she contributes toward paying for her food will be in the manure heap. During that time it will not pay to give liberal feed, because she will put on fat, and very possibly die of milk fever when she calves again. If she is scantily fed she may escape this danger, but the changes from the feed she gets when in milk, even though that may be nothing but pasture grass, to that which she gets and does not pay for during the three or four months that she goes dry, will show her past her prime at five years old, and an old cow, worth more for beef than for milk when she is seven years old.

With the habit once formed of giving milk eleven months or more in the year, the cow can be fed liberally every day in the year, excepting about a week before and a week after she drops her calf, and even then if her food is early cut hay, bran and ensilage or roots. The period between the time she drops her first calf at twenty or twenty-four months old until the second comes fourteen months later, will see a marked change in her size and formation, if she is fed as she should be, and she should continue to grow until she is five years old, be in her best form and most productive from twelve to fifteen years old, and not reach the aged class until she has passed twenty years old.

Of course, in saying this we refer to the cows that are naturally milk or butter producers, and not those that are so bred as to put all they eat on their backs. Those are all right for the stock growers of the ranches, and they may be so fed as to become beef at eighteen or twenty months old, but we have little use for them alive on the farms in the Eastern States, where some one is standing with a tin can waiting for every cow to be milked to feed the people in the cities and large towns, and where the farmer has a choice between selling milk or putting it into creamery, cheese factory or condensary.—[American Cultivator.

Value of Ensilage.

The feeding value of good ensilage was never better appreciated than this winter, when corn is soaring so high that few feel that they can afford to feed it to cattle or hogs. Indeed, the ensilage is this year one of the crops that will prove nutritious to the cattle, profitable to the farmer, and satisfactory to all. My own silos have steadily increased in the last five years, so that today I can contemplate with satisfaction the outlook for the winter feeding. There is good clover and good corn ensilage which will keep the animals in thriving condition all through the winter. There are many who still look upon the silo through prejudiced eyes, and believe the ensilage is no more fit to feed animals than so much sour molasses and intoxicating rum. The pity of it all is that their ignorance is merely manifested in their statements. The very fact that they compare their ensilage with either sour molasses or rum condemns them. It shows that they do not understand the art of preserving the food. Ensilage that is soft, sticky and molasses-like is not fit to feed to cattle. It has been ruined in the making. But there is no reason why one should not try again next year and see if better success cannot be attained.

The ensilage that is put away green or in a wet condition will always form too much moisture, and this becomes in time a thick, slimy mass that is nauseating. External moisture in particular put in the silo will cause trouble. Moreover, we cannot put away either corn or clover when it is so green that its natural moisture will form half the bulk of the mass. It is better to let the plants get riper and drier, and then less fermentation will start up and the whole mass will be sweeter and cleaner for feeding. The fact is, about half the ensilage I have seen is spoiled fermented stuff, that must have been unwholesome food. Few, indeed, seem to be able to make good ensilage. The stuff spoils in the packing or curing, and this is held up as a proper food for the animals. I think any farmer who sees well-preserved ensilage of corn or clover will agree with the writer that it is a most wholesome winter feed. There is no subject on the farm which is so little understood as preserving good ensilage, and meanwhile we have farmers feeding spoilt, rotten stuff to rebellious animals, or refusing to attempt to make any at all. If they cannot make good, sweet, wholesome ensilage, it is better that they belong to the latter class.—[Exchange.

LIVE STOCK.

Notes.

It costs more to grow pure-bred stock than scrubs. There is no question about that. The breeding stock has a good price fixed on it if it is worthy of the pedigree that goes with it. That is one item of the expense. Another may be said to be that the pure-bred animal needs better care. Someone has said that they need the pure-bred man to care for them, but almost any man can educate himself to the point of knowing how to care for good stock if he will, as easily as an uneducated man can take as good care of a book he likes, as well as the man who has a library of thousands of volumes.

But with this extra cost there is an extra profit that usually more than repays it. The owner feels a greater responsibility, and is inclined to give better care, even as a man whose purse was filled with gold would be more careful than if its contents were only pennies.

The history of more than one successful farmer might be written up in this way: "I got better stock. I took better care of them. I fed them more liberally. I tried to bring my other farming up to a condition where I would not be ashamed to have it seen by those who came to see my good stock, and I found a profit in every improvement made in the stock, their care or in the farming methods."

One of the greatest drawbacks in growing pure-bred stock by one who has not much experience in it has been said to be the reluctance of such parties to cull out their stock properly, and a willingness to grow and use everything that had a good pedigree, whether it had any individual merit or not. This may be true. We have thought so, yet the experience of horse breeders show many instances of colts that were condemned as not worth raising, and even ordered to be killed, but saved by the intercession of some one, that became record breakers on the track, and as producers in the breeding stable. While we think we know the marks that indicate a good animal in any species with which we are familiar, there is an old proverb which says, "Handsome is what handsome does," and we should be loth to reject, colt, calf, lamb or pig that we knew was of good stock on the side of both parents, unless for absolute deformity, until it had been tested. "Blood will tell," even when the outward indications of it are not to be seen.

THE APIARY.

Bees and Honey.

The Chicago Chronicle very properly says that the ancient hymn which tells about the bee "gathering honey all the day from every opening flower" conveys an impression to the mind of children which is not scientifically correct. There are many flowers from which it would gather no honey, or more correctly speaking, no honey-making nectar, for the bee does not gather honey at all, but the material from which to make honey. But even that is not to be found on all flowers. Few, if any, of the double flowers that have no pollen and make no seed furnish anything the bee can use, and they do not visit them. Many other flowers that are very fragant have no nectar, as the violets, and many others. And scientists generally agree that the bee seldom or never visits more than one variety of flower on the same trip, and also seldom or never deposits the nectar from two different plants in the same comb cell. We think some beekeepers claim that they have known this to be done, but it is not a usual thing. Even the filling of a comb with honey from two different varieties of plants, as clover, basswood, buckwheat, heartsease and golden rod, is very seldom noticed, though it is done when they have not time nor space to build new comb, and we think not under other conditions. Even then unfilled cells will often remain between the two kinds of honey. The use of foundation or empty comb may tend to lead them to put two kinds of honey in one section or frame, when they would not do it if they were making their own wax, but we think it is not of frequent occurrence.

While we advise leaving from thirty-five to forty pounds of honey as stores for a strong colony of bees for winter, it may be well to remember that that amount or a larger may not keep a weak colony. Bees preserve their warmth by sleeping so many in a bed in winter, and it is doubtful if chaff cushions or moving to the cellar serves the same purpose. If they get so chilled that they cannot move from the empty comb to a full one, they must die of starvation. The only way of preventing this is to add the weak colonies to others that are stronger, and then feed them with honey or syrup to insure abundant stores. While some would prefer dark, cheap honey, even if uncapped, we are not sure that it is as good as a syrup made from good granulated sugar, dissolved in an equal weight of water. And we would never ask if the sugar had been beet sugar or cane sugar, before it was refined, if it was properly refined so that there was no flavor of the blood or bone in the product. We have used sugar in the coffee that had so strong a flavor from the imperfect refining that we scarcely knew if we were drinking coffee or beef tea. Avoid such sugar for bees.—[Cultivator.

Necessary Tools for the Bee keepers.

Every farmer who keeps bees should provide himself with a bee veil that fits over the hat, and is secured under the suspenders inside the coat or vest. The hands and wrists may be protected by wearing mits without fingers. When one does not wear boots the pants may be tucked inside the stocking leg; a nervous man would not care about the bees creeping inside the pants. A good bee smoker is indispensable. Dry, rotten wood crush easily in the hands, plenty of smoke without fire and never goes out.

Rubber cloths are useful. They made of coarse linen or be up water easily, and are to lap two or three inches sides and ends of the top hive. Wet and wring them using; they will lie down close. When I take the hive or super, one of these is laid on quickly. If any are next to it they will from under. It retains the the bees, can be turned needed to take out a disturbing the rest of the changing supers it keeps in their places, out of the operator. If smoked laid on the top of the of the smoke will cause the up on honey, and they missive. The farm have one or more inexpensive and necessary to feed the Judd Farmer.

One of the most delicious drinks at Dean's is the Clam Broth—10c.

Mirrors at Dean's...

Of all the lines of goods we have, there's not one that is more of a fad with us than mirrors. We have searched far and wide for this Christmas stock, and have the pick of two continents for your choosing. Triplicate mirrors, hand mirrors, stand mirrors and pocket mirrors. In every one of these buy means money saved. No place like Dean's for mirrors.

Pocket Mirrors Not even so small a thing as pocket mirrors are missing from Dean's complete showing. We have a large choice of every sort that's good, and not one but is marked a trifle below what you would expect to pay for it.... **10c to $1.00**

Triple Mirrors The triplicate mirrors start at 35c and by easy stages the prices range up to $35. From this you can form some idea of the greatness of the stock we show, and we seldom carry any over from one year to another. Don't miss seeing the triplicates ..... **Up To $25.00**

Stand Mirrors We have the finest line of mirrors ever shown in Los Angeles at any price, and at Dean's low prices the easily the most desirable to and such variety—you will hardly find it hard to choose so many bargains... **25c to $7.**

Ebony Hand Mirrors Black ... seem to ... popularity year, and has a fascinating knowing ... vance what are going to want, so we prepared with an immense line at most every price. Make your choice early..... **Up $5**

Don't forget that we still sell Patent Medicines at these prices:

Pozzoni's Powder	30c	Casteria	
Carter's Pills	18c	Peruna	
Newbro Herpicide	85c	Swamp Root	
Pinaud's Perfumes, per oz.	50c	Pierce's Goods	
Ayers' Hair Vigor	75c	Packer's Tar Soap	
La Blache Face Powder	25c	Lyon's Tooth Powder	
Anita Cream	40c	Alum, per lb	

DEAN'S DRUG STORE

SECOND AND SPRING STS. 'Phone Main 868.

Saturday Special

Salt and Pepper Shakers at 25

Of tinted bisque, in four distinctly new shapes and many different decorations with embossed silver tops. A great "Parmelee" Special Saturday at 25c

Cut Glass Tumblers,

Set of 6 for $1.

A limited number of sets to be sold at this price. Handsome patterns—the finest we've ever been able to offer for a little money. The sale begins Friday morning and continues through Saturday if the quantity on hand holds out. But it's safer to come Friday.

If you're in need of a dinner set we can interest you. Have you seen our 52-piece white Semi-porcelain Cottage Set for $4.75? Same quality, 100 pieces, for $8.50.

Parmelee-Dohrmann Co

232-234 South Spring.